

THE
DIVINE VISIONS
OF
JOHN ENGELBRECHT,
A LUTHERAN PROTESTANT,
WHOM GOD SENT FROM THE DEAD TO BE A
PREACHER OF REPENTANCE AND FAITH,
TO THE CHRISTIAN WORLD.

VOLUME II.

CONTAINING,
The VISION and REVELATION
OF
The THREE STATES;
ECCLESIASTICAL, POLITICAL,
AND
OECONOMICAL.

Now first done out of the *German* into *English*,

By Francis Okely,

Formerly of ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE.

"In the last Days—your Young Men shall see Visions, &c."
Joel ii. 28. Acts ii. 17.

NORTHAMPTON:

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M,DCC,LXXX.

*"I have spoken by the Prophets, and I have multiplied
Visions, and used Similitudes, by the Ministry of the
Prophets." Hosea.xii. 10.*

*Amaziah said unto Amos, O thou Seer, go, flee thee
away into the Land of Judah, and there eat Bread, and
prophecy there: But prophecy not again any more at Bethel;
for it is the King's Chapel, and it is the King's Court.
Then answered Amos and said unto Amaziah, I was no
Prophet, neither was I a Prophet's Son; but I was an
Herdman and a Gatherer of Sycomore-Fruit. And the
LORD took me, as I followed the Flock, and the LORD
said unto me, Go, prophecy unto my People ISRAEL."
Amos vii. 12—15*



To the R E A D E R.

BY Way of *Introduction*, and of *Preparation*, for Perusal of the following most important *VISION* of the *THREE STATES*; or by Way of *Recollection* and *Improvement* upon it afterwards;—the *Translator* humbly and earnestly recommends to every serious and well-meaning Reader, carefully to look out; and then deeply to ponder the *spiritual*, as well as the *literal*, Sense of all the *Scripture-References* here laid before him, by the following Table.

Tho' numerous; yet are they, by far, not *all* the Texts and Passages, which might have been alledged upon this Subject, out of *both* Testaments; and especially from the *New*. But from *these* it cannot but be fully evident, that “the Spirit of this Prophet, or extraordinary Man, is *sub-
“ ject to the Prophets.*” (1 Cor. xiv. 32.) Seeing that the entire *Vision* itself, as well as the posterior *Angelical Exposition* of it, is (as *John Engelbrecht* himself intimates, Page 32, &c. &c.) according to GOD’S Word.

The Reader’s own Wisdom and Discernment must, amidst such an unavoidable *Promiscuousness*, assist him to distinguish, and properly to apply, the Contents; which consist of a wonderful *Miscellany* of *Criminations*, *Reprehensions*, *Denunciations*, *Doctrines*, *Promises*, and *Encouragements*, on the surest and best Foundation, to believe, hope, and pray for a *thorough REFORMATION* of all the *THREE STATES*; and so for *better Times*, in the *Jewish Church* formerly; And, because they indisputably bear such a *Typical Analogy* and *Relation* to like Circumstances, both bad and good, in the *Christian Church* of the last Days; there can be therefore no Shadow of a Doubt left, but that they were, through his own Inspiration, designed by GOD, equally to *warn* all, under *both* Dispensations, to true Repentance for Kindred-Crimes and Vices, Corruption and Degeneracy; to *awaken* the true Spirit of Prayer, in Order to sue for, and to obtain, Pardon of all Sins and Transgressions; and then to *inspire* all with the well-grounded Faith and Hope of once seeing, after similar Distress and Calamity, similar Joy and Gladness.

This may the GOD of all *Grace* grant in our Days; yea, may HE grant it quickly!

26 MY 59

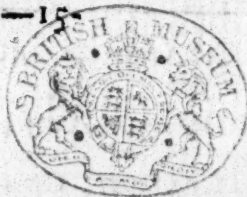
F. O.

NORTHAMPTON, October 26, 1780.

A TABLE

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bearing a *Typical* Resemblance to the Contents,
and main Drift, of the following
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JOHN ENGELBRECHT

OF

BRUNSWIC'S

Divine VISION and REVELATION

OF

The THREE STATES,

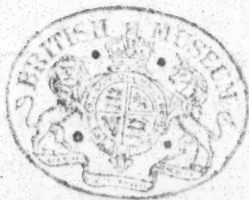
The ECCLESIASTICAL, the POLITICAL,
And the OECONOMICAL STATE:

As it was penned down by himself, the SECOND Time,
at EMBDEN, in the Year 1640.

NOW FIRST DONE INTO ENGLISH
From *that* GERMAN Version; which, for Want of
a Copy in the *Original* HIGH-DUTCH, was
forced to be done back again out of
the Low-DUTCH *Translation*.

*"Awake thou that sleepest, and arise from the
Dead, and CHRIST shall give thee Light."*
Eph. v. 14.

"Awake to Righteousness, and sin not."
1 Cor. xv. 34.



A
Divine VISION and REVELATION
OF
The THREE STATES,
The ECCLESIASTICAL, the POLITICAL, and
the OECONOMICAL STATE:

Which I, JOHN ENGELBRECHT, being at that Time broad-awake,
clearly and distinctly saw with the Eyes of my Body.

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IHAD a Sight of the THREE STATES, as they were seated in Chairs; all three of them fast asleep: I also saw how an Angel came, and smote the ECCLESIASTICAL State to the Ground; infomuch that *this* State, by falling down out of it's Chair, made such a Noise and Clatter, that the other *two* were waked out of their Sleep by it.—What I also further saw in this Vision, as I have now put it down again in Writing for the *second* Time:—And in what Manner also an Angel came thereupon, and expounded every Thing to me that I had seen:—How withal the HOLY GHOST so ordered the Matter, that I was thereupon enjoined to pen down and expound it in Writing; and to insert and intermix a great Deal of Good in it, by Way of incidental Observations and Reflections.

This will every one be able to perceive and acknowledge, who shall only peruse all this in Love and in the Fear of the Lord, not despising and disdainning the Work of the *Holy Ghost*. And whoever lays the Work of the *Holy Ghost* to Heart, the *Holy Ghost* will, by Means thereof, work much Good in his Heart: Whereas, he who reviles and speaks Evil of, and despises it, having no Understanding thereof, will not be suffered by God to go off with Impunity; unless he desists from his Reviling and Evil-speaking, and truly repents.

Now such as are genuine Christians do not revile and speak Evil of the Things they understand not; but leave them in Possession of their own Merits, or intrinsic Worth, and recommend them to God; keeping close, in the mean Time, to *Christ*, and his holy Word. They are Followers of *Christ* in his holy Doctrine and Life, and call to Mind that God is wonderful in his Works and Dispensations towards Men, ruling very wonderfully against and beyond all the *Reason of Man*. Such as *these* are the Reflections of pious believing Christians, "God is almighty; nothing is with him impossible, he doing whatsoever pleaseth him in Heaven and Earth; wherein no Man hath any Right to controul him:" Nay, Wo unto him, who is for controuling God in his own divine Work!

Let every one take Care not to judge, censure, and condemn that which he understandeth not; for he will, by Way of Retaliation, be in his Turn also judged, censured, and condemned. This Caution I was obliged to premise, under the *Title* of this Vision, from an Impulse of the *Holy Ghost*: That every one might be warned against incurring Damage to himself by condemning that, which he doth not understand.

I, JOHN ENGELERFCHT, saw this *Vision* in the Year 1625, in the Minister's House at *Winsen*, in the Dutchy of *Lunenbourg*, about six Miles from his Highness the Duke's Palace at *Zell*. O that God may help us soon into that heavenly, princely Palace, in which we are to live eternally, into that heavenly Mansion and princely Residence, where are Joy and Felicity everlasting!—*Amen*.

A CHRISTIAN

A

CHRISTIAN PRAYER,

(INVOCATION, or ADDRESS to GOD.)

O Thou great and wonderful God ! who, being an omnipotent, sovereign, an almighty, divine *Essence*, both canst and wilt do every Thing thou thyself choolest to do, wherein no Man hath any Right to prescribe to, or controul Thee ; and who hast now also revealed unto me very wonderful Things, and dost teach and lead me also in a wonderful Manner !—Without Thee I can do nothing that is good. And whereas I have taken in Hand, at the Instance of good Christian People, to give some Account of those wonderful Things and Visions thou hast revealed and caused me to see, whereby thou hast taught me a great Deal of Good out of thy Word ; it being the School in which thou teachest me thy Word ; and a School indeed it is, wonderful in the Eyes of Men, in the which thou dost however teach me thy Word :—therefore do I pray thee, in the Name of *Jesus*, in true Faith, that thou wouldst be pleased to suggest through thy *Holy Spirit* to my Heart and Mind, *that* which I am now to write down concerning it, as well as the *Manner* wherein I am to write down *that Matter*, which I am now thinking to write down. I beseech thee also to impel me further by thy *Holy Spirit* to this End, and to all that which I am now to write : Give me also by thy *Holy Spirit* more and more Wisdom and Understanding, Power and Strength, that I may know aright *that* which I am to write ; and that I may also be enabled to write down by thy divine Power every Thing which I thus know, in Order to the Writing it down. For thou knowest,

A. 3

that

that I neither have the Ability; or Knowledge for Writing by any human Wisdom, Power, and Strength of my own; being in all Respects as poor and pitiable a Person as any one can be in the World. Therefore am I under a Necessity of turning and betaking myself to thee in a *believing Prayer*, that thou wouldst be pleased to vouchsafe me Wisdom, Understanding, Power, and Strength to this End, when I take upon me to do any Thing that is good: For without thee I am unable to do any Thing that is good.

But, forasmuch as thou dost now teach me in such a wonderful School, and I do now express this to one and another by the Impulse of the *Holy Spirit*, and do “*reveal the Works of God*,” according to the holy Angel *Raphael*’s Exhortation, Tobit xii. 7; so doth this my Procedure now exceedingly chagrin and exasperate the Devil; insomuch that he instigates, one here and another there, both learned and unlearned, to make them of Course his Tools in reproaching and reviling thy divine Work, and in giving out thy divine Work for an human Device; as if *I* had devised this, and all other such Things as I represent, for my Belly’s Sake: Or they decry it under the Notion of it’s being Melancholy, Conceit, Dreamings, Chimeras, and lying Fictions, or of other such like calumnious and reproachful Names, with which they inveigh against thy divine Work: Nay, there are some who are bold and hardy enough to give it out for a *Work of the Devil*; standing to it, that the Devil has revealed this and that to me, which I have *seen* and *heard* during these *Visions*: That it is *He*, who has presented me with these *Visions*, and that it is *he* who has taught me out of *GOD*’s Word *that*, which I claim as my Call and Commission from the Word of *GOD*: That it is *he*, who, having turned him-
self

self into an Angel of Light in me, hath revealed all *that*, unto me, which I set forth.

Now that thy divine Work is so blasphemed, and thy *good* divine Work is called *evil*, and attributed to the Devil, Light being in this Respect called Darknes; this grieves and afflicts me in my Heart to a very high Degree, and beyond all Measure: Because I am obliged to hear thy divine Work blasphemed to such a Degree by those that would fain after all be thought *Christians*. Therefore do I now beseech Thee, in true Faith, in the Name of *Jesus*, graciously to comfort me on this Behalf, by thy *Holy Spirit*, in my Heart; so that I may suffer patiently all the Pain and Anguish, which I feel in my Heart on this Account, whereby my Spirit is mightily quenched and suppressed in me, so that I am unable in my Discourses to utter thy divine Work, as otherwise I can easily do, when the *Spirit* is not thus quenched and suppressed in me with Blasphemies and Reproaches. For then can I speak much better concerning thy divine Works; and then also doth every Thing I am to speak of flow into and upon me much better, when People hear the Good from me with Satisfaction and Delight, and I do not hear thy divine Work evil-spoken of. For thereby is my Spirit often so quenched and suppressed in me, that frequently I am unable to speak aright concerning thy divine Work, oftentimes rambling in my Discourse, and even letting *that* drop out of my Mind which I would fain speak of; in such a Manner, that I cannot always speak the Good as I fain would do, and as I *often* actually can do with Ease, but cannot do it *always*. All which originates from my being forced to hear thy divine Work so blasphemed, that my Spirit, from which I speak and write, is hereby so quenched and suppressed in me.

For

For thou knowest, that every Thing of which I speak and write, I speak and write from the *Holy Spirit*, but not out of my own Head; in the same Way, wherein many of the Learned preach God's Word out of their own Heads, just as they have learnt it therein in an *artificial* Way, in the very same Manner as any *Mechanic* learns his own Handicraft-Trade; being able to do a great Deal of Good out of his own Head, having learnt the Knack of it by Practice. Thus also are many of the Learned able to preach according to Art out of their own Heads; not preaching from the *Holy Ghost*, but from their *own Heads*: Amidst all which *their Hearts* remain unchanged; nay, they remain nevertheless, after all this, wicked, false, proud, haughty, ambitious, and avaricious.

Nay, they do preach thy Word for this End, that HONOUR and MONEY may accrue to them from so doing; and therefore have they learnt thy Word in their own human Reason; so that they have it without-Book just as a Child says the *Lord's Prayer* by Rote, without understanding one Word of it. Thus neither do the Learned understand thy holy Word aright; namely, such as preach merely from their own Heads, and not from the *Holy Ghost*; neither do they live in Humility, so that the *Holy Ghost* might be able to illuminate them in their Hearts. Thus do they not preach by the *Holy Spirit*, or by the inward Illumination of the *Holy Ghost*, and by the divine Power; but they preach by their own human Power, going no deeper than to the *Letter only*; and being thus Preachers of the Letter, and not of the Spirit; because they stick in the mere *Letter only*, and do not come to the *Spirit*, out of which the Holy Scripture first flowed. Of Course they are blind in spiritual Matters, and are blind Teachers and Guides; insomuch, that those who suffer themselves

selves to be guided and led by *them*, are by *them* misguided and misled ; and because *they* also are still blind, they *fall with them into the Ditch*, as *Christ* expresses it, (Luke vi. 39.) “ Can the Blind lead “ the Blind? Will they not both fall into the “ Ditch?”

But all the Learned, who traverse me in this divine Work, testify by their very Conduct, that they have no spiritual Sight as yet, and that they are yet blind in spiritual Things : For they speak of my divine Call and Commission as a blind Man does of Colours ; of Course speaking Evil also of *thy* divine Work, because they are not able to look upon it with any Eyes of the Spirit. Or, although they might not speak Evil of it *publicly*, yet do they speak Evil of it in their *own Hearts* : Neither are they disposed to lend an helping Hand towards the Furtherance of thy divine Work, even though they do not *openly* hinder it. They leave it to go as it can, and thus do not *openly* contradict it ; but neither will they *openly* lend a Hand towards it's Furtherance, but keep Silence concerning it. By which Procedure of theirs they betray and evince, that thy divine Work is not pleasing to them in their Hearts ; moreover also, that they do not love it in their Hearts, but have an hearty Antipathy to it : By which Conduct of theirs they do also sufficiently betray, that they are yet spiritually blind, and have as yet no spiritual Sight. Of Consequence are they also incapable of forming any *just* and true Judgment concerning *my* divine Call and Commission : For had they a spiritual Sight, they would be able to form a just and true Judgment concerning it, and would be able to demonstrate to me, that it *is* devilish and wicked, if it *actually be so* : They would also publicly oppose me in this devilish Work ; contradicting it publicly, and stifling this diabolical Work.

Work in me, that I might not seduce anybody with it. But if the Call and Commission I lay Claim to be a divine Work, as it most assuredly is, and which I am able to evince irrefragably;—then would they also, out of Love to GOD and their Neighbour, lend an helping Hand towards the Furtherance of this divine Work, if they were endowed with a spiritual Sight, and were enlightened by the *Holy Ghost* in their Hearts, and were ruled and moved by him; thus from the Bottom of their Hearts seeking also the Glory of GOD, and the Salvation of Mankind. Of Consequence then, since they do not lend an helping Hand *publicly* towards the Furtherance of this divine Work, to the utmost of their Power, they now demonstrate in Fact, that they do not, from the Bottom of their Hearts, seek the Glory of GOD, and the Salvation of Mankind; but that they seek their own *human* Glory, and the *Money* and *Substance* of Men, for their *Belly's* Sake; and of Course that whatsoever they do, they do it all for the Sake of their own *human* Glory, and for the Gratification of their own *Belly*, (Philip. iii. 18, 19. Acts. xx. 33--35.)

Which they do also yet further betray and evince from the following Circumstance: For when I tell them, that they are *ambitious* and *avaricious*, then are they angry and incensed against me for so doing; and because, by the Impulse of the *Holy Spirit*, I tax them with it; and because the *Holy Spirit* doth through *me* reprove them for their Sins:—This they neither can nor will brook with any Degree of Patience; but are angry at, and embittered against me on that Account. By which Procedure they do also now irrefragably evince themselves to be actuated and led by a bitter and bad Spirit, and not by the *Holy Spirit* of Love, which *endureth all Things*. *For Love endureth all Things*, (1 Cor. xiii. 7.) and has

has Patience with all Things, which concern merely the Man's own Person, and not the Glory of God, and the Salvation of Mankind: Whereas, when the Glory of God, and also God's Work, whereby Men are furthered in their Salvation, are evil-spoken of; then is Love zealous on that Head, and endureth it *not*. Which in this Case then is not *human Zeal*, but it is a *divine Zeal*, a Zeal of the *Holy Ghost*, who instigates a believing Christian to be zealous for the Glory of God, and for the Salvation of Mankind; but not for *his own* Glory and Advantage. And thus now do I know assuredly, that I am not zealous, or angry, on Account of my own Glory or Advantage, whenever I am zealous and angry, so as neither to be able or willing to endure any Contempt; but, inasmuch as I am zealous and angry, I am zealous and angry on Account of the Glory of God, and my Neighbour's Good, by Instigation of the *Holy Ghost*; setting myself strongly in Opposition to *that* which is evil, to Lies and Blasphemies; about which I *am* indeed zealous and angry, not being in this Case able to brook such Lies and Blasphemies as are in Opposition to God.

But now, as to the Call and Commission I lay Claim to, it must needs be either from God, or from the *Devil*, either *good* or *evil*. This is without all Contradiction, because it is a supernatural and no human Work. Moreover also it is an absolute Impossibility, that *I* should be capable of devising and feigning such a Work as I give out to be of God; neither is *any other* Man in the World capable of devising and feigning such a Work by his own human Sagacity: Let him be as learned as ever he may, it is however impossible for him to be able to set forth such an heavenly and divine Work, as I set forth. Now then, if no Man of Learning be capable of doing this, much less am *I*, as an illiterate Man,

Man, capable of doing it; having never acquired any Learning, or studied in the Bible; and having indeed had no Capacity for taking my Learning from my Youth up, as other Children do; and so of Course have been incapable of learning and retaining any Thing from the Word of GOD, like as other Folks do, though I listened to it with ever so much Attention: Which yet may easily be done by others, though they may not be able to read for themselves. Such a pitiable poor Creature have I been from my very Youth up. Of Consequence it would have been an absolute Impossibility for me to lay Claim to such a Call and Commission as I lay claim to, by Virtue of any human Abilities of my own. Now then it follows irrefragably, that the Call and Commission, to which I lay Claim, must needs be either from the *Devil* or from GOD, either a good or a bad one: There is no *Medium* in this Case. Now, if the Call and Commission I lay Claim to be of the *Devil*, then should the Learned, together with such as are in Authority in the World, suppress it; whereas if it be from GOD, they should lend an helping Hand towards the Furtherance of it. And by their *not* acting thus in Respect of me, they betray and evince plainly, and in Fact, as I said before, that they are yet spiritually blind, and still devoid of a spiritual Sight, not being in a Capacity of seeing, or of discerning what is Good and what is Evil.

Seeing now that many wicked People speak so evilly and contumeliously of thy divine Work, it has such an Effect upon me, that it damps and suppresses the Spirit in me; insomuch, that on this Account I am incapable of propagating thy divine Work in the Manner I would fain do it: Nay, it causes me sometimes to be so puzzled in my Discourses, as not always to speak right, but to speak one Thing for another; or even to be at such a full

Stand

Stand in my Discourses, as not always to be able to continue them, being forced to reflect with myself for a While what I ought to speak next. Which of Course then furnishes the Ungodly with an Occasion of Contempt; so that the Ungodly say, If his Work, and the Call and Commission he lays Claim to, were of God, and he was governed and moved by the *Holy Ghost*, as he says, then doubtless would the *Holy Ghost* not leave him to be at such a Puzzle and Stand in his Discourse; but on the contrary, he would put every Word into his Mouth which he is to speak, and would not leave him to be confounded and abashed before Men. But now whenever it thus happens, and thou dost permit it so to be, I do beseech thee, in the Name of *Jesus*, in true Faith, to vouchsafe me however the Grace at the same Time, patiently to bear the Shame and Mockery thereof; neither to pay any Regard at all to it, though all Men in the World were to make a Laughing-Stock of me, and thou wert to leave me to be exposed and confounded before all the World: That in such a Situation as this, I might be perfectly content, and not care at all about it: Yea, and that although all Men in the World were to become my Enemies, so that even my very best Friends were to forsake me, and I were to be hunted out and driven away, in such a Manner that nobody would choose to entertain and have me with them; and I were under a Necessity of making my Abode with the wild Beasts in the Wilderness, and of enduring in that Plight all Sorts of Inconveniencies, Cold, Hunger, Anxiety, and Thirst;—that I might notwithstanding *patiently suffer* all this: And that, in such a Situation, I might solace and content myself with *thee alone*; rejoicing also in this, that *thou* art however my Friend, and that I live by thy Grace; that thou art my God and Father, who neither canst or wilt abandon and forsake me. That

I may always firmly believe *this*, and thus cherish and entertain an hearty, child-like, good Confidence towards, and an Affiance in, thee; for this End, O give me ever and always thy Grace and Blessing: And give me always to grow up and increase in thy divine Wisdom, so that continually, in the Midst of all my Cross, I may know how to accommodate and comport myself properly: And that too in thy divine Power and Strength, so as to be able patiently to endure all Cross; and especially, when I am despised, flouted, and mocked; which, doubtless, might have a natural Effect grievously to nettle, pinch, and afflict my haughty, earthly Flesh, that does not like to be despised and set at nought.

Thus, then, vouchsafe thou me continually thy Grace, to the End that I may overcome my own haughty Flesh through the Spirit; that I may not live after the Flesh, but always after the Spirit; and that I may continually make War with, and fight against, my evil Flesh, so as, through the Power of the Holy Spirit, to overcome the same; that I may always crucify my evil Flesh together with it's evil Lusts and Affections, that it may ever and always be in Subjection to the Spirit: That the evil Flesh may however not rule and reign, but the Spirit: That I may always live in the Spirit, in Faith, in Love, in Meekness, Humility, Patience, Friendliness, and in all *Christian* Virtues; and not in the Flesh, in the Lust of the Eye, in the Lust of the Flesh, and in the Pride of Life; in the Love of Money, in the Love of the World, in Unbelief, Pride, Hatred, Envy, Wrath, and other such-like Evils, be their Names whatever else they may be. From all *this*, I beseech thee, ever and always to preserve me, O my dear *heavenly Father*; from my own evil, diabolical, carnal Nature, that I may however not *live* in it; but that I may always live
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in the Spirit, and be incessantly at War with the evil, haughty, sinful Flesh; till, at length, *I* do also obtain a perfect Victory over it: In Order that my Body and Flesh may, in Eternity, when Time shall be no more, be glorified, and become heavenly and spiritual; when, of Course, all the Pravity or Evil shall be fully and perfectly extracted and removed from my Flesh: The Beginning whereof must be made here, in such a Manner that it be *initially* purified from the evil, sinful Nature here in Time; in which Case it will become, and remain *fully* and *perfectly* purified in the other Life, to all Eternity: And thus must it be *termed*, purified; and be also *actually* purified initially in this Time, and afterwards consummately, to all Eternity. Now then to the End my Body may be *thus* purified from the entire evil, sinful, earthly Nature in Eternity, vouchsafe me always the Grace, that, in the true and genuine Faith of *Christ*, I may purify my Body continually in this Time more and more from the evil, sinful Nature and Spirit; and that I may ever be sanctified and purified more and more by Faith, so as in this Time ever and always to serve thee in such Holiness and Righteousness, as is acceptable unto thee.

Neither do I thus pray in true Faith for my *ownself only*; but I pray also for *all such*, who are in a Desire after the same Thing that I am in a Desire after; that *they* may also serve thee in such Holiness and Righteousness as is acceptable unto thee. To this End vouchsafe unto *them* likewise, and always, thy Grace and Blessing, for thy holy Honour, Glory, Love, and Mercy's Sake!—*Amen.*

A DIVINE.

A
DIVINE REVELATION
CONCERNING
The THREE STATES.

§ I.

Some Preliminary INFORMATION.

Beloved Friends in Christ,

I. **S**INCE you have desired me to describe the VISION of the THREE STATES also; and withal to communicate to you at this Time, in Writing, that which you have heard me relate to you by Word of Mouth; I do therefore now feel, at your Instance and Desire, an Impulse in my Heart from the *Holy Ghost* to comply with your Request, by giving a Narrative of it, in such a Manner as the *Holy Ghost* shall at this Time be pleased to over-rule, and cause the Account of it to turn out: Though I have several Years ago penned it down already; which Copy is now at *Brunswic* in my own House. Thus then will I now write it down again afresh, seeing it is the Will of God I should do so: For there can, in this Respect also, be no *Excess* in that which is good. For every Thing, which the *Holy Ghost* doth superintend and direct, is good; without whose Superintendency and Direction I am unable to do any Thing that is good.

II. Now then, I have often said also, in my Writings, that nobody ought to be offended at my Inability to set out the Call and Commission I lay Claim to, with all the Advantages of human Art; seeing that the *Holy Ghost* is not the Modeller of it in such a Way as this. Rather must I set out and deliver every Thing that is revealed to me, in the Way of my own *Simplicity*, in a *Child-like* Manner. Therefore do I also repeat the same Remark

again

again at this Juncture: Be ye not offended, reflecting, that thus “ doth it please God by the Foolishness of “ Preaching, to save them who believe in it:” (1 Cor. i. 21.) And that God’s Works, though foolish to *human Reason*, are yet Salvation to such as are not offended, or do not stumble at them; not considering or measuring the Works of God by the Standard and Line of *Reason*; but in the Fear of God, by the Word of God; calling to Mind, and deeply pondering the Declarations made therein to this Purport: “ God is an almighty, *sovereign* “ God, who can and may do whatsoever he himself “ pleaseth, and wherein nobody has any Right to dictate “ to, or controul *him*. For he is indeed a *sovereign*, “ omnipotent, and divine ESSENCE, doing whatsoever “ he himself pleaseth, in Heaven and upon Earth; be- “ ing withal extremely wonderful in his Government and “ Dispensations: On which Account he is also called, “ *Wonderful, Counsellor, Might*; (Isai. ix. 6.) and he is “ *great in Counsel, and mighty in Work*; (Jer. xxxii. 19.) “ and is able to do all Things whatsoever pleaseth him; “ and whatsoever he, in his own secret divine Counsel, “ hath from all Eternity concluded and resolved to do in “ it’s Season, or as soon as the Time for it is come, and “ when it is his Good-Pleasure to do this and the other “ Thing. Which seasonable Juncture is concealed from “ the Reason of all Mankind; for it perceives nothing “ of that which God hath resolved upon and determined “ to do, in his own secret Counsel, until he executeth “ it.”

III. Yea, and though all *that*, which I give out to have been revealed to me by God, and the great Wonders, which he hath wrought upon me, which also many sensible Persons at *Brunswic* are able to attest, do not stand in so many Terms in the Word of God; yet is nothing of it *contrary* to the Word of God, and to his Omnipotence: For neither doth it stand any-where written, that God *will not* do any Thing like that, which he has revealed to me, and has *actually* performed upon me. Wherefore doth it not clash with God’s holy Word and Omnipotence: For God can and may perform whatsoever he himself pleaseth. Let every one consider this in the Fear of God,

not measuring, or-squaring this divine Work by the scanty Line of *human Reason*. I wish every one would only diligently read the mysterious REVELATION of JOHN; for therein will he meet with still more wonderful, *divine Visions* than any of which I speak, or write. Now whatsoever God hath at any Time done, and hath been able to do *heretofore*, that he can also do *still*, "his Hand being not shortened," (Isai. l. 2. lix. 1.) He is to this very Day as rich as he was then; nay, he is able to perform a great many still more wonderful Things, if he pleases, than he has ever yet performed.

IV. Nevertheless, whoever now either *can*, or *will*, not believe, that God hath given me such *Visions*, of which I speak and write, and which I commit to the Press for public View; he may let it alone. Let every one only receive the *Word of God*, to which all these *Visions* lead; being *that*, which stands plainly and evidently written in the holy Scriptures, and which no *Christian* can contradict. But the *Visions*, which have been represented, or manifested to me, are purely *my own School*, in which God's Word is taught me by the *Holy Ghost*. Now do I not, after all, direct anybody to *these Visions*, and to *my own School*; but I direct every one to that clear and plain Word of God, which is found in the BIBLE, and which I have learnt in this School. For thus it pleaseth God to cause such *Visions* first of all to appear unto me, permitting me to see *this* and *that* in such a Manner; whereupon he doth also order an Angel to appear afterwards to me, who must in Consequence thereof expound and explain to me, according to the Word of God, what this and the other denotes and signifies; thus causing me of Course by *this* and *that* to be reminded of and taught the WORD of GOD; to which I do now direct People, viz. to the clear and plain, divine Word, and not to *my VISIONS*.

V. But now, forasmuch as it so pleaseth God to teach me his holy Word in this Way, therefore must I also let it be *my Good-Pleasure* too in the same Way, and must acquiesce in the Will of God. Now then, if I do thus acquiesce in it with all my Heart, I, whose Lot it is to be so taught,

taught, surely should *others* also acquiesce in it with all *their* Hearts, whose Lot it is *not* to be so taught. For what do *my* VISIONS concern *them*? Certainly then this is a great Piece of Folly for *other* People to put themselves into such a violent Chafe, and Perturbation about it; and to be so angry and exasperated against *me*, for telling to them who have a Mind to hear, that *this* and *that* has thus befallen me. It is a very high Pitch of Malignity in such People, when they are in a violent Chafe, and Perturbation about it, and are so dissatisfied with my speaking and writing concerning *Visions*, and concerning that which I have *heard* and *seen* about them: Whereas all this no Ways concerns *them*; neither do I speak of it to them against their Wills, nor do I come to them; so far from it, that I keep at a sufficient Distance from them, telling them not a single Word about *my* Visions: And yet, are they, for all *that*, so sadly dissatisfied with me, because I speak of them to such Persons, who like to hear me speak of them. Is not this a great Piece of Folly? Nay, it is a Piece of Wickedness and Malignancy, in that they put themselves into such a Chafe and Perturbation at my expressing myself about these Things to other People, who *like* to hear me speak of them. But by such a Conduct they betray both their own great Folly and the Malignancy they foster and cherish within their Hearts. Were I indeed, against their Wills, to come into their Houses to them, and if I wanted to obtrude my Discourses concerning *this* and *that* upon them, against their own Wills; they might then have some Colour and Pretext for the Wrath and Bitterness they express against me, and for their being so sadly dissatisfied with *that* I should speak to them of: But since I do nothing like this, and though I keep myself far enough out of their Way, not speaking a Syllable to them about it; yet are they so displeased with me, and with the Call and Commission I lay Claim to;—this is in them a strong Instance and Proof of their Malignancy.

VI. But, O my good and Christian Friends, to whom my divine Call and Commission is agreeable and acceptable! be not ye offended, or at all disconcerted at this; but rather do ye call to Mind how it went with the Lord

CHRIST

CHRIST himself; how averſe and oppoſite to HIM the *Phariſees* were, on Account of his *divine* Call and Commiſſion; being peremptorily reſolved not to go themſelves to Heaven by CHRIST, and by his Doctrines, (Matt. xxiii. 13. Luke xi. 52) and to hinder, to the very utmoſt of their Power, all other good People, who would fain have gone to Heaven by HIM, that *they* alſo might not be ſaved by HIM. This is ſtill the very ſame Kind of Procedure now-a-days; ſo that the Ungodly, not chooſing to go to Heaven by CHRIST, do, to the very utmoſt of their Power and Influence, hinder other People alſo, who would fain go through HIM. But is it not a dreadful Caſe which we muſt thus hear of them?

VII. For the main Scope and whole Tenor of the Call and Commiſſion I lay Claim to is merely a Direction of Men to *Chriſt*, in Order to their being ſaved and made happy by *him*, without any of the Opinions and Gloſſes of Men. I direct them to *Chriſt* alone, whither *John the Baptiſt* did alſo direct Men; that by *him alone* they may be ſaved and happy, in a Way tranſcending all their own *human* Underſtanding concerning CHRIST; purely and alone by *that Faith in Chriſt* (Gal. v. 6.) *which worketh by Love; and which the Holy Ghoſt worketh in the Heart.* (Eph. i. 19. ii. 8. and Col. ii. 12.) Now then, becauſe I direct Men to *this alone*, the Ungodly are in a great Chaſe and Ferment; *this* they will not endure me to do; but want to have me direct them to their own human *Notions* and *Opinions*, and to their own human *Gloſſes* and *Interpretations likewise*; averring that *THEY* are *alſo* neceſſary to Salvation, and not CHRIST *alone*: And thus do they lead Men aſide and away from that pure and genuine FAITH, which the *Holy Ghoſt* worketh in the Heart, and which worketh by Love; ſoiſting into it's Place, and in Lieu of it, a Faith made up of a Multiplicity of *Articles*; and by *this* are Men to be ſaved.

VIII. Now from this very Procedure, and on this very Account it alſo is, that much Miſchief has ariſen in the World. Each of the ſeveral *Seſts* regards it's *own* Articles of Faith to be *neceſſary* to Salvation: Each of them is alſo reſolved to ſtickle for and to defend it's own many-articled

articled Faith with the Word of God; which of Course involves them in Wrangle, Envy, and Strife: By which they do all of them evince, that the *Devil* surely has a Game of his own to play at the Bottom of all this; and that he has the Sway, and an Ascendency of *his own*, as well in *one Sect* as he has in *another*: For they judge and damn one the other, as taking it for granted, that there is no such Thing as any one's having the right and genuine Faith, but such only as understand the Word of God in the very same Way wherein *they* understand it; and that whoever is not a Member of *their Congregation*, or *Church*, must of Course be damned. Thus doth *one Church* judge and damn the *other*; which is a Work of the Devil, and no Work of God; for the *Holy Ghost* doth never operate in Man so as to cause one Man to consign another over to Damnation. This is a Prerogative which no Man has a Right to claim; for to sit in Judgment upon, to decide, finally, and to damn, is the *incommunicable* Prerogative of God, which no Man ought to usurp, or lay any Claim to.

IX. Each *Sect* wants to have *me* on it's own Side; and I am expected to guarantee for good all that *they* give out for Truth and teach; whereas I do not so much as know *what* they teach and give out for Truth, nor what that Group of *Articles* consists of, which they deem to be necessary unto Salvation. But when I speak of the CHRISTIAN FAITH ALONE, they will not be satisfied with *that*; but they want me further to guarantee some *human* Faith or other, for a right and good one; either *that* of the *Papists*, or of the *Lutherans*, or of the *Calvinists* or the *Reformed*, as they call themselves, or of the *Mennonists*, [or *Baptists*]; or whatsoever other *human* Faith it may be, of which there are a great Number besides: Whereas, when I was in Heaven, not the least Syllable was said, or revealed to me about any such *human Names*, and *human Faith*. Neither has any Angel at any Time told me in this World to direct any Person to any such *human Name*, or *human Faith* whatsoever; but rather do the Angels bid me direct all Men to CHRIST, and to *his* Name. “*For the Name of the Lord is a strong Tower: The Righteous runnerh into it, and is safe.*” (Prov. xviii. 10.) Hither I was to direct all People *alone*, to the genuine *Christian Faith*,

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to CHRIST, and to his holy DOCTRINE and LIFE, unto which all the Holy Scripture points and directs: Thither and thither alone I was also to direct the People; and not to any *Method* whereby each Person may understand the Scripture according to his *own* Head; whereby no Man attaineth Salvation, or Happiness; but alone through *that*, "*Faith which worketh by Love.*" (Gal. v. 6.) For in GOD's Sight, nothing is of any Avail but the Faith in CHRIST, "*which the Holy Ghost worketh in the Heart, and (which itself) worketh by Love,*" (Eph. i. 19. ii. 8. Coloss. ii. 12.)

X. For, in the Sight of GOD, if *neither Circumcision availeth any Thing, nor Uncircumcision*, (Gal. vi. 15.) then of Course also no *Baptism*, or *Lord's Supper*, or any other Thing *External*; but a *new Creature and a Regenerate Christian* alone availeth a Man; one, who thro' the *Holy Ghost* is *really* born again, and believes in CHRIST, and is thus a *New Creature*, (John iii. 5.) Such a Person is acceptable to GOD, such a one has a *Validity* in GOD's Sight, and thus liveth in *Christ* and *Christ* (Gal. ii. 20. Coloss. i. 27.) in him, through the *Holy Ghost*, (Rom. vi. 11. Chapt. viii. 1.) Yea, and although the *Kingdom of GOD* be now in this Time *within* Man, and not *without-side* of him, as *Jesus Christ* says, (Luke xvii. 21.) *The Kingdom of GOD is within you; neither shall Men say, Lo here, or Lo there it is;*—Although the *Kingdom of GOD* doth not consist in *External Ceremonies*, in *Baptism* and the *Supper of the Lord*, (for though *they*, viz. the *Sacraments*, were instituted by *Christ* himself, yet is *Salvation* not to be looked for in *them*) now I say, that though I thus speak and write; yet do I not thereby *reject* *Baptism* and the *Lord's Supper*, neither any other *Christian Ceremonies*. I leave them all in full Possession of their own Worth, neither do I keep any one back from them, they being at full Liberty to use them as they find it good: Yet, after all, must no Man look for his *Salvation* from the Use of *them*; thus setting *them* up for an IDOL, depending upon *them*, and cleaving to *them*, so as to proceed no further. For any Purpose like this, *Christ* has not instituted them; but rather to this Purpose hath *Christ* instituted them, that Men should be thereby

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led on to HIM ; be, by such Occasions, reminded of *him* ; and that thus every one should thereby come, within his own Heart, to *Christ*, depending alone upon *him* in true Faith, and not upon the external Work.

XI. For the Going to Church, the Hearing God's Word, and the Receiving the Sacraments, do none of them all make a genuine Christian : But this makes a genuine Christian, when a Man comes, within his own Heart, into the *Holy Spirit* ; and, from the *Holy Ghost* himself, hears God's Word in the Heart, and doth also learn it from *him* ; when a Man is baptised by the *Holy Ghost*, gives Room and Place to the *Holy Ghost* in his Heart, that there he may be able to work Faith, Love, Meekness, and Humility, together with all other Christian Virtues, in the Heart : And when a Man doth also let *Christ* come in there, and is allowed to keep the *Lord's Supper* with *Christ* himself in true Faith :—Then is a Man quite happy ; and in this also do Salvation and Happiness consist in this Time. This is the Kingdom of God, which thus stands in the *Holy Ghost*, in a *practical* and *living* Faith, and not in *external Ceremonies* ; when we so cleave to them as to proceed no further, making an Idol of them, and placing all our Dependance upon *them* : For by such a Use of them are the Ceremonies more hurtful than beneficial.

XII. But in Case a Man be thereby come into the *Spirit*, and he be thereby led into the *Spirit* ; in Case the *Internal* is awakened by Means of the *External* ; and in Case a Man thereby comes into all Kinds of good, spiritual Considerations, when he hears the Word outwardly, takes the outward Sacrament, and makes Use of all Kinds of Christian Ceremonies ;—then is also the *External* very beneficial and good ; (Rom. ii. 25. iii. 1, 2.) when he thus seeks *that* which is spiritual in *that* which is corporal, *that* which is supernatural in *that* which is natural. Every Thing external is in this Case profitable and good : Yea, and every Object we see outwardly in the World, being a Creature, which God hath made, may all of them be subservient to the Good of a Christian in his Christianity. Much less then am I for slighting
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and despising the *Sacrament*, which *Christ* himself hath instituted, and which may be of Use to a Christian for his Furtherance in Christianity.

XIII. Thus do those violate all Equity and Justice in Respect of me, who tell it about, as if I should give out and assert, that a Christian has no Need to be *baptised*, and to receive the *Lord's Supper*; for *this* I have never asserted. Neither do I say, that the Sacraments are mere Signs, or a dead Affair;—but what I say is, that the *Holy Ghost* doth powerfully work thereby in the Heart, when we make Use of these *Signs* in such a Manner, that the *Holy Ghost* can by *their* Means come into the Heart. But when we so cleave to the Signs, as to proceed no further; or when we depend upon *them only*, not coming by their Means into the Heart, and unto the *Holy Ghost*; in this Case, to the Ungodly, it is nothing but a dead Affair, doing them rather Harm than Good. In the very same Manner is all the holy Scripture a dead Letter to the Ungodly, not helping them at all: And even though they hear ever so much of God's Word, yet it does them more Harm than Good: Upon which Ground it is therefore said, (2 Cor. iii. 6.) “*The Letter killeth, but the Spirit giveth Life.*” Whereas, however, to him, who liveth in the Spirit, which quickeneth, the Scripture is no dead Letter, but a clear divine Light: So that the more we read the Scripture in the Spirit, so much the more are we enlightened by it in our Understanding, and strengthened in Faith, and do also grow up and increase in Love, Meekness, Humility, Patience and Comfort, and in all other divine Christian Virtues. Thus then is the holy Scripture to Believers a clear Light, which hath flowed forth from the *Holy Spirit*; whereas to the Ungodly it is a dead Letter. The very same is the Case likewise with the Hearing of the Word of God, and with the Participation of the Sacraments: To Believers all is Light and Life, and very profitable and good in their Christianity; as also every Thing else, which God hath created, and is an Object of their Eyes; whereas to the Ungodly every Thing is a dead Affair, and does them a great Deal of Hurt; so far is it from being profitable, and a Furtherance to them in Christianity.

XIV. Accordingly

XIV. Accordingly I must be understood aright, nor ought my Words and Meaning to be wrested and perverted. For what *I* say the *Holy Scripture* saith likewise, that the *Letter killeth*, viz. the Ungodly, but not the Pious. But when the Ungodly, by Means of the Letter, turneth to God, and is converted, and comes into the Spirit; then doth the *Spirit quicken and give him Life again*; when also of Course the Scripture proves a clear Light, and no longer a dead Letter to him. Then doth the *Holy Spirit* enlighten such a Person more and more, in Proportion as he reads in the Scripture, in the Fear of God. Yea, and every Thing that *now* floweth forth from the *Holy Ghost*, to this very Day, provided only it be read in the Fear of God, is a Means whereby a Man is enlightened in the same Manner by the *Holy Ghost*, if so be he only reads it again in the *Holy Ghost* from whom it flowed forth. In the same Manner, whoever now reads, in the *Holy Spirit* and in the Fear of God, what *I* write by the *Holy Spirit's* Impulse concerning my *divine Visions and Revelations*, he will also be thereby further enlightened by the *Holy Ghost*.

XV. Thus do I now pen down my *DIVINE VISIONS*, not for the Sake of the Ungodly, but for the Sake of the Good and Pious. And if the Ungodly do not choose to read them, because they go against *them*, they may let it alone; but then they may let the Pious read them, who take Pleasure in so doing. But if you ungodly Ones do not choose to be saved by *Christ alone*, then will you never be saved at all. Neither do *my* Visions save or make you happy: Certainly ye may be saved, provided you do but come to *Christ* by Means of the holy Scripture; although ye never hear or read a Syllable about *my* Visions. Neither do *I* esteem *my* Visions to be necessary for Salvation as *you* do however esteem *your* human Notions and Opinions, and your human Glosses and Interpretations of the Scripture, and your many-articled Faith, to be necessary for Salvation: Yet will all this avail you nothing at the last Day. Yea, though ye understood every Thing *aright* in your *Head* and *human* Understanding whatsoever stands written in the Scripture, and are called *Catholic, Lutheran, Reformed, Mennonist*; yet will it not avail you any Thing at the last Day: Nay, moreover, it will not be of any Avail

to you at the last Day, even tho' ye are called *Christians only*; not suffering yourselves to be called by the Name of *any Man*; but saying only, we are *Christians*, and thereby only will we be saved. Ay, and though ye duly partook of the Sacraments at the same Time;—all this will not avail you at the last Day, unless ye be *genuine, believing* CHRISTIANS. For it is not the *Titular, Oral, and Verbal* Christians, who are saved, but purely and alone the believing, practical Christians. Well therefore may every one examine himself, whether he be a titular, oral, and verbal Christian *only*; or whether he be a believing, practical Christian, and a true Follower of *Christ* in his holy Doctrine and Life; and whether he serve GOD in that Holiness and Righteousness that is acceptable to him. Let all the *idolatrous* Names go, and be ye named after CHRIST only, and be ye genuinely-believing, and practical Christians.

XVI. With Respect to my own Person, I do not desire to be called after the Name of any Man, in Point of *Faith*: For *Christ's* Name alone shall be valid, and no *Man's* Name, he may be as holy and learned a One as ever he may. And therefore also will I hear, speak, or write of *no other* Faith but solely of the *one-only* Christian *Faith*, (Gal. v. 6.) which *worketh by Love*; according to the Standard of which, *Christ* will alone judge at the last Day: As I have also spoken thereof in my publicly-printed Piece;* wherein I likewise give an Answer to such as enquire, *Which is the best Religion?* Where I say; that it is not such a Religion as hath the Name of some Man to warrant and recommend it, but purely and alone the *Christian Religion*; that is, the Holy Scripture. According to *that* we are to live, which is certainly enough for Salvation. I am under no Obligation to *speak* more (and other) Words than such as occur in the Scripture; neither am I under any Obligation to *adopt* more (or any other) Words than such as occur in the holy Scripture.

XVII. All that is necessary to Salvation stands so
roundly

* In the Postscript to the Letter, addressed to H. F. concerning JOHN ENGELBRECHT, in the first Part of the 2d Volume, in the fourth Piece of the *German* Edition.

roundly and plainly in the holy Scriptures, that one Man is as well able to read it as another. But all, that doth not stand so roundly and plainly in the holy Scriptures, which one Man is as well able to understand as the other, being *Mysteries*, whereunto an *especial* Illumination of the *Holy Ghost* is requisite in the Heart;—Things of this Nature are none of them necessary unto Salvation. Wherefore the Learned ought not to quarrel and contend with each other about *them*, or about *that* which is not necessary to Salvation: On the contrary, they ought all of them harmoniously to teach *that* which is necessary unto Salvation; and ought to be true Followers of *Christ* in his holy Doctrine and Life; setting good Examples to their Hearers in Love, Meekness, and Humility, and also in all other Christian Virtues; going all one Way, that their Hearers may thus follow after them too *in that one holy Faith, which the Holy Ghost worketh in the Heart*, (Eph. i. 19. ii. 8. and Coloss. ii. 12.) This is of far greater Importance, in all Respects, than that they go on disputing and wrangling in such a Manner as they do about *Notions* and *Opinions*, Pro and Con; and that they thereby separate themselves one from another, living with each other in Hatred, Envy, and Division; on Account of which the *Holy Ghost* is precluded from working all Kinds of Good in them. Therefore ought they to accord one with another in Love, and all of them to become unanimously the Followers of *Christ* in his Life and in his Doctrine, to the very utmost of their Power, and as far as it is possible; in Order that the *Holy Ghost* may be able to work the Love of *Christ*, and of all Goodness in *their* Hearts likewise.

XVIII. But that I have been now forced to write all these previous and preliminary Considerations and Reflections, premising them as an Introduction to the written Account of the *Vision* itself, comes also from a Direction and Influence of the *Holy Ghost*, which has withal it's good and solid Reasons. Therefore, my dear Friends in *Christ*, let it not be disagreeable and irksome to you to read it, before you read the *Vision* itself, and be ye satisfied with the wonderful Leading of the *Holy Ghost*. For the *Holy Ghost* doth

doth nothing without his good and substantial Reasons for it; which Reasons, though you may not be able to penetrate and understand *at first*, yet will ye surely be able to do it *in it's Season*, afterwards.

§ II.

The V I S I O N.

XIX. **T**HUS will I now, pursuant to your Desire, write down *the Vision concerning the THREE STATES*, as the *Holy Ghost* shall be pleased to superintend and direct the Description of it. But let it be noted, that at the Time of my seeing *this Vision*, I was broad, and perfectly awake, and saw it clearly with my outward Eyes, and not *in the Spirit* without my bodily Eyes: In which latter Way, I own, I did see * *the Vision concerning the New Heaven and the New Earth*, which I have also given a Description of. That I have however seen such a Multiplicity of Wonders presented to my clear and open bodily Eyes, is what nobody ought to be stumbled, or disconcerted at. Let every one only reflect immediately upon the wonderful Omnipotence and dispensing Government of God, as I have already said; and think, that God *is able to do above all Measure more than any Man is able to believe, to describe, and to understand.*

XX. I had this Vision at the Beginning of the New Year, 1625, in the *Pastor*, or Minister's House at *Winsen*; which is six Miles from *Zell*, in the Dutchy of *Lunenburg*; in which House I have had several Visions. But *this Vision* I had not in the Day-Time, but in the Night.

“ I was lying in Bed, and being perfectly and broad-
 “ awake, was speaking with God in a believing Prayer
 “ within my own Heart; because I was in great Anguish
 “ of my Heart. Now, whilst I was thus speaking with
 “ God in my Heart in a believing Prayer, my Heart was
 “ in this believing Prayer, and by Means thereof, made
 “ joyful

* See Page 139, 140, of the 1st Volume.

“ joyful by the *Holy Ghost*; yea, and I received the Joy
 “ and the Power of the *Holy Ghost* corporally in my
 “ Heart.

XXI. “ Upon which a divine Flame having sprung
 “ up out of my Heart, it went into my Eyes, by the
 “ Will and Agency of the *Holy Ghost*; so that my cor-
 “ poral Eyes being opened, I saw a *bright* and *shining*
 “ CLOUD over me in the Chamber, which gave such a
 “ Light and Resplendency to the Chamber, as was far
 “ superior to any Lustre, which a great Number of
 “ earthly Lights could have shed by being brought into
 “ it: Nay, the Chamber was so resplendent, as if all
 “ the Walls of it had been on every Side overlaid with
 “ the brightest burnished Gold.

XXII. “ And thus also I saw *an Altar of Gold*, upon
 “ which were *three Men* sitting in *White*, upon Chairs,
 “ and fast asleep, with their Heads in their Hands,
 “ poised and reposed upon their Elbows. Now one of
 “ these Men in White had two *Swords* lying at his Feet:
 “ Another had a golden *Rod* and a golden *Book* lying at
 “ his Feet: And the third had a *Sword* and a *Balance*
 “ lying at his Feet.

XXIII. “ And thus I also saw *twelve Men more in White*,
 “ standing upright on their Feet in the Chamber; who di-
 “ vided, and formed themselves into three Bands, four and
 “ four. Four of them had musical Instruments in their
 “ Hands: One of whom had a Lute, another a Harp, the
 “ third a Guittar, and the fourth a Violin. But four of
 “ them had Music-Books in their Hands. And this Party,
 “ or Band, being eight in Number, formed themselves
 “ into a Circle; in such a Manner, that each of the four
 “ who had Instruments in their Hands, had one of the
 “ other four with the Books in their Hands at his Side:
 “ So these eight formed a Circle in this Order. And in
 “ Proportion to the Extent of this Circle, I saw a great,
 “ bright, and glittering *Star*, which overspread these
 “ eight Persons. Hereupon the eight began to sing and
 “ to play the TE DEUM LAUDAMUS,

“ LORD

“ LORD GOD, we Praises bring!

“ LORD GOD, we to Thee sing!

“ Which *Doxology* they sung, and played out, in Accompaniment and in Concert, from Beginning to End.—
 “ The four remaining Ones divided themselves again into two Bands, two and two; and thus they walked (about the Chamber) backwards and forwards, engaged in Conversation one with another: Two of them were speaking concerning the lamentable and woful State of Things in *Time*; and the other two were speaking concerning the Joy of *everlasting Life*. Yet for all this, the *three Men* kept sitting in the very same sleeping Posture upon the Altar; and they slept on, without being at all awakened by this charming Voice of Jubilee, expressed by the Singing and Playing. Now after these eight Men had thus sung and played out this charming *Doxology*, they vanished out of my Sight, the Star was removed, and the four other Men retreated likewise: But the *three first Men* remained sitting upon the Altar, and slept on without Intermission.

XXIV. “ But the twelve Men and the Star being withdrawn and gone, an *holy Angel* then came flying out of the bright and shining Cloud. He was clothed with a long white Robe; which he had girded about him pretty high, in Manner of a Person on his Travels; so that the Robe might not trail about and encumber his Feet, and that he might be able to advance with a more expeditious and easy Pace. This Angel had a golden Key in his right Hand, and a Chain of Gold hanging upon his Arm; and in his left Hand he had a golden Stick, or Wand. Thus then, having swiftly passed along to the Altar, and laid the Key and the Chain upon the Altar; he took the Stick into both his Hands, and with it struck one of the *three first Men*, him who had the two Swords lying at his Feet, such a violent Blow on the Head; that he fell down from the Altar to the Ground; which made so loud a Noise and Clatter, when the Angel had smitten him down to the Ground, that the other two were waked by it, and cast their Eyes round about on every Side. However, the Angel did not smite them to the Ground; but they kept sitting as
 “ they

“ they had done on their Chairs. Whereupon also the
 “ Angel, laying his Stick likewise upon the Altar, raised
 “ the Man up again whom he had felled to the Ground,
 “ and re-seated him on his Chair upon the Altar;
 “ putting the two Swords into his Hands, and saying to
 “ him, *Judge aright*. Likewise he proceeded to put the
 “ golden Rod into the one and the golden Book into the
 “ other Hand of the second; and said to *him* too, *Judge*
 “ *aright*. Thereupon also putting the Sword into the
 “ one Hand, and the Balance into the other of the third;
 “ he then said to *him* also, *Judge aright*. To which he
 “ farther superadded as follows. *Antichrist has reigned in*
 “ *you long enough: Christ will also now at length rule and*
 “ *reign in you*. Thus then did the three Men sit, and hold
 “ these their Ensigns, or Instruments, quite fast in their
 “ Hands, looking intently upon the Angel. Upon which
 “ the Angel said to the three Men, *You have no Occasion to*
 “ *look so hard upon me, but rather turn ye your Eyes to Him*
 “ *who sent me; and do ye make Use of your Ensigns to the*
 “ *Purposes for which they were given you. Be not slothful*
 “ *with them, neither do ye fall asleep again, lest ye should*
 “ *let your Instruments drop out of your Hands again: For*
 “ *should He come, who hath sent me, and find you sleeping,*
 “ *so as again to let your Instruments drop out of your Hands,*
 “ *he will smite and hurl you into the Abyss of Hell. There-*
 “ *fore let this be a Warning to you, and do ye make Use of*
 “ *your Instruments to the Purposes for which they were given*
 “ *you*. Now the Angel, having made an End of this De-
 “ claration, took his Flight back again into the Cloud,
 “ carrying along with him the Stick, or Wand, back
 “ again, in Token of his having executed a good Work
 “ with it. But the *Key* and the *Chain* he left where they
 “ were; in Token, that with *them* likewise should a good
 “ Work be also in future executed. Yet did the three
 “ Men still keep their Seats as they were before upon the
 “ Altar; holding their Instruments fast in their Hands,
 “ and casting a bright and vivid Look everywhere around
 “ them, like Men that were now, in very Deed, alive.
 “ They also looked hard at *me*, which I very much won-
 “ dered at; thinking with myself what could be the
 “ Meaning of it. And I considered thus with myself,
 “ The twelve Men in White are gone again; the Star is
 “ gone;

“ gone ; the *Angel* is gone ;—and yet *these three* still remain upon their Seats, as they were sitting here at first !

XXV. “ Now whilst I was thus deeply engaged in Wonder, *another Angel* came flying out of the bright-shining Cloud, who was clothed in a long white Robe. This was so beautiful, that it looked as if it was embroidered with Pearls and Crowns of Gold, interspersed like a Group of little Crowns of Gold, which upon the white Robe were all around beset with Pearls. And where there were no Crowns of Gold, there the Embroidery was made with Pearls, disposed and dispersed over all the Robe throughout. This was a Garment beyond all Measure glorious, beauteous, and resplendent to behold. Yet had not this Angel girt himself up like the former Angel, but this Robe of his had such a long flowing Train as to intercept the Sight of his Feet from me. Moreover, with a slow and solemn Pace, he advanced towards the Altar, upon the Pavement, as soon as ever he was alighted upon it: And verily this Pavement was likewise as beautiful and bright as if it had been overlaid with the most resplendent burnished Gold. And when the Angel was come up to the Altar, he said nothing to the three Men ; but *this Angel* took the *Key* and the *Chain*, which had been brought by the *former Angel*, and left by him upon the Altar ; he took them (I say) off from the Altar, and brought them to me. For coming to my Bed-Side, he laid the *Key* and the *Chain* down upon the Bed before me ; asking me, whether then I knew what the Meaning was of these WONDERS, which I had there seen, and even yet saw ? Then I said to him, No ; I do not know it. The Angel made Answer, because thou dost not know this, God hath sent me to thee, to tell and reveal to thee the Meaning of all that which thou yet seest, and *hast* seen. Thus did the Angel proceed to explain it all to me, expounding to me *spiritually*, according to *God's Word*, every Thing which I there had seen, and yet saw in a *corporeal* Manner.”

The

§ III.

The INFORMATION subsequent.

XXVI. **I**N this Manner have I now penned down the *VISION*, as it was in itself, and as the *Holy Ghost* hath caused it to turn out, by bringing again into my Remembrance *that*, which I was now to set down in Writing concerning it: Wherein then nobody is to controul the *Holy Ghost*, let it seem as strange and as odd to him as ever it may. But I, for my own Person, do certainly know, that all this I have seen when I was broad and perfectly awake, clearly and distinctly, with my visible and corporal Eyes; and have heard it in the same Manner with my bodily Ears, exactly as I have here given the Description of it.

XXVII. Thus will I also give a short Account of the *EXPOSITION* of the *VISION*, just as the Angel explained and expounded it, according to the Word of God; shewing what is implied and meant by all the most material Circumstances belonging to it. These will I also write down, one after the other, as the *Holy Ghost* shall now superintend and direct it's Execution. For I am not able to write it any otherwise than as the *Holy Ghost* directs, like as I have frequently intimated: Neither am I able to write down any *more* about that which the Angel hath spoken, than what the *Holy Ghost* doth again bring into my Remembrance; and concerning which he instructs my Spirit and my Heart; which is united, knit to, and bound together with the *Holy Ghost*. And as now the *Holy Spirit* doth witness with *my Spirit*, that I am a Child of God; (Rom. viii. 16) so also doth the same *Holy Spirit* admonish and teach *my Spirit* what I am to write, and how I am to effect it; what and how I am to speak and write.

XXVIII. For *my Spirit* is not taught and instructed by Men, out of Books, in the same Way wherein one Man may teach and instruct another in this and that; amidst
all

all which the Heart can remain proud, false, ungodly, and arrogant. This is not the State, or Disposition of *my Spirit*; but rather is *my Spirit* taught and instructed by the *Holy Ghost* within my Heart; under which my Heart is incapable of remaining wicked, proud, false, and arrogant; but my Heart becomes thereby more and more loving, meek, and humble.

XXIX. This I say, to the End that nobody may rest satisfied and contented with being taught and instructed by *Man* outwardly, by Means of Books, or otherwise by Word of Mouth, out of the Word of God:—No, no; every one must turn inwards and make a Retreat into his own Spirit to the *Holy Ghost* within his own Heart, and into his own Thoughts: And let him call upon and entreat the *Holy Ghost* to be pleased to teach him the Word of God, and to be pleased to give him Instructions. O happy is that Man, whom the *Holy Ghost* himself doth teach in the Heart, directing and admonishing him within his own Heart, and who heareth what the Lord speaketh *in him*! As *David* also says, (Psalm. lxxxv. 8) “*I will hear what the Lord speaketh in me.*” So must every one do his Endeavour to hear what the Lord speaketh *in him*: In which Way he may learn more from the *Holy Ghost* in his own Heart in *one Hour* than he can learn outwardly from all Men in the World, *all the Days of his Life*. O happy, thrice happy is that Man; who hears the *Holy Ghost*’s Voice within his own Heart, who in Fact, and by Practice, complies with *that*, which the *Holy Ghost* teaches him in the Heart! Such an one is a blessed Man, initially here in Time, and consummately hereafter, to all Eternity. For thus will his *Soul* and *Spirit* be glorified here in Time; and as surely as his *Soul* becomes glorified here in Time, so surely will his *Body* be also glorified hereafter, when Time is no more. Now he that would fain, after this State of Time, come to CHRIST into everlasting Joy and Felicity, and would fain see CHRIST there *bodily*, with *bodily* Eyes; such an one must of Necessity come first to him, in the *present* State of Time, in his Heart, *spiritually*; and must needs view him with *spiritual* Eyes, with the Eyes of Faith: He must hear

hear CHRIST within his own Heart, through his *Holy Spirit*, and there learn of him Humility and Meekness.

XXX. Thus then do I refer and direct every one, by all the Call and Commission I lay Claim to, to his *own* Heart, to the Lord CHRIST *himself*; who, through his *Holy Spirit*, will reveal himself to him within his own Heart, teaching and instructing him. Therefore let nobody cleave to any good Thing I write by the Impulse of the *Holy Ghost*, in such a Manner as to make a full Stop *there*; but rather let every one turn to CHRIST *himself* within his own Heart; who will himself, together, or in Conjunction with, his divine Word, through the *Holy Ghost*, teach and instruct him in every Particular, both of what he should do, and what he should leave undone. For the *Holy Ghost* will not teach Men, through *me only*, and through *my* Writings, or even through the holy Scripture in the BIBLE; by Means of pious Persons, in whose Hearts the *Holy Ghost* bears the Sway, or by Means of their fine Writings, which by the Illumination and Impulse of the *Holy Ghost* they have penned down:—No, no; but the *Holy Ghost* will also *himself* teach them within their *own* Hearts every Thing, that he through Men and Writings teacheth them outwardly. The same will he then *renew* to them again within the Heart, provided they do but turn with their Hearts unto HIM.

XXXI. By Means whereof their Heart is of Course changed and rendered good and pious, if so be the *Holy Ghost* may but keep his School in it, and in it rule and reign, instigating the Man to all good Things, and teaching and instructing his Spirit. Then doth his Spirit unite with this mild *Holy Spirit*, and the Man is rendered godly, and so minded as *Christ* was; and thus then doth the human Spirit become a Partaker of the divine Nature, if it doth also flee from and escape the corruptible Lust, and guard against *gross* and *known* Sins, resisting them in the Heart, and crucifying the Flesh with it's Affections and Lusts:—Then, and in this Case, a Man certainly becomes a Partaker of the divine Nature, as *Peter* says, (2 Epist. Chapt. i. 4.) “*That such are Partakers of the*
“ *divine Nature, if they flee from and escape the Corrup-*
“ *tion*

"*tion which is in the World thro' Lust.*" Now also, such as flee from and escape the corruptible Lust, "*do likewise crucify their Flesh with the Affections and Lusts.*" (Gal. v. 24.) Therefore do they not follow after and comply with the evil Lusts, but they resist them; for all this has a mutual Connection and Dependence one upon the other. Thus then "*do they purify their Hearts by the Faith in Christ.*" (Acts xv. 9.) And being thus *pure in Heart*, "*they of Course see God in Faith*, as Christ says (Matt. v. 8.) "*Blessed are the pure in Heart, for they shall see God.*" They shall see God, *initially* during the present Time in Faith, and *consummately* hereafter, in a corporal Way, *Face to Face*; as his holy Word doth also teach us the same. (1 Cor. xiii. 12.) And whoever now is thus of a pure Heart, and seeth God, has also of Course every Thing any Heart can wish and desire, *initially* in the present Time, and *perfectly* hereafter, to all Eternity. For then has he "*his Delight in the Lord, who giveth him the Desires of his Heart*, (Psal. xxxvii. 4.)

XXXII. That Men may attain to THIS, *first* in this present Time, and *perfectly* hereafter to all Eternity, is the Scope and Drift of the entire Call and Commission I lay Claim to, and concerning which I write and speak. This is also the Scope and Drift of every Thing, which I shall now further write down concerning the EXPOSITION of this VISION, as the *Holy Ghost* shall at this Time be pleased to bring it again into my Remembrance. For God doth, in the *first* Place, teach Man in *divers* Ways and Manners, as he feeds him outwardly with *divers* Kinds of Food; but all to *one* and the same End, that the Man, being satiated with it, may thereby preserve his natural Life, as long as he is to live naturally in this present Time, according to the Will of God. Thus doth God also teach Man outwardly in *divers* Ways and Manners; but all to one End, that he being thereby nourished in his Soul, may be preserved unto everlasting Life; and that Man may, through the *Exterior*, be led to the *Interior*.

XXXIII. And as God doth now allow a Variety of Dishes to be served up to Men, and provides such for them;

them; and to some Persons also in such Plenty, that they have it in their Power not only to make Use of them for bare Necessity, but also for Pleasure and Delight; inso-much, that very often they have a Superfluity of Provisions, far beyond what their bare Necessities require;—so doth the bountiful, gracious, and merciful God, and Father in Heaven also cause his Word, as the Food of the Soul, to be set before us and preached abundantly, in *divers* Ways and Manners, beyond what the Soul's bare Necessities require: And the Pious may have every Thing for their Delight, so as to rejoice and solace themselves therein. Thus doth God cause his holy Word to be, in divers Ways and Manners, preached and delivered; now this, then that *Subject*; now in this, and then in another *Manner*: Now is this *Dish* served up to them, and then again another: Now is one *Topic* and then another treated upon and committed to Writing: Now is this and then the other Thing *explained*. Thus doth God give one Man to understand *this* and another Man *that*, that he may be able to bring about and effect the Salvation of Christians, for the common Good, and every Thing unto Edification, and for the Joy and Delight of pious Christians. Now comes one fine Book to Light, and then again another; whereby pious Christians may, in a Variety of Ways, be delighted in God: And one is more lovely, and has a still more delicious Fragrance than another; like a large Bed of fine Flowers, of various Tints and Colours, in a Pleasure-Garden; and like a Diversity of fine Herbs; which Men gathering in an Heap together, out of them they are able to form a fine Nosegay, composed of all Kinds of charming Flowers and Herbs, which is very pleasant and recreating for Man. Thus may they, also, out of many fine Books, which have all of them originated from the *Holy Ghost*, gather together a Variety of different Things, and make a fine Nosegay of them in a spiritual Way, and may receive a great spiritual Joy and Recreation from them; by this Means, enjoying themselves in God in a Variety of Ways: Forasmuch as every Thing cometh from God, that is subservient to Edification in our Christianity; yea, and every Thing is intended for the *common* Good.

XXXIV. For every good Thing cometh from GOD, all good Books, Treatises, or Writings, be they long or short; every good Thing cometh from GOD, and is derived from the *Holy Ghost*, both the good *Gifts* and the Good that is found in the *Bible*. For certainly “every good and perfect Gift cometh from GOD, it cometh down from above, from the Father of Lights,” (Jam. i. 17.) The good Gifts, such as are all earthly, perishable Gifts, which administer to Man’s Necessities in the natural Life, and also to his Delight; *these* come down from above: And thus also do all the perfect good Gifts surely come down from above, from the Father of Lights, as James says: Such are all the spiritual Gifts, which are subservient to the Use of Man’s Soul in the spiritual Life. Neither are these Gifts good only, so as the earthly ones are; but they are also perfect Gifts; because they are spiritual Gifts, and because they are not barely subservient to Man’s Use in Respect of the *earthly*, but also in Respect of the *eternal* Life.

XXXV. Therefore ought we to receive every good Thing, which is of Service to Man in Respect to everlasting Life, as well as that Good which is to be found in the *Bible*; because it is all derived from the *Holy Ghost*; just as we receive every good Production which, in such a various and manifold Manner, takes it’s Rise from the Earth. For thus doth the *Holy Ghost* also yield a Multiplicity and Variety of Productions, which Christians may enjoy, delight, and solace themselves with. But your hard, stubborn, and self-willed Heads will (forsooth!) receive and read nothing else but the *Bible*, and the Good which is deducible from thence: This they receive *exclusively*; but whatsoever good Thing proceeds from *any other* Source, whether spoken or written, *that* they reprobate and despise. (See John v. 39--47. Chapt. vii. 41, 42, 48, 49, 52. ix. 28, 29.)

XXXVI. Now, such as act in this Way, and are thus stubborn and self-willed, are, after all, under a very grievous Mistake; betraying by this their Conduct, that they carry in them a proud and haughty Heart to this very Day; an Heart, that will not *humble* itself under any
other

other Person. For they exalt themselves over their Neighbour, and are so full of their own *Self-Wisdom*, as to imagine themselves to be wise enough, and to have no Need of learning any Thing of their Neighbour, they themselves being much more wise and prudent than he: They conceit, that the *Holy Ghost* worketh in *THEM* only, and not in *another*; and of Course, that they are as capable of understanding the Matter as another: Whereas, after all, the "*Holy Ghost* *worketh* where *he* himself *pleaseth*;" (John iii. 8.) and is as able to work in *unlearned* humble Hearts, as he can in the *learned*, by Means of their Literature. Let us not therefore despise any Thing that is good, even though it may be offered by a Person ever so mean and despicable, according to his Simplicity. We ought not to look to *Man*, be he learned or unlearned; neither ought we to look to a fine elaborate *Stile*, or *Dictation*, either in Writing or in Speaking; but rather ought we to fix our Attention purely and alone upon *that*, which is good, and upon the TRUTH, which proceedeth from the *Holy Ghost*; although it might be delivered with ever so great a Simplicity, and without the affected Trappings of human Art and Science.

XXXVII. Therefore must we not despise *that*, which is good, and the Truth; rather ought we to embrace it, as being *that*, which hath originated from the *Holy Ghost*. Moreover, the Good, which the *Holy Ghost* delivers thro' any *other* Person, and the Good he hath wrought in any *other* Person, we ought to set a much greater Value and Affection upon than the Good which is wrought in our *own*selves, and is delivered from our *own*selves. Every one ought always to think, that another Person, under the *Holy Ghost*'s Guidance, does a great Deal better than himself. Every one ought always to be more endeared to another than he is to himself. Every one ought always to entertain a much higher Esteem for his Neighbour than for himself; and ought to be better pleased with his Neighbour's Work, wrought by the *Holy Ghost*, than with his *own*, even though *he* worketh it by the *Holy Ghost*. When Men are thus disposed one towards another, and every one doth thus humble himself to his Neighbour, the Effect will surely be Love, Peace, and Unity:

Whereas, when a Man doth always entertain an higher Esteem for *his own* Work than for *that* of his Neighbour; and doth thus exalt himself *over* his Neighbour, conceiting himself to be endowed with *more* Wisdom and Prudence than his Neighbour, and therefore despises him; the natural Effect of all this is surely Discord, Strife, and every Kind and Degree of Mischief, which the Devil plays off, and is the secret Mover and Fomenter of at the Bottom.

XXXVIII. Against this let every one be upon his Guard. Let every one, in his own Heart, esteem himself the *very meanest of all*; reflecting, that he is not better in the Sight of God than his Neighbour. God is the Creator of the very meanest Person, as well as of himself: Moreover CHRIST has died for such a one as well as for any Grandee of the most exalted Station in the World. Let nobody exalt himself over his Neighbour, on Account of his *Gifts*; but rather the more Gifts God bestows upon him, so much the more *humble* ought he to be in his Heart; and thus can the *Holy Ghost* so much the better work within his Heart: For within the *humble* Heart the *Holy Ghost* doth work, and not in that which is *proud and haughty*, (1 Pet. v. 5. Jam. iv. 6.)

XXXIX. But now those, who will (forsooth!) neither read or receive any Thing but the BIBLE, and *their own* Productions, do by this very Procedure of theirs betray, that they have as yet no Love of God in their Heart. For had they the Love of God in their Heart, they would also love every Thing that cometh from God, (John viii. 42.) But since they nauseate whatever other People may, *to this very Day*, write; opposing it with Might and Main, and entertaining neither any Inclination or Will to read it; no nor choosing to examine it, whether it be good or bad, as far as they are able; they do by this very Procedure betray, that they hate and envy their Neighbour in their Heart, and that they have no Love for him: Of Consequence they do hate and envy God in Heaven too, and have as little Love for *him*. Seeing that who-soever hateth his *Neighbour*, the same hateth God in Heaven too. For how can he love God whom he doth

not see, when he hateth, and loveth not, him, whom he *doth* see? As John says, (1 John iv. 20.) “ *If a Man say I love God, and hateth his Brother, he is a Liar.*” Because God will, in this World, be loved no otherwise than in Man: For if any Man will love God, whom he *doth not* see, then must he love the Man who is his Brother, and whom he *doth* see: Neither is he to love his Brother only, but his very Enemies too.

XL. For that one Friend loves another is HUMAN, and what the very *Heathens* and *Publicans* are able to do; but it is CHRISTIAN for a Man to love his Enemies too; to love those, that hate us, “ *so as to overcome Evil with Good,*” (Rom. xii. 21.) It is the Doctrine of CHRIST, that “ *we are to bless those that curse us;*” (Matt v. 44.) that we are to *do Good* to such as *do Evil* to us. And he that will not do *this*, to the utmost of his Power, is no *right* Christian as yet, let him be as wise and prudent as ever he may; let him hear the Word of God ever so often, receive the *Sacraments*, and do as much *Good* as ever he will to those who love him; yet is he nevertheless no *genuine, true* Christian, provided he *doth not* behave and act towards his very Enemies also, out of Love, to the utmost of his Ability, as he beaveth and acteth towards his Friend. For this is CHRIST’s Doctrine and Precept, whom we are to hearken to, and to practise what he prescribes, if we have a Mind to be saved. Thus *doth Christ* teach, and such a Practice as this *doth he* prescribe, viz. *that we are to love our very Enemies.* And whoever is not yet in a Disposition for practising this, has not as yet the Spirit of CHRIST, nor *doth he* yet belong to him. *For such as have the Spirit of CHRIST belong to him,* (Rom. viii. 9.)

XLI. Such are his *genuine* Disciples. And those now who have the Spirit of *Christ*, and are ruled and led by him, are in a Capacity of loving their Enemies from the Heart, and of doing all the Good to their Enemies that is any-ways possible, and to the very utmost of *their* Ability. The Truth of this I am able to evince, not only from the Scripture; but *I* can do it also, without mentioning it in a vaunting Way, from my own *personal*

Experience likewise. For this I aver in the Sight of God, who knows and is intimately acquainted with every secret Thought, and from whom nothing is hid;— he knows, that from the Heart I love my Enemies, tho' without Cause they hate and envy me; although I am no Ways deficient in my Regards and Duty towards them, nor are they able to charge me with any Evil justly: Yet nevertheless do they speak Evil of and reproach me, they hate and envy *me*; and yet for all that I love *them* from the Heart. Nay, my Heart within my Body doth burn and glow in me with Love towards them; and I sigh and pray daily for them, that God would be pleased to forgive them the Sins they are guilty of towards me, and that he would not punish them on that Account: But inasmuch as they speak Evil of his divine Work, that he would be pleased to chasten them however for *that*, in *Time*; so that by being thereby brought to the Knowledge of their Sin, they may be converted, lest they might thereby incur *everlasting Punishment*. For better is it to be punished *temporally*, and thereby to be brought to the Knowledge of our Sin, and to repent, than to incur *everlasting Punishment*. This, from the very Bottom of my Heart, I wish for the Wicked and Ungodly, who vex and grievously afflict me in every Kind of Way, that they might be rendered eternally righteous and happy. By which Disposition I demonstrate in Fact, that I love them cordially.

XLII. Now this have I also been obliged to write and make Mention of previously, for good Reasons, before I enter upon the *Exposition* of the *VISION* itself; to the End that I might enspirit and encourage every one to make a Point of it to read carefully and with Love and Delight, the *Manner* wherein the Angel did expound and explain this *Vision*, and what I now under the Guidance and Direction of the *Holy Ghost* shall write down of this *Exposition*; that thus every one may make a Point of reading the same with Care and Attention in the Fear of God; forasmuch as I do write it down under the Guidance and Direction of the *Holy Ghost*. And thus also let no one, on Account of the *Meanness* and *Insignificancy* of my Person, or on Account of the *Angel's* having spoken

spoken and expounded it, despise the same: On the contrary let every one receive and peruse it for the very Reason of it's having come from the *Holy Ghost*, and of his having so superintended and over-ruled the Thing as I pen it down. For tho' the *Holy Ghost* might have his Reasons, be they what they may, why a *Mixture* of that which is bad, or confused, might have been permitted to flow forth with the rest out of my Pen; yet ought not the Good to be *indiscriminately* rejected together with the Bad; but rather the Bad should be left and the Good retained; as it stands written, "*Prove all Things: Hold fast that which is good.*" (1 Thes. v. 21.)*

XLIII. Now tho' I know assuredly, that I am under the Influence and Direction of the *Holy Ghost*, and that I write every Thing that is good from the *Holy Ghost*, who gives my Spirit to understand *that*, which is good; yet doth it not follow from hence, that what I write must needs be *all* absolutely good. For the Devil doth also mightily beset and contend with me, being desirous of intermingling and sowing his Tares with *that* Good, which I do, in Order that the Good may be rejected *indiscriminately* together with the Bad: Seeing that where God hath his Church, there the Devil is sure to have a Chapel too, being glad to have a Finger in the Pie, only to spoil and destroy that which is Good: And yet, after all, he can do no more than God permits him to do. If then God should have his good Reasons for permitting the Devil to instil evil Thoughts into me; and which, though I might inadvertently and ignorantly adopt and intermix them with my Description, yet another might advert to and understand them to be erroneous and bad; in this Case it is incumbent upon such Readers to point out and prove them to me, that I may also take Cognisance of, and

* Here the *Translator* cannot forbear inserting a *Saying* of our dear Saviour's to the same Effect, as it has been preserved by *Origen*,

Γίνεσθε δόκιμοι τραπεζίται, τὰ μὲν ἀποδοκιμάζοντες,
τὸ δὲ καλὸν κατέχοντες.

That is, "Be ye expert Bankers, throwing out the *Counterfeit*, "but retaining every *Sterling - Piece*." Who can walk safely through the *present* Times without this Maxim?

and then reject them, so as not to “ *call that which is evil, good,*” (Isai. v. 20.)

XLIV. But nobody has, to my Knowledge, been hitherto able to point out and to demonstrate any Thing in my Writings to be *bad*. What may happen in future, is not yet any Object of Knowledge for me now. And though the Devil doth, sure enough, strongly assault me, with evil Thoughts; yet doth it nevertheless not follow, that the *Holy Ghost* will always permit such Attempts as these to succeed, so as for me, during my Writing, to intermingle that which is *Evil* together with the *Good*. This the *Holy Ghost* can certainly forestal, so as to prevent any such *Intermixture* of the Evil, together with my Writing. At present I cannot recollect, that the *Holy Ghost* has *actually* permitted me to intermix any Degree of the Bad with the Good in my Writing. Now if it *has* happened, it is more than I know of as yet, it being at present concealed from me: Moreover, that which will hereafter happen is equally concealed from me now. But if it be the Good-Pleasure of the *Holy Ghost*, to have me write nothing that is bad through the baneful Influence of the Devil's Temptation, he can sure enough prevent it, and so order the Matter, that I shall write *purely* that which is good and nothing of that which is evil. However should the *Holy Ghost* permit me to write something that is Evil also, it must nevertheless be incapable of doing me any real Hurt, but rather turn out *eventually* to a good Purpose for me. For *to them that love God must all Things work together for good*, (Rom. viii. 28.) let the Matter be as bad in it's ownself as ever it may: Forasmuch as when the *Devil* doth Evil with a wicked Design, the *Holy Ghost* doth over-rule it, so that, to such Persons, it issues, at the long Run, in that which is good. The Intention of the *Devil* is a wicked one; but he is forced, against his own Will, by the Evil, to promote the Christians Good. So wonderfully is the *Holy Ghost* able to over-rule and direct the Matter.

XLV. One ought therefore to resign and commend oneself purely to the Will of God, leaving the Matter to take such an Issue as it can take. A Christian ought
not

not to be under any *anxious* Solicitude on this Account; but every one ought only, for his own Part, to do one Thing, as it occurs in Order and in Succession, after the other, and to which he is instigated; as soon as ever he knows *that*, to which he is instigated, to be good. But when he is conscious to himself that it is *bad*, so that he is certainly convinced within his own Heart what he is instigated to is something bad; then must he *not* do the Bad; but rather it is his *Duty*, with Might and Main, to set himself against *that*, which is bad, as far as it is possible for him to do; neither must he knowingly put that which is evil into Practice. However, if the Case be so, that he is in Doubt whether *that* be good or bad, whatever it may be to which he is instigated; then ought he to call upon and pray to God, that he would be pleased to give him an *Understanding* in the Affair, so that he may know *certainly*, beyond all Doubt, whether it be Good or Evil: And in Case God doth suffer him to be still hampered with Doubt, he may then do that to which he is impelled, if he chooses to do it; but then he ought also at the same Time to call upon and pray to God, that if, through Ignorance, he should commit a Sin by doing the Thing without knowing certainly whether it be Good or Evil, and doth thus *unwittingly* do Evil;—that God would be pleased to forgive him this Sin. If he acts in this Way, and thus lives continually in Humility and the Fear of God, praying for the Forgiveness of the Sins, which he committeth in Ignorance; then he walks safely in the right Road to Heaven; and in such a Situation the *Devil* can do him no Hurt at all, let him assault him with his Temptations as much as ever he pleases.

XLVI. Thus will I now, in the Name of *Jesus*, and under the Influence and Governance of the *Holy Ghost*, write down the EXPOSITION of the VISION: Neither will I be under any Dread of the *Devil*, let him assault me with whatever Temptations he pleases; and although the *Holy Ghost* should permit me to intermingle any Thing bad in the Account I write of it, yet will it do *me* no Hurt at all; but rather every Thing work together for *my* Good. But such as do not like to read what I write, may let it alone. In this Case I have it to myself, meet-
ing

ing with my Recreation and Joy in that which I pen down under the Influence and Governance of the *Holy Ghost*. For *this* is not an HUMAN Work of my OWN; but it is a WORK OF THE HOLY GHOST, from which I have something good to learn, and by which I can regulate myself as well as many others, who peruse it. Herewith then, in God's Name, I will make a Beginning with Expounding the Vision.

§ IV.

THE
EXPOSITION OF THE VISION
CONCERNING
The THREE STATES.

How that many in all the *Three States*, Ecclesiastical, Oeconomical, and Political, are sitting fast asleep.

XLVII. **N**OW the Angel, having brought me the KEY and the CHAIN, as I have before said, entered into a Discourse with me, by enquiring, Whether I then knew what the Meaning of these Wonders was? To which having made a Reply as I have above written it down, the Angel began thereupon to *expound* the VISION to me. And he said first of all, The *bright and luminous Cloud*, which thou seest before thy Eyes, and the great Splendor, signifies the Splendor, or the Glory of the Lord; that great and unspeakable Love of God, which shines upon all Men in the World, as well upon the *Ungodly* as upon the *Good* and *Pious*. But the *three Men* whom thou sawest sitting upon the Altar, who were fast asleep in their Chairs, signify the *Ungodly* in all the *three States*, in which are many sitting fast asleep in *known* Sins: Yet doth the Love of God shine upon *them* also, just as it does upon the *Good* and *Pious*, who are awake. However, the Good and Pious have their Joy in it, when they look upon the Love of God, and reflect upon it within their Hearts; whereas the *Ungodly*, who are sleeping

sleeping in their *known* Sins, are in no Capacity of seeing or of reflecting upon the Love of God; neither can they in *this Situation* have any Joy in it. Now, thereupon, the Angel also said, I was to acquaint the Ungodly, by every Occasion of the *Holy Ghost's* Opening a Door for my so doing, that they were required to wake up out of *gross* and *known* Sins, and not to continue sleeping in them; that they ought to contemplate the Love of God, and be joyful in it, forasmuch as it shineth upon *them* as well as it does upon the *Good* and *Pious*.

XLVIII. Again, the *Twelve Men*, whom I there saw standing upright on their Feet, signified those twelve especial Messengers, through whom God orders and causes his Word to be preached, with a View of rousing up and awakening the Ungodly out of the Sleep of Sin. Now *these* are the whole Body of *Prophets*, *Apostles*, and all faithful *Teachers* and *Preachers*, whom God has at all Times, from the Beginning of the World hitherto, sent into the World, in Order to rouse up and awaken the Men of the World from the Sleep of Sin, through whom God doth cause his Word to be preached in the World. Thus do the *TWELVE MEN* signify all the *Messengers* of God, whom God sendeth into the World unto the Ungodly, causing his Word to be preached unto the Ungodly.

XLIX. But the *Three Men sitting in White upon the Altar* signified the *THREE STATES*, the *Ecclesiastical*, the *Political*, and the *Oeconomical State*. Now many are they in all these *three States*, who are seated at their Ease and fast asleep in *known* Sins.

The *First Man in White*, who had the two Swords lying carelessly at his Feet, signifies the *Spiritual*, or *Ecclesiastical State*; and the *two Swords* signify *Faith* and *Love*. Thus many are they in the *Ecclesiastical State*, who sit, during this present Time, at their Ease; and let the *SWORDS* of *Faith* and *Love* drop, and lie carelessly at their Feet.

The *Second Man in White*, who had the golden *Rod* and the

the golden *Book* lying at his Feet, signifies the *Oeconomical*, or *Family-State*: In *this* also are a great many of them sitting at their Ease and sleeping, having the golden Rod of Discipline, and the golden *Book of Humility* lying carelessly at their Feet.

The *Third Man in White* signifies the *Temporal*, or the *Political State*, in which also many of them are sitting at their Ease and sleeping; and have the *SWORD of Love*, with which they ought to punish the Ungodly, and to protect the Good and Pious, and the *BALANCE of Righteousness*, or *Justice* also, lying carelessly at their Feet.

L. Whereas now the *Eight Men standing in a Circle*, did laud and praise GOD with loud Voices, and the three others were not awakened out of their Sleep by it; the Meaning thereof is, that GOD causes his Word to be preached in rich Abundance, and hath given the Ungodly his Word in rich Abundance, causing them to be warned and exhorted unto REPENTANCE; but they will not mind it, nor awake up out of their Sleep of Sin. They persist notwithstanding, and still continue in gross and known Sins, and will not desist from them, making it no Part of their Care and Concern that GOD causes his Word to be preached in such rich Abundance. Nay, many Preachers, or Ministers, who preach the Word of GOD, do themselves not live according to the Word of GOD; so far from it, that they live quite counter to their own Sermons, in known Sins, in Pride and Haughtiness, in Hatred and Envy, in Ambition and Avarice, in the Love of Money and of the World: In which, of Course, those in the *Family* and *Civil State* follow after them, making GOD's Word no Part of their Care and Concern, neither taking it for the *Rule* of their Lives: Insomuch that they are not a Whit better for having GOD's Word thus preached to them; and though they well know, nevertheless, that it becomes them to live according to it; yet do they, under such Means, go on from bad to worse continually, and live in a *diametrical* Opposition to GOD's Word.

LI. Now, because they live such wicked Lives, and will not concern themselves about GOD and his holy Word, though

though God causes his Word to be preached with sufficient Plainness to them, and though they have God's Word, in the BIBLE itself, in sufficient and rich Abundance; which they are able to read, and from thence to understand, how it would become them to model their Lives according to it;—because (I say) they do, notwithstanding, live in a *diametrical* Opposition to it; therefore also will God now send his Angel with the Stick, or Wand, of Lustration; that is, he will severely plague and punish Mankind with War and Bloodshed, with Fire and Sword, with Hunger and Anxiety, and with all Kinds of Diseases; with which Mankind shall be smitten and tormented. This is signified by the Angel with the *Stick, or Wand, who struck one of the Men in White from the Altar to the Ground; which made such a Noise and Clatter, that the other two were waked up by it.* Now this doth signify that God will send all Kinds of Plagues and Punishments, whereby they shall be plagued and punished. Since they are resolved not to mind his *Word*, and do refuse to admit of Correction and Awakening, by Means of the *Word*, unto REPENTANCE; neither to be roused by Means of it out of the Sleep of Sin; therefore will he *mightily* visit, and come upon them at a *Surprise* with a *sudden STROKE*, consisting of all Kinds of Plagues, as I have just now said: By Means of which, of Course, many will yet be wakened up, who would not be wakened up by Means of the *Word*, how clearly and plainly soever God hath caused his Word to be preached.

LII. The *Eight Men, who, standing in a Circle, did laud and praise God*, do also signify the CHRISTIAN CHURCH: And such are all good and pious Christians, who laud and praise God *individually* within their Hearts; though, in Respect of their Bodies, they be here and there dispersed in the World amongst all the Ungodly, upon the Face of the whole Earth. But God doth know his own, let them be wheresoever they may, viz. such as “fear him and work Righteousness;” in whose Hearts the *Holy Ghost* can work all Sorts of Goodness, according to his own Good-Pleasure. And although they might be incapable of learning God's *written Word* and the *Letters* thereof; yet are they capable of coming to an Acquaintance with *Him* in the *Spirit*; for although in their *Reason*

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they know or understand nothing about him, nor are acquainted with him, after the *Flesh*; yet may they, for all that, be very capable of becoming acquainted with him, after the *Spirit*; forasmuch as the *Holy Ghost* is able to work the Love of CHRIST within *their* Hearts too.

LIII. But when a *Christian*, who bears the Name of a *Christian*, knows CHRIST after the *Flesh*, in his human Reason from the holy Scripture, according as we have it therein described, what Sort of a Person *Christ* is; what his Office is; what *Christ* has done in the World; how he was born into this World, was dead, rose again from the Dead, and ascended up into Heaven; and when he confesses with the Mouth, that all this was done for *his* Benefit, and believes in CHRIST:—I say, when he now doth thus orthodoxly understand *all this* in his Reason, giving his Assent and Consent to it; yet is all this short of constituting him a *true and genuine Christian*: Hereby is a *nominal* and *titular Christian* not *saved*; for to all the rest must this be superadded, that he be in such a Disposition, that the *Holy Ghost* is able to produce *that Faith* in his Heart, which *worketh by Love*, (Col. ii. 12. Gal. v. 6.) and that he therewith apprehendeth CHRIST in the *Spirit* together with all his Benefits; and thus doth know CHRIST aright in the *Spirit*.—*This is the Kingdom of GOD.—This is the Life everlasting.—This is the right Knowledge of GOD, wherein Life eternal doth consist*, as CHRIST expresses it, (John xvii. 3.) “*And this is Life eternal, that they might (rightly) know thee, O Father!*” “*and Jesus Christ whom thou hast sent.*”

LIV. The *true Knowledge of God* consists in the Coming to a right Acquaintance with CHRIST, together with the FATHER, in the HOLY GHOST; and not according to *Reason*, according to the *Letter*, in an historical Way only: This last Kind of Knowledge saveth no Man. For in this Way are the Ungodly also able to attain to a great Proficiency in the orthodox Knowledge of *Christ* in their *Reason*, and from the Scripture; but this doth not save, or make them happy. So then the *outward Knowledge* in the Reason of Man, gathered out of the Scripture, doth not save, or make any one happy; but the
inward

inward Knowledge, according to the Spirit, and in the *Holy Ghost*, is that, which alone saveth and maketh any Man happy. For the Kingdom of God doth not consist in the *external* Knowing, but in the *internal* Knowing. The Kingdom of God is not outwardly visible in this Time, but inwardly, as *Christ* says, (Luke xvii. 20, 21.) "*The Kingdom of God cometh not with outward Appearances [with Observation]. Neither shall they say, 'Lo here, or Lo there; for, behold, the Kingdom of God is within you.'*" There must every one look for it, *within his own Heart*, and not outwardly, as I have said: And thro' that which is *outward* we must be introduced, and repair to that which is *inward*; whereby alone we can be saved, or made happy.

LV. Now let *him*, to whom God hath given his holy Word, the Holy Scripture, (out of which he is able to attain to the Knowledge of *Christ* in his Reason, according to the Flesh, in an historical Manner, by the Manuduction of which he may come to *CHRIST* within his own Heart, in the *Spirit*)—let him thank God for it: Yet let him look carefully to it, that he may not *abuse* the HOLY SCRIPTURE, by setting it up for an IDOL: Neither let him place his *whole* Dependence upon the having the Scripture in his Head; but rather let him thereby turn to God in the *Spirit*, within his own Heart: In which Case God will be sure to reveal himself to the Man, who seeketh HIM within his own Heart, by Means of a believing Prayer: And let him thus repose *all* his Trust and Dependence upon the *one-only*, true, and living God, who hath created Heaven and Earth. For GOD is a *one-only* God, who hath thus, in his holy Word of the *New Testament*, revealed himself as GOD the FATHER, the SON, and the HOLY GHOST; a Point truly incomprehensible to the Reason of every Man; viz. how GOD is a *one-only* GOD, a *one-only* divine ESSENCE, or BEING, and nevertheless *threefold*; the *Father* dwelling in the *Son*, and the *Son* in the *Father*, and the *Holy Ghost* proceeding from them both, from the *Father* and from the *Son*; as God, in a *Vision*, hath revealed the same unto me. Upon this *one-only* true God, God the *Father*, *Son*, and *Holy-Ghost*, are Men to place their Dependence

alone; as he hath thus revealed himself in the Scripture. Therefore must every one make the Scripture a *Passage* to God, and not merely stop and sit down in the Passage, without proceeding any further. For the Scripture is barely a *Witness* concerning God, and leadeth to God; but the Scripture is not God himself: But God doth only reveal himself by the Scripture,* as a Means.

LVI. Yea, and although God hath revealed himself by Means of the Scripture, yet must no Christian Man tie God down to the Scripture in such a Manner, as if God would reveal himself to no Man in the Heart by his *Holy Spirit*, wherein alone the Kingdom of God consists: In such a Manner that those who are in Possession of the Holy Scripture should imagine, that no Man, or even no Nation, were capable of being saved, but only such as have the Holy Scripture, especially the *New Testament*. To this they are not to tie God down, neither to damn all such as are not in Possession of the *New Testament*.—No, no; Christians must not do this. For God is a *sovereign*, omnipotent ESSENCE, who both can and will do every Thing, according to his own Good-Pleasure, wherein no Man has any Right to prescribe to, or controul him. Thus then, without Doubt, is God also able to reveal himself in the Heart, *in Spirit*, whensoever he pleases, to such as have not the Holy Scripture: And whenever he is pleased so to do, who is the Person that shall hinder him? Therefore let no Christian damn one that is not a Christian: This doth not become any Christian. For a Man may sure enough be saved through *Christ*, if the *Holy Ghost* doth but produce that Faith in *Christ* within his Heart, which worketh by Love, although he understandeth it not in his Reason. He may nevertheless be saved, even without the Scripture: For though he hath no Knowledge of the Scripture, neither knoweth *Christ* after the Flesh, in an historical Way; yet may he be saved nevertheless, in the same Manner as *Infants* are, who have no Knowledge,

or

* *Deus a nullâ re cognoscitur, nisi a Deo.* "God is only to be known by God." Theol. Germanica, Page 112. See this very important Point further explained by our own Countryman, the late Rev. William Law. *Spirit of Love*, 2d Part, Page 167--172. *Way to Divine Knowledge*, Page, 121, 136, 137, 192, 242, as referred to at the End of Vol. I.—The Tr.

or explicit Understanding of the Holy Scripture, and of *Christ*, (Matt. viii. 11, 12.)

LVII. But no Man can be saved by the Scripture, neither by his *orthodox* Knowledge of *CHRIST* after the Flesh, in the Way of an History, according to his own human Understanding, without the *spiritual* Knowledge within the Heart. For without the *internal Revelation* of the HOLY GHOST in the Heart, no Man can be saved: Ay, and though he were able to talk from the Scripture a thousand Times more gloriously and fine concerning *Christ*; yet will he nevertheless be damned with all this Furniture, if he has a wicked, envious, and malignant Heart against such as thwart him in his *Opinion*, or in the Way *how* he understandeth this and that out of the Scripture; and when he doth not wish them Salvation, and supposes them to be incapable of being saved, unless *they* do also understand Things in the *same Way* with himself; or that no one is capable of being saved, who is not born and bred in *Christendom*. The People, who foster such Thoughts as these, evince by their Conduct, that they have an inimical and malignant Heart, and have no Feeling of that Love of *Christ* within their Hearts, which *hopeth the best*, and entertaineth kind Wishes and good Inclinations both for Friends and Enemies, (1 Cor. xiii. 7.)

LVIII. Yet neither do I say, that *all* out of the Christian Pale will be saved, unto whom the Word of God is not given: As little as I say, that *all* the Christians, who have God's Word, will be saved. For a *Lip-Christian* may as well, ay, and sooner be damned, than one out of the Christian Pale, who is not in Possession of the Word of God, and like such a Christian, doth also live in *gross, known* Sins, thereby resisting the *Holy Ghost*. Neither do I thus say, that *all* that are out of the Pale of the Christian Church will be damned, any more than that *all* the *Christians* will be damned: But what I say is, that God has his *own*, as well amongst such as are out of the *Christian* Pale, as amongst the *Christians* within it: Just as the *Devil* has also his *own*, as well amongst Christians within the Pale of the Christian Church, as amongst those who are without it. Neither doth it damn any Man, that

he *hath not* the Word of God, if it is not *given* to him. But *this* damneth, when any one *hath* God's Word *given* to him, and he *will not live* according to it, but casts the Word of God behind his Back; whose Condemnation will be thereby enhanced and aggravated: Such a one will meet with a heavier Condemnation than an *Unbeliever*, to whom God's Word is not given, and who does not happen to be born amongst *CHRISTIANS within*, but amongst *HEATHENS without* the Pale of the *CHURCH*; which is not in his Power to help. Towards such an one, God may yet extend his Mercy, and work in his Heart by the *Holy Ghost*. And if he then feareth God, and doth his best Endeavour to serve *him*, who hath created Heaven and Earth, the Sun, Moon, and Stars, which he hath before his Eyes; if he (I say) feareth this God, and worketh Righteousness according to his Ability; then is he (so far) agreeable and acceptable to God: And, being thus agreeable and acceptable to God, also knowing God by his Creatures, and calling upon him; God will not fail to work in him the *Faith* in *CHRIST*; whereof I have not the least Doubt.* Whereas, on the other Hand, the godless *Lip-Christians*, who live in all Kinds of Sins, Defilements; and Vices, neither fearing God, nor working Righteousness, he will as surely leave to go to the Devil: For a *VIRTUOUS HEATHEN* is *more* acceptable to God than a *GODLESS CHRISTIAN*, (Acts x. 34, 35.)

LIX. Now, all ye Lip and nominal Christians! who with a Malignancy of Heart damn other People, consider this well. By so doing, you sin dreadfully against God, and by such a Procedure commit a greater Sin than those out of the Christian Pale, who in *Ignorance* speak Evil of
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* In the *Evangelical Conversion and Experience* of Dr. John Thaulerus, mentioned in a Note, Page 62, Vol. 1, there is a most wonderful *Exemplification* of what J. E. here asserts in this Paragraph. It passed upon a well-disposed *Heathen*; who, having heard of the Multiplicity of *contending* Religions in the World, very simply challenges God to let him know the *true one*, if his *own* was not right. This Simplicity and Sincerity God hears, and in Consequence of his Desire to be rightly informed in this Respect, sends him one, who in a *Primitive and Pentecostal* Way, preaches *CHRIST* effectually to him. Now, because this happened in so *dark* an Age, four or five Hundred Years since, it is the more remarkable; and of itself confirms this same Doctrine.---The Tr,

and reproach CHRIST ; for herein do *you* knowingly speak Evil of and reproach *Christ*, because you act in diametrical Opposition to his Word by your judging and condemning, although *Christ* hath expressly forbidden you so to do, (Matt. vii. 1.) For the Office of a *Judge* is none of *your* Business, but is the Business of *Christ*. *He* will judge, pronounce Sentence, and condemn.—To *this* you are not appointed. Therefore do you sin so dreadfully against *Christ* in this Respect ; because by your so positively pronouncing Sentence and judging, you usurp and infringe upon the *judicial* Office of *Christ* ; which as it doth not become, so is it likewise forbidden you. Now also that you do this *wittingly* is a much greater Blasphemy and Reproach offered to *Christ*, than when JEWS and HEATHENS do the same *unwittingly* and in Ignorance. If then CHRIST, out of *pure* Grace, Love, and Mercy, chooses to save some *Heathens* and *Jews*, wilt thou, canst thou then obstruct, or hinder his so doing ? Nay, if he would save them *all*, thou canst not hinder him : What Business is it of thine ? It is none of thy Concern. Let it rather be thy whole Concern and Endeavour to be saved and made happy *thyself*. What hast *thou* to do, whether this or the other Person be saved or not ? If thou wilt not magnify and rejoice in the Salvation of any one *without* the Christian Pale ; do not however *damn* him, but commend him to God. “ *If they fall, to their own Master they fall : If they stand, to their own Master they stand,*” who hath created them, (Rom. xiv. 4.) What Business hast *thou* with another ? Do you therefore let alone the Judging, pronouncing Sentence against, and Damning another ; rather concerning yourselves about something of greater Importance to your *ownelves*, viz. how *you* may be saved. “ *Every one shall bear his own Burden,*” (Gal. vi. 5.) “ *Every one must give an Account of himself to God,*” (Rom. xiv. 12) Every one has enough to do with his ownself. But now such as do *thus* pronounce Sentence, judge, and condemn another, evince and betray by their Conduct, that, at the Bottom, they have a false and an ungodly Heart ; let them live under as much Form and Semblance of Holiness and Piety before the World as ever they may : They have nothing but a *bare Semblance* of Godliness, (2 Tim. iii. 5.) whereas

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in the *Bottom*, in the *Heart*, and in *Power*, they are not godly; and thus are they merely and alone *Christians* in Form and Appearance; but no genuine, believing, loving, practical Christians. *This* I do also alledge, and here insert for good and solid Reasons, by the over-ruling Influence and Direction of the *Holy Ghost*.

LX. But now to return to the *Vision*: Just as the eight Men were standing in a *round Ring*, or Circle, so do all genuine, believing, pious Christians, in the *Spirit*, stand likewise in a Circle. Yea, and though they be in ever such great Numbers dispersed amongst all the Nations in the World, yet do they stand nevertheless in a Circle; that is, they live in *ONE Spirit*, (Eph. iv. 4--6.) in *ONE Faith*, in *ONE Mind*; having all *ONE* and the *SAME* *internal Faith*, which the *Holy Ghost* worketh in the Heart. They have all *ONE Holy Baptism*, having been all baptised by the *Holy Ghost*: They have all *ONE Supper* (of the Lord); for they daily hold this Supper together with *CHRIST* in the Spirit, within the Heart. Consequently they submit to the Governance of the *Holy Spirit*; who in their Heart worketh Faith, Love, Meekness, Humility, Mercy, Benevolence, and all other *Christian Virtues*. And thus do they yield themselves to be led, moved, and impelled by the *Holy Ghost* unto all Goodness, all of them lauding and praising God unanimously within their Heart.

LXI. And thus, in the Spirit, are they, one and all, in *Unity*; although, in the external Knowledge concerning *Christ*, and his holy Word, they may yet be *different*, and in such Respects still entertain a Variety of different human *Notions* and *Opinions* about *THIS* and *THAT*. Nay, though they may yet be in many *Opinions* mistaken, and even, in many Respects, be still guilty of Sins of *Ignorance*; yet is it all forgiven them in Faith, "*For to the Pure are all Things pure,*" (Tit. i. 15.) And being now, by the Blood of *Christ*, cleansed from *all Sin*; therefore doth this do them no *essential* Damage, how much so ever they, through *Ignorance*, may yet sin in *Notions* and *Opinions*; mistaking also in one and another Point, respecting the Word of God, and as to *Life* and
Conversation

Conversation also. This is a great Consolation for such Believers as live in *that* Faith, which the *Holy Ghost* worketh within the Heart, (Coloss. ii. 12.) Whereas no Unbelievers have the same Ground of Consolation: For though they may be called *Christians* a thousand Times over, and even know *Christ* after the Flesh, according to the History, and according to the Letter, in their Reason; yet are they nevertheless *unbelieving* Men, if at the same Time they do not live in the Love, Meekness, and Humility of JESUS CHRIST. 'This the *Lip-Christians* have good Reason to reflect seriously upon, who live in so much Enmity, Hatred, Envy and Wrath, in Unrighteousness, Lying and Deceit, in Pride and Haughtiness, in Scorn and Contempt, in Evil-speaking and Calumniating their Neighbour; it being as clear as the Day, that many LIP-CHRISTIANS do actually lead *such* an evil Life as this. Yet are not the believing, pious Christians, who do not behave thus, intended by it; neither ought *they* to take the same to themselves.

LXII. In that I then saw *the Star* over the eight Men, who had formed themselves into a Ring, or Circle, and were lauding and praising God; this signifies CHRIST, *the bright and Morning Star*, (Rev. xxii. 16.) who shelters and protects his *own* from all Evil. For altho' Christians be outwardly vexed by the Ungodly in the World, yet must all this be incapable of doing them any *real* Hurt at all, or of being bad, but rather good for them; for *Christ* preserves *them* from the *Evil*. And, although they be vexed and disquieted together with other People outwardly, in the Body; yet are they made joyful again by the *Holy Ghost* inwardly in the Heart: Forasmuch as the *Holy Ghost* is able again to render them much more joyful in the Heart inwardly than the Ungodly are, by God's Permission, able to vex and disquiet them outwardly. Thus need not the Good and Pious to be in any Dread and Apprehension on Account of Judgments and Plagues: The *Holy Ghost* is able to rejoice and cheer *his own* in the very Midst of Tribulation; and they can be preserved in the Midst of the Furnace of Tribulation by the *Holy Ghost*, as well as if they were out of it; in Manner of the three Men who were preserved in the fiery Furnace, as we read
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in the Prophet *Daniel*. (Chap. iii. 24, &c.) In the same Way is GOD able to preserve his own, even in the Midst of the Furnace of Affliction. For as little as the Fire was able to do any Hurt to the three Men, and to enkindle upon and burn them; so little also is the Fire of Tribulation able to injure his own, even though they *do* come into it: And as really as God did rescue these three Men from the fiery Furnace; so really will he also rescue his own from all Misery, and take them to himself into everlasting Joy and Felicity, as we are taught by the Word of God, (Psal. xci. 1, &c. Luke xviii. 7, 8.) When they are under *Shelter and the Shadow of the most High*, and are protected and sheltered by *Christ*, during this present temporary State of Things; then are they also made glad and joyful in *Christ*, initially in this temporary State of Things, and then perfectly afterwards to all Eternity. This I was to give the *Good and Pious* to understand, by Occasion of the Star; which signifies the Lord CHRIST, who is the true *Bright and Morning Star, which rises in all good and pious Hearts*, (2 Pet. i. 19.) shewing them the Way unto everlasting Life. This goes on before them, and they follow after *this* Star, as the Wise Men from the East followed after the Star, which led them unto *Christ*, (Matt. ii. 2, 9, 10.) And thus doth CHRIST, the true Morning Star, that *cometh out of JACOB*, (Numb. xxiv. 17.) lead and guide his own to his heavenly Father: And his own, who are also glad to follow him, hear *his* Voice, and do *that*, which *Christ* chooseth to have them do.

LXIII. Then also, that *two Men walked (in the Chamber) backwards and forwards in the Manner they did; conversing one with another concerning the lamentable and woful State of Things in Time, and that the two others were speaking concerning the Joy of everlasting Life*;—by Occasion *hereof* I was to exhort Christians not to be low-spirited and pusillanimous, when they are under Affliction in the World; neither to talk too much one with another concerning this *woful* State of Time; but rather ought they also to think in it's Turn upon the *everlasting* Joy, and of *this* also to speak one with another; upon *this* they ought to think and speak *more* one with another, than they think of the Cross's Life of the present

sent Time, and speak about it. For the Cross's Life of the present Time has only a *temporary* Duration, whereas the *everlasting*, joyous Life to come will endure to all Eternity, (2 Cor. iv. 17. Rom. viii. 18.) Now if, amidst their Cross, they are *always* thinking of this; then will the *Holy Ghost*, by Means thereof, work the heavenly Joy within their Hearts; so as thereby to make them forget all their Suffering; and, in the very Midst of Tribulation, they will be joyful: They will also feel the Antipast of eternal Life in their Hearts, in that their Anguish and Sorrow will be turned into heavenly Joy. In this Manner they will *previously* enjoy the great Benefit thereof during this temporary State of Things, if they will but comply with *that*, to which I have now briefly exhorted them. And of this was I to remind the good and pious Christians, by Occasion of the two Men, who were in Conversation together upon this woful temporary State of Things, and of the two others, who were engaged in the same Way upon the Joy of Life everlasting.

LXIV. But that *the Angel smote him from the Altar to the Ground, who represented and signified the Ecclesiastical State*; by this Occasion was I to remind the LEARNED, that THEY are *most of all* culpable, on Account of the evil and ungodly Course the present State of *Christendom* is in; because they do themselves lead such a God-less and wicked Life, in such Arrogance and Pride, and do keep up such a *diabolical* and wicked Course of contentious Disputation one with another; leaving thereby *Christ* with his Doctrine and Life; and instead of following after *Christ* in a good Life, rather following after the Devil in a wicked Life of Pride; in which their Hearers of Course copy after their Example.—Hence the Hearers live such bad Lives. For which very Reason also are the Preachers, the *Spiritual*, or *Ecclesiastical* State, smitten and punished in a Manner so signal and distinguishing. Out of their *Chair* shall they be smitten to the Ground: That is, from their *Pride* shall they be smitten to the Ground. They shall be humbled in *Proportion* to the Exaltation and Figure they have assumed and given to themselves; and in *Proportion* to the Pride and Haughtiness of Mind, wherein they have lived, (Rev.

(Rev. xviii. 7.) Therefore are they also sufficiently smitten already ; but they shall be smitten farther still, so as to be felled headlong to the Ground out of the Chair, or Seat of Pride, upon which they have enthroned themselves ; weening that *they* are the People who have the *right* Knowledge and Understanding of every Thing ; and, in Vindication of this Point, for-ever wrangling and jangling one with another. The one pretends to know, and will give himself the Air of understanding the Matter *better* than the other : The one will be *still higher and more important* than the other : The one exalts himself *above* the other ; neither does any one of them choose to *humble himself* to the other, according to the Doctrine of *Christ*, (Matt. xx. 25, &c. Luke xxii. 25, &c.) From this SOURCE flows all the Mischief, the Hatred, the Envy, and the Strife. Each Party has it's Adherents, and are thus up in Arms and in Battle Array one against another. In this Manner do the *Learned* give Occasion and Birth to the entire wicked Life there is in *Christendom* : Which all together takes it's Rise from hence, that they sit in the Chair or Seat of *Pride* ; from which they shall one Time, *at last* be smitten, in the fullest Sense of that Word, *down* to the *Ground*.

LXV. But now, just as the *Man in White* was however re-seated upon his Chair, so shall *they* be also re-seated upon the Chair ; yet not upon the Chair of *Pride* and *Arrogance* ;—by no Means ; but they shall be reinstated into the *Ministerial Function* ; and shall then preach the Word of God out of a pure, believing, loving Heart, and no more out of a proud, haughty Heart, (Isai. i. 25, 26. Mal. iii. 3.)

LXVI. And by Occasion of the *Angel's putting the two Swords into the Hands of the Man in White*, and saying, JUDGE ARIGHT ; I was also to remind the Preachers, or Ministers, that they were to take the Sword of *Faith* into their Right Hand, and the Sword of *Love* into their Left Hand : That is, they were to preach the Word of God out of a believing, loving Heart, and no longer to do it out of an Honour-loving and Pelf-loving Heart, as they have gone on preaching hitherto, whilst the Swords of Faith and of Love have been lying down negligently

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at their Feet, and they have themselves been sitting fast asleep in the Midst of such *gross* and *known* Sins. For they are well apprized, how it would better *become* them to live, according to the Doctrine of CHRIST, in Love and Humility, and to be Followers after CHRIST in his Life of the Cross: Whereas it is now notorious, that they do not live in it; but that they live in Pride, Hatred, and Envy, in the Love of Pelf, and of the World; and whatsoever they do, they do it *all* in a View to their Bellies.

LXVII. Nothing will serve them but to live, like *Lords* and *Gentry*, in worldly State: They cannot content themselves with a mere Livelihood; neither do they choose to live a poor mean Life in this World, together with *Christ*; but they want to live, together with the People of the World, the Life of *Lords* and *Gentry*, in this World; and by their Ministry, or Preaching, to amass large Sums of Money, that they may also be substantial enough to leave rich Portions behind them for their Children, that *they* too may keep up the same Figure in the World. Therefore do they take a great Deal of Pains, not to live the Cross's Life of *Christ*, and that they may not be Followers of *Him*, nor be the Servants of *Others*; but rather that they may *themselves* be *Lords* and *Gentlemen*; being waited upon in State, and living sumptuously in Point of Eating, Drinking, and Cloathing, just as other *Lords* and *Gentry* do in the World.

LXVIII. But *John* the *Baptist*, whose Successors they affect to be, did not live any such *genteel* Life as this in the World. In this Respect they are no Successors, or Followers of *John* the *Baptist*; neither do they like to be the Followers of CHRIST in his Life of the Cross; nor, in Conjunction with *Christ*, to suffer Poverty, Disgrace, Reproach, and Mockery in the World. They do not love to take up their Cross and follow *Christ*, but rather to fly out of the Way of the Cross as far as ever they are able. They will not deny themselves, take up their Cross, and so follow *Christ*. They have no Mind to crucify their Flesh with the Affections and Lusts. By which Conduct of theirs, they however of Course testify, that they

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do not belong to *Christ*. For *they that are Christ's do crucify the Flesh with it's Affections and Lusts*, (Gal. v. 24.) neither do *such* want any Dignities or Honours of this World, as many *Ministers* want and gape after them. So far from it, that *they* have an Abhorrence of them, according to the Examples of *John the Baptist*, and also of *CHRIST* himself; instead of their hunting after Popularity and great Incomes, a Thing as evident as the Day. Hereby also do they evince and betray in Fact, that they are no Followers of *Christ*, but are against *Christ*; because they have no Inclination to be despised, in Company with *Christ*; but like and desire to be esteemed and honoured, contrary to the Doctrine and Life of *Christ*, (Luke xvi. 13, 14.) Consequently, being not with *Christ*, they are against *Christ*; and all they do is only to make the Word of *Christ*, a Stalking-Horse, in a View to a Livelihood, or Living, just as any Handicraft-Tradesman may do with his Handicraft-Trade. They make a Deal of Disputing about the Word of *Christ*, cause a Deal of Mischief with it in the World, and do a great Deal more Harm than Good with it.

LXIX. Now that I am frequently obliged to write, by the Impulse of the *Holy Ghost*, with such Severity against the *Learned*; and which I have also printed and published, viz. *That the True Source of all the Mischief lies in their diabolical, wicked, disputatious Turn*; has also often had the very worst Construction put upon it to my Disadvantage; as if I did thereby revile and speak Evil of the *Ministerial Office* itself: Which is, however, not the Case, as I have also sufficiently demonstrated in public Print. But the *Holy Ghost* does however reprove them, through *me*, on Account of their great Sins; and indeed they are thereby smitten and reprov'd on Account of their Sins: Which yet is all done for a *good Purpose*, and not for any *bad* one. Therefore do I pray, that no-body may reflect upon *me*, if at any Time in my Works, or Publications, these Men are reprov'd for their Sins; but let every one reflect upon the *Holy Ghost in me*, who reproves them *through me*. For *THEY* must be *signally and distinguishingly* reprov'd, forasmuch as through *them* the Hearers are also instigated to the Commission of Sin, by Means of their unnecessary, disputatious

disputatious Turn and Talent, which they exercise one against another upon a Variety of *Notions* about the Word of God; and because indeed they do not, by their *own* Lives and Conversations, set their Hearers good Examples.

LXX. Now then, just as *they* set the Copy, so do their *Hearers* follow after and imitate it: For the Hearers look more narrowly and nicely to their Preachers *Persons* than to their *Expositions* of the Word of God. They ought indeed by Rights to look only to the *Word of God*, as it is delivered in the BIBLE; but they look more to their Preachers Lives than to the Life of the *Lord Christ*; and have more Faith in the Preacher's litigious Faith and Notions, than they have in *Christ's* plain, round, and exprefs Words. These they skim over with their Eyes, fixing them upon the Ministers, or *Preachers*, and not upon *Christ*: Nay, they do not see with their *own* Eyes, but they see with another's Eyes; they see with the Eyes of their *Preachers*. All that the Preachers praise, that do the Hearers praise likewise: And what the Preachers despise, that do the Hearers despise too. This I have had but too good Experience of at *Brunswic*. For after God had first raised me up again from the Dead, and the Ministers had for a While praised the Call and Commission I claimed, having for a While esteemed it as a Work of God; then did the Hearers praise it too, and so long also esteem it as a *divine* Work: Whereas, no sooner did the *Ministers* begin to despise it, and to regard it as a *Work of the Devil*, but the *Hearers* despised it too, and regarded it also as a *Work of the Devil*. And the very same is likewise the common Run of Things amongst all the jarring and contending *SECTS* too. All that their *Teachers* praise and esteem to be good, that do *they* [the Hearers] praise too, and acknowledge to be good likewise: Whereas what the Preachers despise and regard as evil, that do the Hearers despise and regard as evil too. Thus have the Preachers the Hearts of their Hearers sufficiently in their own Hands, being able to bend and turn them which Way so ever they please: And the very same is the Case with *all* the *SECTS*.

LXXI. Therefore

LXXI. Therefore must *all* the LEARNED in *all* SECTS be smitten from their Chairs to the Ground; and before all others *the* LEARNED *in the Universities*. For *from that Source springs all the Mischief*; because they do not there teach CHRIST, in Meekness and Humility; all they there teach being purely Wrangling and Disputing, how *this* and *that* is to be understood; by Means whereof, Pride, Contention, and Strife, is, of Course, all Men can learn there. And *such as these* do afterwards commence Ministers, who are to teach their Hearers a great Deal of Good, though they themselves have learned nothing that is Good within their own Hearts; neither do they live in the NEW BIRTH, but still live in the OLD BIRTH, having not been regenerated by the *Holy Ghost*. The *Holy Ghost* cannot work within their Hearts, Faith, Love, Meekness, Humility; but the *Devil* works in them Pride, Hatred, and Envy.

LXXII. Neither do they, at the Universities, learn any Thing about *that* Faith,* *which the Holy Ghost worketh in the Heart, and which worketh by Love*, (Eph. i. 19. ii. 8) and (Coloss. ii. 12. Gal. v. 6.) but they learn there their humanly devised and *many-articled* Faith; supposing it to be a *genuine* Faith, when they draw up a Number of Articles, and understand one and another Point of Doctrine *orthodoxly*, as it stands in the Scripture, every one according to his *own* Head: Upon which then they battle it out one with another, all wrangling to defend their *own* Faith with Dispute and Contention;

* LUTHER'S Testimonies on the same Head were, at the Beginning of the Reformation, not a Whit less *severe*, and in Terms far more *rough* and *rude* than any Thing here said. The following Quotation from Mr. LAW's *Way to Divine Knowledge*, is here very apposite. "When I had taken my *Degrees*, I consulted several great Divines, to put me in a Method of studying Divinity. Had I said to them, *Sirs, what must I do to be saved?* They would have prescribed *Hellebore* to me, or directed me to the Physician as a vapoured Enthusiast. And yet I am now fully satisfied, that this *one* Question ought to be the *sole* Enquiry of him, who desires to be a *true Divine*. And was our Saviour himself on Earth, who surely could do more for me than all the Libraries in the World; yet I need have asked no more Divinity-Knowledge of him, than *is contained in this one Question.*" Page 100. I wish there was no Ground for the same Complaints, and more, at this Day!--
The Tr.

Contention; and thus do they suppose themselves to be in Possession of the *genuine* Faith. Which is, after all, no *genuine* Faith, such as the *Holy Ghost* worketh within the Heart; but rather it is such a Faith as is fabricated, patched, and framed together out of a Multiplicity of Articles, by several Men of Learning; whose Hearts being yet fraught with Huffing, Bouncing, and Pride, they are yet living in the World according to the *Old Birth*. And about *such* a Faith as *this* are they then forced to fight and contend; under, and at the Bottom of all which the *Devil* plays his own Game, setting the *Learned* one upon another, just as one sets a Pack of Dogs one upon the other, with Design that they may growl at and worry one another: In the very same Manner doth the *Devil* also set the *Learned* one upon another, by Means of their *Articles of Faith*; about which they of Course bite and worry one another: And the Misfortune all the While is, that the *Learned* do none of them perceive, that the *Devil* is as much on one Side as he is on the other.

LXXIII. And here now the *Devil* can easily admit of their reading a great many good Books, of their being able to preach also fine Sermons, and of their being able to write fine Books, also of composing fine Prayers and Hymns; which is all good (in itself) and justly meriting Praise: Yet can all this, being a mere Production of their Reason, only make it's Appeal to the Reason of others; where then it flicks, and too often goes no further: The Heart is not affected by it; because, not coming forth from the Heart, neither doth it go into the Heart; it cometh not *from* the SPIRIT, and so returneth not *into* the SPIRIT. For People have no Direction given them to apply to the *Holy Spirit* within their *own* Hearts, that *there* they might be taught of the *Holy Ghost*. Consequently their *Hearts* remain as wicked as they were before, the Heart of the *Hearers* as well as the Heart of the *Teachers*; forasmuch as the *Teachers* themselves have no Knowledge at all in their own Heart concerning the Teaching of the *Holy Ghost*, and therefore are they also not able to teach the least of it to other People: For that which they themselves neither have, or know, they are incapable of giving or communicating to others.

LXXIV. If also GOD the Lord awakens a Person here and there, who preaching *from* the HOLY GHOST leads back again *to* the HOLY GHOST; then are the other *Learned Ones*, who still preach from their own Reason, with Might and Main upon his Back; in Order to cool his Zeal for him to the utmost of their Power, that such an one may not be able to prosecute his Teaching in *this* Way. And whereas then the *Devil* is so mighty in the *Learned*, as to be able, through much Disputation and many Arguments, to suppress and quash *one* pious learned Man with *many* wicked learned Men; so that *one* pious learned Man is liable to be overcome and suppressed by *many* wicked learned Men, through their Disputing;—because (I say) Matters go on thus in the World, and the *Devil* is so mighty in the Children of Disobedience, or *Unbelief*; (Coloss. iii. 6.)—therefore hath GOD now sent *me* an unlearned Man back again from Heaven into the World, so that I am also obliged to teach concerning the Teaching of the *Holy Ghost* within the Heart.

LXXV. But because I am no learned Man, nor have ever learned their *Logical Art* of Disputation, in Respect to the contested *Articles of Faith*, about which the Learned are battling and disputing so much one with another; therefore now are they not able to suppress and quash me with their Disputes; that is impossible. And thus then doth the *Holy Ghost* come to them through *me* and through *my Spirit*; for HE *alone* doth teach my Spirit; neither am I taught of Men in the same Manner with pious Learned Ones, who are taught of Men. Thus hath the Matter then a quite different Mode and Situation with me from what it has with the pious Learned Ones. For I deliver nothing that is good by Means of my own *human Reason*, out of my own Head; because, from my Youth up, I have learned nothing that is good in *that* Way, as the pious Learned Ones must be presumed to have done; who from thence deliver that which is good: Amidst which, of Course, something *human* does, out of their own Reason, frequently drop and intermix itself; on Account of which they are liable to be attacked, baffled, and suppressed by the wicked Learned Ones, being unable to stand their Ground against them. But I can easily stand *my* Ground
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against them, because I deliver nothing *human* to them, out of my own Head ; but all the Good I deliver to them I deliver through the *Inspiration*, or *Suggestion* of the HOLY GHOST. Therefore am I well able to maintain my Ground against them, considering that what I speak and write is done by the Inspiration and Impulse of the *Holy Ghost* ; and that the *Holy Ghost* is a thousand Times more mighty in *me* than the *Devil* is in all the ungodly *Learned Ones* in the whole World, (Luke xxi. 15. Acts vi. 10. 1 Joh. iv. 4.)

LXXVI. Neither do I fear any of them the least Jot ; and therefore do I speak and write, with such Freedom against the Learned, every Thing to which the *Holy Ghost* impels me. As indeed the Angel bid me also tell you *Learned Ones*, to take the Sword of *Faith* and the Sword of *Love* into your Hands, and to preach out of a believing loving Heart ; therefore do I hold on in the same Strain still. Take ye the Sword of Faith into the Right Hand, and the Sword of Love into the Left, and *Judge ye aright* ; that is, preach you now henceforth the Word of GOD out of a believing, loving Heart, and preach no longer out of an ambitious, and avaricious Heart ; but preach you (I say) out of a believing, loving Heart. Lift up your Voice like a Trumpet ; shew the Wicked his Transgressions ; neither do ye dally and play the Hypocrite with him. Put also your Confidence in GOD, leaving all *Consequences* to HIM, and *he* will furnish you with a Livelihood and Support in your Office. Therefore reprove ye the Wicked for their Sins, the *Great* as well as the *Small*. Yea, and though Mankind were to be all up in Arms against you on that Account, do not *you* mind *that* at all. GOD can sure enough and easily preserve and feed you without Man. Ay, and though God were to permit your Head to be severed from your Body (as in the Case of *John the Baptist*, Matt. xiv. 3, &c.) on Account of your reproving the Wicked for their Sins ; be nevertheless contented with it ; resigning up your very Heads with Gladness for the Truth's Sake, on Account of the Office of Reprehension and Correction to which you are called, when you are to preach the Truth. Be glad then to abandon and sacrifice your own Life for *such* Truth, and for *Christ's* Sake.

LXXVII. So

LXXVII. So then lift up your Voice like a Trumpet in true Faith, and reprove Sin to the very utmost of your Power. Respect no Man's Person, seeking in all ye do the Glory of God, and your Hearers Salvation; but not your own Glory, and your Hearers Money and Substance, as you have now been doing for a long Season. Let your Preaching become once a Matter of *Earnestness*; neither do ye dally and play the Hypocrite with People any longer for "*Handfuls of Barley*," and for the Sake of a Dish of Money served up to you, (Ezek. xiii. 19.) Let all this drop, and be ye perfectly indifferent about it. Nay, although ye were, for so doing, to be deposed from your Office, and banished out of your Country, so as to be forced to incur great Inconvenience, and to suffer great Distress; yet do ye bear it all; and consider, that *John the Baptist*, CHRIST also, and all his *Apostles*, have met with no extraordinarily fine Gentlemen's Days in the World. They have also been obliged to rove about the World in Poverty, and to bear their Cross. Thus do ye also bear the Cross patiently, together with whatsoever else may be inflicted upon you for it, when ye reprove Sin, and roundly declare the Truth.

LXXVIII. And when ye thus reprove Sin, and declare the Truth, take Care also that ye do it all out of a *divine Zeal*, and from the *Love of Christ*; and not out of a *human Zeal*, nor from a *bitter, envious, malignant Heart*, out of a revengeful, wicked, carnal Heart. Accordingly, whatsoever ye do, do it all from the *Love of Christ*. And when ye are zealous against Sin, be so with a Zeal of God, from a Zeal of the *Holy Ghost*: Resign yourselves up wholly and entirely to the Disposal and Guidance of the *Holy Ghost*: Let *him* rule and reign in you, that *he* may inspire you with Zeal and Anger at Sin, and that *he* may reprove Sin *through you*. This must ye not do by your own human Power, but leave the *Holy Ghost* to work it through you, by Means of his *own* divine Efficacy and Power; or, do ye do it through *him*, by Means of *his* divine Power. Be in Union with the *Holy Ghost*, that through *you* HE may accomplish much Good, and ye through *him*: And thus preach ye through the *Holy Ghost* the WORD OF GOD, leading People back again to the
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Holy Ghost within their *own* Hearts, that there they may again hearken to the *Holy Ghost* within their own Hearts; and admit the *Holy Ghost* to rule and reign in their Hearts; and that *he* may illuminate their Hearts, and teach them, within their *own* Hearts, what they are to do, and what they are to eschew and leave undone.

LXXIX. In such a Way as this, conduct and lead you the People unto the *Holy Ghost* within *their own* Hearts; just as *John* the *Baptist* led and directed People *from* himself unto *CHRIST*, and they were then obliged to hear *Christ* for their ownelves; who taught them duly and truly what they were to do, and what they were to eschew: Do ye do the same likewise. Direct People, by the Impulse of the *Holy Ghost*, *from* YOURSELVES unto *CHRIST* within their *own* Hearts, that there they may hear the *Holy Ghost* his ownself. Yet is not this to be so understood as that if People, having *once* heard you preach, are to come back to you no more, neither to hear you preach any more; but my Meaning thereby is, that ye ought always to make Mention, in your Discourses and Sermons, of *that*, which I now teach you, and to which I exhort you; *what* I remind you of from the Scripture, and through the Impulse of the *Holy Ghost*. Do ye also hear and learn *that* your ownelves from the *Holy Ghost* within your own Hearts: I would say, when ye are alone, then introvert, or turn ye with your Thoughts into your *own* Hearts, begging of the *Holy Ghost*, that he would be pleased to recall to your *own* Minds, within the Heart, *that*, which your Hearers have heard from you by Means of your Preaching; and that *they* may also reflect, consider, and ruminate upon it within their own Heart, and thus daily call upon and pray to the *Holy Ghost* within their *own* Hearts, that he would be pleased to lead and guide them into all Truth, and incite them to all Good; and that he would be pleased to work within their Hearts ever more and more continually Faith, Love, Meekness, Humility, and all *Christian* Virtues, so as that they may daily grow up and increase therein. Unto *this* were you Ministers, or Preachers, enjoined to exhort your People, in your Sermons; and that you should ever set your Hearers a Pattern and Example, by your *own* good Life and Conversation.

versation. Ye were enjoined to teach and edify *more* by your own LIFE than with WORDS. If ye do this, then are you in a Path, which leads the right Way, and do indeed, *Judge aright*.

LXXX. Of *this* I was to remind you Preachers, said the Angel, in the Manner wherein the *Holy Ghost* should move and direct me. For although the Angel did not utter *precisely* every identical Word, which I write, it is a Matter of no Consequence: My Words are nevertheless good, and from the *Holy Ghost*; who, according to Circumstances, explains the Angel's Words more *Paraphrastically*, or largely. Let nobody also look upon the *Angel*, or upon *me*; but let every one look upon the HOLY GHOST, from whom all Goodness originates, whether it be conveyed through the Channel of the *Angel*, or through *me*. Yet if any Person were to think, that the Angel did not appear to me, nor had so spoken with me Face to Face, as is here described; but that it is a pious Device, or Fiction of my own; and that I devised and modelled it in this Manner by Illumination of the *Holy Ghost*—so must nobody think. For this doth God alone know, and my Conscience too, that *so it indeed is*, as I write it. And seeing that I am under the Governance and Guidance of the *Holy Ghost*, who leadeth me into all Truth; of Course then it is thus impossible for me to have spoken or written the Thing in any other Way than I *have* done. If then the *Holy Spirit* of Truth doth actuate and direct me, then also must I needs write the Truth in every Respect, nor can it be otherwise. But that the *Spirit of Truth* doth actuate and direct me, I have sufficiently demonstrated; neither is any Man able to refute me in this Respect; as little as he is able to convict me of having a Lying-Spirit predominating in, and directing me. Now a *Lie* would it be, dreadful and gross, if I were to say, that Angels had appeared to me, and had, after the Manner of human Voices, spoken with me; and the Thing was not so, but it was all the While merely my *own* Device and Fiction. So would I not speak, or write, for the Riches of the whole World, if the Thing were not *actually so*. But now, though the *Holy Ghost* doth actuate and guide me, it doth not necessarily imply, for all that, that I might
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not be liable, for my *own Person*, to entertain some *erroneous Thoughts*, and to mistake in *Opinions*; for in such Respects I am, for all *that*, as liable to Mistakes, as all other Saints have been heretofore. Nevertheless those cannot be called *Lies*, where any Person should, through Ignorance, make a Mistake here and there in Thoughts, or in Opinions. *LIES* are, when a Man speaks or writes something against the Remonstrances of his own Conscience, and to a bad Purpose, and which actually is not *in Fact* so as one speaks it;—those are *LIES*. But *this* no Man on Earth can convict me of, or that I should speak or write any Thing against the Remonstrances of my own Conscience to a bad Purpose; though, after all, it be not *actually* so in *Fact*, as I speak and write it. But that every Thing is in *Fact* so as I write concerning my *VISIONS*, verily God doth know, and my own Conscience knows it also.*

Thus have I written hitherto what I was enjoined to remind the *Ecclesiastical*, or *Spiritual* State of, by Occasion of my having seen the Man in White upon the Altar with the two Swords; as I have before mentioned the same.

LXXXI. Now will I further expound what I have seen, and will also further write down *that*, which I am by this Occasion, and by these Circumstances, to make Reflections upon, as the *Holy Ghost* shall proceed to over-rule and direct them. If then I am to expound *every Thing*, I must do it, let it turn out as prolix and tedious as ever it will: For this I cannot alter however, forasmuch as I must needs do *that*, to which the *Holy Ghost* prompts and impels me. But if the *Holy Ghost* doth not move and impel me to it, and would not have me explain every Thing now at this Time; then can I also *not* do it. For as I must do every Thing, to which the *Holy Ghost* prompts and impels me, neither can let it alone; so can I, on the other Hand, do nothing, if the *Holy Ghost* does not prompt and impel me to it. Thus then am I unable to speak, or to write a Word, though I would ever so fain do it; such a wretched poor Creature am I without the Impulse of the *Holy Ghost*! Thus am I, in my own Self, in
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* See Page 164--166 of Vol. 1, to the same Purpose,---The Tr.

my own *human Wisdom, Might, and Power*, a truly wretched and pitiable poor Creature. Yet will I also gladly be in such a poor, wretched, and pitiable Condition; because thus is the *Holy Ghost* so much the better able to operate in me, so as to move and impel me to all Goodness: Neither am I, in this Case, able to resist the *Holy Ghost*, through my *own* human Wisdom, Power, and Strength, seeing I do no longer live in them; as *those* are liable to do, who yet live and are strong in them. These often resist the *Holy Ghost*, warped by their own human Wisdom and Prudence, Power and Strength; so that the *Holy Ghost* is not able, for that Reason, to work in them, or to move and govern them: Forasmuch as that where Man works and rules, through his *own* human Wisdom, Power, and Strength, there the *Holy Ghost* is not able to work, or rule by *his* *divine* Wisdom, Power, and Strength.

LXXXII. But no sooner does a Man entirely resign up and leave his ownself to the *Holy Ghost*, living in Resignation, and desiring neither to know, or to do any Thing but what the *Holy Ghost* chooses to know, and do in him; but the *Holy Ghost* is then able to bear the Sway and to rule him; then has He Room and Power to work in him, to bear the Sway, and to rule. Consequently it is incumbent upon Men, on their Part, *entirely* to resign up themselves to the *Holy Ghost*, and to abandon themselves to *his* Will; who is able to lead and rule them better than they are able to lead and rule their ownselfes, by Means of their own *human* Wisdom, Power, and Strength: Thus is it then incumbent upon them, from Time to Time, and even more and more, to *die to themselves*,* and to grow up again and increase in the *divine* Wisdom, Power, and Strength; by Means whereof they are redeemed and freed

* Let the *serious* Reader consult what *Isaac Penington* declares upon this very Head, as it is quoted, Page 152, 153, in the *Memoirs of JACOB BEHMEN'S LIFE*, lately published by the Translator of this: Or in his own Works, Vol. 1, Page xxxviii. xxxix. And again, (Vol. 2, Page 529.) "Come, die to your own Wisdom! (It was the Word livingly spoken to me, and entered my Soul when it was spoken, never departing from me; tho' I was long in learning it.) and know what it is to *suffer with CHRIST*, that ye may also reign with him,---The Tr.

freed from a great Deal of Anxiety and Trouble, wherein they at present yet live, being grievously afflicted and tormented.

LXXXIII. That this is true, I may well say and write with Truth, from my own Experience: For I am nowhere casting about and providing for Futurity, neither am I anxiously solicitous about any Thing; but I always work my Way forwards in doing wholly and alone *that*, to which the *Holy Ghost* moves me; leaving it to God to care for and counsel me. And God *doth* also direct Matters so as they ought to be; according to which Method of Procedure, I work my Way every-where through to Admiration: Although otherwise, in a *human* Way, it would have been absolutely impossible for me to work my Way through in the Manner wherein it is however done. Now in Case this or another Thing should occur to me, in Respect to which I know not how to act; being ignorant what is to be done, or to be let alone, and how I am to make my Way through; and Matters seem so very strange to me, that even my Thoughts torture and perplex me very much, and I know of no Way to get forward, or how I am to make myself a Way through, as it seemeth to me;—then do I turn myself *immediately* to God within my own Heart; and beg of God, to be pleased to vouchsafe me the Grace of looking only at *him*, and of reposing an unshaken Confidence in *him*, and in his Helping me through, he being “*Great in Counsel, and mighty in Work*,” (Jer. xxxii. 19.) who has Ability to help, where all *human* Help is at an End; and *who* is acquainted with a *thousand* different Expedients, whereby he is able to help me to break through, where *I* cannot hit upon a *single one*: I pray to him to be pleased to vouchsafe me the Grace of always acquiescing in *his* Will, in what Manner or Shape so ever *he* may order the Matter with me; that I also may not desire to have the Matter any otherways than just as *he* disposes and would have it for me; that I may however not desire to have the Matter otherways than as it actually goes with me, let it go as *oddly* and *strangely* with me as ever it may. When I think in this Manner, thus resigning my own Will absolutely to the Will of God, and speaking

in this Manner with God in a believing Prayer; then do I feel such a Rest, Comfort, Joy, and Refreshment in my Heart, that I am not able to express it: And then God helps me so wonderfully over all Difficulties, that I am all Astonishment at it, how I get thro' such Difficulties with so much Ease; not knowing myself *how*, and in *what Shape*, but much better however than I could have ever thought, or been able to have contrived it my ownself.

LXXXIV. But I return, in the Name of *Jesus Christ*, from this Digression back again to the *Exposition* of the VISION concerning the *other Man in White* upon the Altar; who signifies the *Oeconomical*, or *Family-State*, as I have said before; and who had the golden *Rod* and the golden *Book* lying negligently at his Feet. In this Manner do many in the *Oeconomical* State also now sit and sleep; having the golden *Rod of Discipline*, and the golden *Book of Humility* lying carelessly at their Feet. Many Parents do not bring up their Children in the Instruction and Discipline of the Lord; teaching them nothing out of the golden Book of *Humility*, but training them up for the End and Purpose of their becoming great and glorious in the World; and thus teaching them nothing else but *Pride*.

LXXXV. Therefore said the Angel to me, that I was to tell Parents *to bring up their Children in the Instruction and Discipline of the Lord*, (Eph. vi. 4.) That they ought from their very Youth up, to exercise upon them the *golden Rod* of Correction; educating them in such a Manner, that they might become great and glorious in God: And that they were to instruct them out of the Book of *Humility*, implanting in them, within their Hearts, *the Fear of God*; so that from their Youth up they might be instructed in the Fear of God, and that they might learn to fear God, which is a Bar and Obstacle to Sin: "*For by the Fear of the Lord Men depart from Evil*," (Prov. xvi. 6.) And if they thus fear God, and are upon their Guard against *known* Sins, then may the *Holy Ghost* be able to bear the Sway in their Hearts, so as to govern them, and work all Sorts of Goodness in them: And if in this Manner they are

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governed by the *Holy Ghost*, they are then richer in the *Holy Ghost* than if their Parents could afford to leave them many hundred thousand Dollars.* For the *Holy Ghost* will rule and lead them in such a Manner, that thus they may be able to learn how acceptable they are with God and Men; and thus will they find Favour with God and Men; in which Case Children are of Course rich enough.

LXXXVI. For which Reason, therefore, Parents have no Need, with Dishonesty, by Lying and Deceit, to amass Money, and to add Possessions upon Possessions for their Children, as many do; in which, after all, there is no *Blessing* of God, but a *Curse*. Whereas, in that which God bestows upon Parents in the Exercise of that Trade, or Profession, which they carry on in an honest Way, there is a *Blessing* contained, let it be as little as ever it may. "*For a little that the righteous Man hath, is better than the Riches of many wicked,*" (Psal xxxvii. 16) That therefore, which God bestows upon Parents in the Prosecution of their Labour, their Trade, and Profession, in an honest and just Way, they may doubtless leave behind them for the Use of their Children, with a good Conscience; but they must by no Means seek to enrich them with *ill-gotten* Wealth and Possessions, which they thus leave behind them at their Decease.

LXXXVII. Now, if Parents would fain educate their Children in *such a Way as this*, they must further see they set them *good Examples* in the *Fear of God*, and in *Humility*: They must *themselves* live in Meekness and Humility, and teach their Children likewise, how *they* are to turn to *Christ* within their *own* Hearts; and how from *him* they are to learn Meekness and Lowliness, and ever to live in Meekness and Lowliness; (Matt. xi. 29.) to esteem themselves in their own Hearts, small and mean, not exalting themselves over any Man in the World, but humbling their ownelves under *all* Mankind in their Hearts; and thus will God confer his Grace upon them. For "*God giveth Grace unto the Humble,*" (1 Pet. v. 5.)

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whereas

* A Dollar is worth from about 2s. 6d. to 4s. 6d. English Money. In Germany they talk of *Dollars*, as we do of *Pounds*, or *Guineas*.

whereas "*he scattereth the Proud, the Proud in the Imagination of their Hearts,*" (Luke i. 51.) as dear *Mary* expresses herself.

LXXXVIII. This are Parents frequently to represent to their Children; exhorting them, before all Things, ever to live in Meekness and Humility, that they may at all Times remain in the Grace of God; and thus are they in every Respect richly provided for at all Adventures, temporally and eternally. Nay, supposing Parents were in no Capacity of giving, or leaving their Children the smallest Pittance; yet are the Children abundantly rich nevertheless, if they live in the Grace of God, and do thus live in God and God in them; in which Case they are in God richer than ever King *Solomon* was in the World. Now then, if Parents educate their Children in such a Way as this, and in this Manner lead them to God, -within their own Hearts; they have then no Need to entertain any anxious Concern, or Solicitude, how it will go with their Children. God will then be sure to provide for them all, let them have as many Children as ever they may. For it is a mighty easy Thing for God to provide for and maintain the Children, whom he has created: For verily he who has bestowed the most considerable Part, Body and Soul, together with Life; can also, with equal Ease, at least, bestow that which is least of all considerable, such as Food and Raiment, and what is otherwise requisite for a Livelihood unto them, (Matt. vi. 25. Luke xii. 22, 23.)

LXXXIX. But that Men are under such an anxious carking Care and Concern about their getting a Livelihood, and are thereby then reduced to such a perplexing Distress, originates entirely from this, that they have no good Confidence towards God; they do not *rightly* believe in God, who hath created all Things. Therefore should People, before all Things, call upon and pray to God to give them the Grace of always entertaining a good Confidence towards him: And they must at the same Time work diligently in their respective Callings, to the utmost of their Ability; in which Case *they* shall receive, and God will also be sure to give them eventually,

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as much as is good and profitable for them. Let them therefore always "*seek first the Kingdom of God and his Righteousness, and then shall that which is temporal accrue to them in the Bargain,*" (Matt. vi. 33.) On this Account therefore they need be under no such violent Concern, nor so carkingly in Care about it; whereby of Course they may be spared Abundance of Toiling and Turmoiling, in which they otherwise spend their Lives, as long as they have no good Confidence towards God. On God's Part there is no Default, but all the Default lies on the Side of Men, because they are so pusillanimous and desponding. Which therefore of Course comes from this, that they do not turn *rightly* towards God, and pray diligently to God; will not put the *Talent* God hath given them out to Interest, being "*not faithful in a little, that more may be given unto them,*" (Matt. xxv. 21, 22. Luke xix. 17.) For he that is faithful in a little, and tradeth with it, the same shall receive *more*.

XC. This I was further enjoined to represent and suggest, by Occasion of the *Second Man in White*, who signifies the *Oeconomical*, or *Family-State*; that, for Instance, all *Fathers* of Families, and *Mothers* of Families were, before all others, seriously to reflect and duly to take to Heart *that*, which now by the Impulse of the *Holy Ghost*, I have written concerning the *Oeconomical* State; because *this* will do them Good both in Body and Soul, temporally and eternally. They are enjoined to take it under still more *mature* Deliberation in the Fear of God; and thereupon, within their own Hearts, to turn to the *Holy Ghost*, to call upon and pray to *him*, that he would be graciously pleased to suggest to their Hearts, Minds, and Thoughts what they are to say, think, and do; and that he would not fail to vouchsafe them the Grace of being able and inclined rightly to educate their Children, those little heavenly Plants, in the *Instruction and Discipline of the Lord*, for his own Service, (Eph. vi. 4.) according to the Good-Pleasure of the Lord; so that *they*, together with all the *ELECT*, may in the Issue laud and praise the Lord of Lords, and the King of Kings, in Heaven, in everlasting Joy and Beatitude: And that they may never, by any Means, in Hell, together with all the *Devils* and

damned Souls everlastingly blaspheme and revile God; that by no Means they may ever become eternally *Fire-Brands* of Hell, and by no Means whatsoever eternally burn and roast in Hell.

XCI. This are *Parents* enjoined, before all other Things, to reflect seriously upon, and to let the *Education of their Children* become a Matter of great Weight and Importance unto them, it being in very Deed a Matter of prodigiously great Weight and Importance in it's own Nature. For if Children were but well educated from their Youth up, something good could also of Course come out of it. Therefore is it incumbent upon all Parents to make a right and proper Use of, and to exercise the golden *Rod* of Correction upon their Children from their Youth up; neither are they to suffer them to grow up, as they do, in their own naughty Will. It is their Duty to check and break the Naughtiness of their Will. For better is it, for Children to cry and howl in their Youth, than for the Parents to weep over them in their old Age, when it is out of their Power to curb and restrain them any more. As long as Children are yet young and tender; so long, like young and tender Twigs, the Parents are able to turn and bend them as they do young Twigs: Whereas, after they are once grown big, it is not then in their Power to bend them, just as large and strong Trees cannot be bent in the same Manner as young Shoots may be bent. Many Parents harbour a foolish, nonsensical Love for their Children, letting them have their own Wills, putting no Restraint upon them, nor making Use of the Rod of Correction upon them; nor can they bear to have their Children cry, to be struck, or whipped: And this must, forsooth! be regarded as an Instance of the *great Love*, they bear towards their Children. But this is no genuinely good Love, but it is a bad, foolish Love, or Fondness, which does their Children a vast Deal of Hurt. When in such a Way as this they leave their Children to grow up in their own Will, not much Good can possibly be the Consequence of it. *Sirach* says, (Chapt. xxx. i.) "*He that loveth his Son causeth him oft to feel the Rod, that he may have Joy of him in the End.*" And those who do not act in the same

Manner

Manner have no such Love for their Children as they ought to have. *Paul* doth also teach, (Eph. vi. 4.) that "*Parents are to bring their Children up in the Instruction, (Nurture) and Discipline (Admonition) of the Lord.*" But this is a Thing impracticable without the *Rod* of Correction.

XCII. Ponder this seriously, all ye who are Parents, unto whom God hath given Children. Do not lead them to the *Devil*, but lead them to God: Otherwise, you will have it to answer for at the last Day, and will be obliged to give a severe Account of it; provided you have not educated your Children well, but they live such ungodly Lives as to fall to the Devil's Portion. The Education of Children is no Matter to trifle and play with, the Consequences of it being vastly important every Way. And thus much concerning the *Man in White* upon the Altar, who denotes the *Oeconomical*, or *Family-State*.

XCIII. Now the *Third Man*, who had the *Balance* and the *Sword* lying carelessly at his Feet, signifies the *Political*, or *Civil State*, as I have said before. In Respect to this, the Angel told me, that a great many were also found in the *Political State*, who are sitting and sleeping in the same Manner; and have the *Balance*, which denotes distributive Justice, or Righteousness, and the *Sword* of Love, lying at their Feet. Thus then the Angel informed me, that I was to tell the Magistracy, or the higher Powers also in the *Political State*, whenever the *Holy Ghost* should open my Way for doing it, that they were to execute Justice and Judgment, by judging and governing aright. For the Magistracy doth not *always* govern and judge aright. And therefore it was enjoined upon me to tell the Magistracy to judge and to govern aright; and that they are to do this according to the Standard of the *Word of God*, seeing that they themselves are at the last Day to render up an Account of the Administration of their Government. They are not to conduct their Government according to their *own Heads*, neither are they to rule according to their *own Mind* or *Humour*; but they are to administer their Government, and to judge according to *God's Word*; and thus are they enjoined to *Judge aright*.
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They are to protect the Good, and to punish the Wicked, with the Sword of Love. They are to make Use of this Sword of Love, and do every Thing of Course, out of Love, whatsoever they do; but not from Hatred, Envy, and Malevolence; they are not to abuse their Power. But if they do *abuse* the Power God hath given them, God will then *mightily* punish them. For "*mighty Men shall be mightily tormented, or punished,*" (Wisd. vi. 6.)

XCIV. This the Magistracy is seriously to consider, and so not to *abuse* their Power; since at the last Day they must give an Account of the Administration of their Government; when the Lord *Christ*, the *Judge of all Judges*, the mighty and righteous Judge, who is possessed of Power and Might over all the mighty Ones on Earth, will judge righteously. Wo then to all Eternity upon such mighty Ones, who will not be able to justify the Administration of their Government, having not judged and governed *aright*! Such will then, in Eternity, be *mightily* tormented and punished in Hell, by the mighty Judge, *who is possessed of all Power and Authority in Heaven, upon Earth, and in Hell*. Forasmuch as unto CHRIST is "*all Power given,*" (Matt. xxviii 18.) and at the last Day he will hold the Judgment, when he will order all the Ungodly to depart from him into *everlasting Punishment*, as he himself teaches us, (Matt. xxv. 41, 46.) Wo then to the *unrighteous* Judges, who have not on Earth judged or governed aright; who have abused their Authority and Power; who, by their Power and Ascendency, have entirely sucked out the very Blood of their Subjects, and wasted their Substance in Excess and Riot; who have afflicted and tormented them by that very Power and Authority, with which they ought to have protected, cherished and comforted, and been a Joy to them; which is the great End, for which God has given them such Power and Authority. And thus have they employed it to the Affliction, Grievance, and Distress of their Subjects! Therefore shall ye yourselves, by the *mighty* Lord of Lords, and King of Kings, be, in your Turn, *mightily* afflicted, grieved, and distressed; if so be that, during the Season of Grace, you do not shew forth, in Fact, a genuine Repentance.

XCV. Wherefore

XCV. Wherefore do I exhort you, O ye mighty Ones in the World! by the Impulse of the *Holy Ghost*; you, I say, who have *abused* your Power and Authority; you, who have not governed, or judged aright, in *Love*, and according to God's *Word*; you, who have squandered away and consumed the Means of your Subjects in Riot and Excess, with your Dogs and Horses; having kept your Dogs and Horses in better Condition than you have your own Subjects;—repent ye truly and effectually, during the Season of Grace! Desist ye from your proud and arrogant Gluttony and Drunkenness, by which you so presumptuously and arrogantly waste and consume the Gifts of God, whilst at the same Time your poor Subjects are for Want thereof forced to suffer Hunger and pinching Necessity, and ye are distressing and tormenting them with one Taxation upon the Neck of another; which many Times they know not where they must get it up to pay with, whilst you are living in Grandeur and Jollity, consuming it, upon extremely expensive and superfluous Eating and Drinking, and in expensive Cloathing; tho' you might do very well with something of an inferior Sort, even according to your own Station, and might thus be able to let your Subjects likewise live decently; so that they need not on that Account be distressed with such a Variety of different Taxations, by which they are oftentimes so distressed, that for Anguish they do not know what Course to take: Nay, they by such exorbitant Exactions are even deprived of all their Means; to such a Degree, as through Necessity, to have no other Expedient left but to take up their Staff, and go wherever it will carry them—a-Begging.

XCVI. Verily this is not *Christian*, when you deal in such a Manner as this with your own Subjects; so far from it, that it is absolutely *unchristian*. This did not *Christ* teach you in his Word, but *Christ* teaches you Love and Mercy, (Luke x. 27, 37.) And whoever lives in *them* cannot bring it over his Heart to distress and aggrieve any Person in such a Manner, nor to do his Neighbour any Hurt, only that he himself may wax great, rich, and glorious in the World; living in it magnificently, altho' his Neighbour should, in Support of it, go to the Dogs,
being

being ruined absolutely and fundamentally. They are far from being *genuine* Christians, who conduct themselves in such a Manner, though many of the mighty Ones in the World do however do this; who thus abuse their Power and Authority over their Fellow-Christians, draining them in such a Way, by Means of their Power and Authority, that they lose their all, every Thing they have being wrested and taken away from them. Especially let the mighty Ones seriously consider this Kind of rapacious Conduct during Wars; who in the Face of all this will be Christians still, though at the same Time they distress and harass their Fellow-Christians in such a violent and outrageous Manner, that they are forced to lose House and Home, and all their Substance, and to be reduced to the Extremity of Poverty. These (Scourges of Mankind) with infernal Hatred, burn whole Cities and Villages down to the Ground; which is not *Christian*, but *Tyrannical*. And by such Proceedings, they betray evidently, that they are not moved and led by the Spirit of CHRIST, but by the Spirit of the *Devil*: And thus are they, in Heart, no *Christians*, but *Devils*; which their wicked, *diabolical* Works plainly manifest, and evince, (Rev. xi. 18.)

XCVII. But *Christ* did not act in this Manner; neither did he ever teach, or live in any such Way in the World; so far from it, that he acted, taught, and lived the very Reverse of all this. For *he did not come into the World to destroy Men's Lives*, to distress and torment them; but *he came to save*, to comfort and to rejoice *them*, (Luke ix. 56.) He loved his Enemies, and did *them* Good, as well as his Friends. Nay, *Christ* hath taught, that all his Disciples should do the same, and so follow after him in his holy Life. Now those, that do not do this, but the very Reverse, as many of the mighty Ones do now-a-days do, who would fain be Christians for all that; give hereby pregnant Proofs, that they are no *Christians*, but *Heathens* in their Hearts, and by their Works. They are thus *diametrically* opposite to CHRIST; being much worse than Heathens, who have not the Word and Doctrine of *Christ*, and in Words blaspheme *Christ*. In Lieu of which, these blaspheme CHRIST in *Fact*, or by *Deeds*; although they
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are in Possession of his plain and clear Word, which the *Heathens* are not in Possession of. Moreover, *nominal Christians* will incur Damnation before *Heathens*; (Luke xii. 47, 48.) because they know the Will of God, and do not do it; and *their* Damnation will be attended with much greater Aggravations than that of such, who have not known the Will of God; unless, during the Season of Grace, they practise true Repentance.

XCVIII. Ponder this well, O ye mighty and overbearing Tyrants! For in Deed and Reality you are *no* Christians, how much soever you may bear the *Denomination of Christ*; but in Deed and in Reality you are *Tyrants*: This you betray by your unchristian, wicked, and tyrannical Life, with which you attest, that the *Devil* bears the Sway in you, actuating you in such a Manner as to make you distress and harrass Mankind. No Children of God are you, but the *Scourges* of God. God does indeed permit War to take Place on Account of the grievous Sins of Men, and he also permits it for the very same Reasons amongst *Christians*; yet all such as give themselves up to be employed in War, and to be used in such a Manner as this, are not yet under the Dominion of the Spirit of *Christ*, and are far from being Christians, tho' they give themselves out for such; so far from it, that such are very *Heathens*.* Consider this well, O ye *wicked* Warriors, one and all, that it is not the Spirit of *Christ* that bears the Sway in you; but *Antichrist* rules and reigns in you, as also the Angel said, "*Antichrist has reigned in you long enough; Christ will also now at length rule and reign in you, by his Holy Spirit.*" Consider this well, ye Tyrants, and ye Civil Magistrates all, who *abuse* your Power and Authority; not governing aright, but distressing and harrassing your poor Subjects, that ye yourselves may have a fine Life of it in the World.

XCIX. Moreover, in all without Exception, who now live such wicked Lives as these in the World, doth AN-

TICHRIST

* See this Matter further and very feelingly explained by the late Rev. WM. LAW, in his *Address to the Clergy*, Page 165, &c. &c.---
The Tr.

CHRIST reign as much ; although in one stronger than in the other. Consider this seriously, O ye wicked Men, one and all, and repent ye truly, that *Christ* may reign and have the Rule in you : Neither do I mean *you* only, ye wicked Men in the *Political* State ; but *you* do I likewise mean, O ye wicked Men in the *Ecclesiastical*, and *Oeconomical* States, do ye *all of you* truly repent likewise ; for in you also doth ANTICHRIST rule and reign. Seeing that the Angel said, “ Antichrist *has ruled and reigned in you long enough* ; CHRIST *will also now at length rule and reign.*” Thereby doth the Angel not understand the *Political* State only ; but he also thereby understands the *Oeconomical*, and principally the *Ecclesiastical* State. For in this *last* doth ANTICHRIST yet rule and reign in the strongest and most prevalent Manner ; so that by it is the *Oeconomical*, and chiefly the *Political* State, seduced ; because the *Oeconomical* and the *Political* State, too, have their Eyes directed to the *Ecclesiastical* State, and suffer themselves to be seduced by it ; yea, and “ *all Mischief originates from, and is caused by the ECCLESIASTICAL STATE.*”

C. For the Members of the *Ecclesiastical* State instigate the Higher Powers to War and Bloodshed ; and especially do the wicked *Jesuites*, and the *Clergy*, or *Divines* so called, in the *POPEDOM*, seduce and mislead the temporal Powers. The same do the *Lutherans* and *Galvinists* also, for their Part, in the same Manner ; inciting *their* Higher Powers, or Civil Magistrates, to fight for and to defend their *human Faith*, with the Sword. And, just as the *Learned* are at War one with another in their Controversies about *contested* and *dubious* ARTICLES OF FAITH ; so are also the temporal Powers one against another in temporal Conflicts and Wars. Which all of it originates from the *diabolical* Disputes and Controversies, which the *Learned* bandy about in such a Manner Pro and Con about their *Articles of Faith*, which they draw up and frame their own selves ; supposing it to be the very Rectitude of Faith itself, if they have an *Orthodox* Understanding of God's Word ; which after all is far enough still from the *genuine Faith* : Whereas *that* only is the *genuine Faith*, which “ *the Holy Ghost worketh in the Heart, and which worketh by Love* ; (Eph.

(Eph. i. 19. ii. 8. and Col. ii. 12. Gal. v. 6.) as I have sufficiently intimated this in the foregoing Parts of this Tract.

CI. Now he who lives in *this* Faith is a Follower of CHRIST in his holy Doctrine and Life: And whoever is a Follower of *Christ* in the Sanctity of his Doctrine and Life, has no Strife, War, and Contention with any Man: He doth not defend his Faith with the *temporal* Sword, neither doth he with the *corporal* Sword slay any Man corporally; but he wields the Sword of the Spirit only, (2 Cor. x. 3, 4. Eph. vi. 17.) He fights and combats with himself only, (Heb. xii. 1—4. Eph. vi. 10, &c.) with his own depraved Flesh and Blood, with Sin, and with the Devil. With *these* has a believing *Christian* Fighting and Combating enough, if he be set upon Fighting and Combating. With *this* he has so much to do, that he cannot spare Time to fight, combat, or dispute with his Neighbour. This makes him forget the Fighting and Disputing with *others*, and leave it to take it's own Course. But those who thus strive, combat, and fight with others about Faith, by Words, Writings, and with the *temporal* Sword; do by such a Procedure betray, that they strive, combat, and fight, not as yet with the Evil in their *ownelves*, but rather that they are yet living in the *wicked One*, in Enmity, Hatred, Envy, and Strife, in Pride, Covetousness, and in all Sorts of Wickedness; that they are the Servants of Sin, are in Obedience to Sin, suffering the Devil to take them Captive, and lead them out of one Sin into another, (Rom. vi. 16.) They do not serve *Christ* in the Holiness and Righteousness, that is well-pleasing to HIM; but they serve the *Devil* in Unholiness and Unrighteousness, in the very Manner that is well-pleasing to *him*. They ought rather to turn their Arms against and to combat, fight, and strive with the Devil, and with Sin; a Thing this that is commanded them in God's Word; but on the other Hand they are not to strive, or fight with their Neighbour; for this is forbidden them by *Christ*, (Matt. xxvi. 52. Rev. xiii. 10.)

CII. But such People are diametrically opposite to *Christ*, acting Point-blank against his clear and express

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Word.

Word. That which *Christ* hath in this Respect commanded them *not* to do, that *do* they; and that which he hath commanded them *to* do, that do they *not*: Of Consequence then they act diametrically opposite to *Christ's* Prescript and Command; whereby they betray sufficiently, that ANTICHRIST, or the *Antagonist* of *Christ* rules and reigns in their Hearts, as the Angel expressed it.

CIII. But now, seeing that the *Learned*, being the Teachers and Preachers, who are well acquainted with the Scripture, which the Hearers in the *Family* and *temporal* States are not so well acquainted with: Seeing (I say) that the *Learned* do also, however, so wittingly and willingly act counter to *Christ's* Life and Doctrine, and do then, by their Conduct, seduce the *temporal* and *Family*-States; forasmuch as those that constitute them *both*, have their Eyes fixed upon the *Learned*, and not upon *Christ*:—Therefore also is the *Ecclesiastical*, or *Spiritual* State signally and distinguishingly smitten; it will be smitten and felled to the very Ground, just as I have seen it done in the Vision: And this will occasion such a clattering Noise, that those in the *Oeconomical*, and especially in the *Political* State, will be all-aghast at it, and wake up. That is, those who live in the *Oeconomical* and *Political* States will *yet* find out, in it's Season, how egregiously they have been seduced and imposed upon by the *Learned* in the *Ecclesiastical* State; and that they have not been led by *them* to GOD and to CHRIST, notwithstanding their having expended such immense Sums of Money upon them for such a Purpose; but rather that, by *their* Means, they have been all along led farther off from GOD, and from CHRIST, (Rev. xvii. 16, 17.)

CIV. Thus then will those in the *Political* and *Oeconomical* STATES find, that the *Learned* have not led the *Unlearned* to GOD, but to the *Devil*: And *that* to such a Degree, that if GOD had not particularly reserved some, as it happened in the Days of ELIAS, (1 Kings xix. 18. Rom. xi. 4.) the *Learned* would have led *all* the *Unlearned* to the Devil, in Order to serve him. IDOLATRY* is in our Days much more rife and prevalent than it was in

* See the weighty Note from *Wm. Law's* Appeal, N° CXIII.

in the Days of ELIAS; ay, and amongst the CALVINISTS too, as well as amongst the LUTHERANS and PAPISTS; which are the *principal Sects* (See Rev. xvi. 19.) in that confused *Babel*, or *Babylon*, wherein ANTI-CHRIST has his Reign. But now will this confused *Babylon* soon fall, seeing it is divided against, and at Variance with, it's ownself; and is thus it's own Destroyer. For "*if a Kingdom be divided against itself, it cannot stand long,*" (Mark iii. 24.) Now, since the confused *Babylonish* Kingdom is at Variance with it's ownself, and in a Ferment and Struggle within it's ownself, one Part with the other, consuming and destroying it's ownself; therefore will it also soon fall quite to the Ground; it will be soon mightily smitten by the *Angel*, to such a Degree, that the contending and battling *Papedom*, *Lutheranism*, and *Calvinism*, together with the other litigious and jarring *Sects* and *Parties* besides, who are *one up in Arms* against the *other*; will *all* fall in one *common* Wreck and Ruin. Thus will they be ALL smitten by the Angel of the Lord.

CV. Yet will not this be done by the *Temporal*, but by the *Spiritual* Sword. Many good Christians suppose, that it will be effected by the *Temporal* Sword, and that the *Ungodly* will be corporally slain and destroyed by the *Good* and *Pious*; but with such a Supposition as this they are extremely erroneous.—No, no; it will not be effected in *this* Manner. *Babel* will not be *thus* smitten and felled to the Ground, as if the Men in *Babel* were to be corporally slain with the material Sword; but all this must be accomplished in a *spiritual* Way, and they must be slain with the spiritual Sword.* The spiritually-wicked Kingdom of the *Devil* must be destroyed and demolished, dispatched

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* The true Meaning of this Paragraph and what follows N° CXI. compared with what goes before N° LI. LXIV. &c. seems to be this: *Babylon* will, it is true, be partly smitten and destroyed by visible *second* Causes, and by *external* Means, such as War, Pestilence, Famine, &c. yet will this external *Mode* of it's Destruction be *no Ways* either planned, or executed by the Children of God *themselves*; but by GOD HIMSELF immediately, and exclusively, (Dan. ii. 34, 35. 2 Thess. ii. 8. compared with Rev. xix. 15, 21.) There is therefore here no *Contradiction* in the Case, but a very needful Precaution given to all the true Children of God. (See Rev. xii. 7--12.) The Tr.

and slain in their Hearts; *Antichrist* must be driven out of their Hearts, and in their Hearts be entirely smitten to the Ground: On the other Side, must the Kingdom of *Christ* be re-erected in their Hearts, so that *Christ* may be able to reign and rule therein. For, in that the Angel helped the Man up again, and re-placed him in his Chair, though he had before smitten him to the Ground;—this implied, that the Kingdom of God will be re-erected and set up again in their Hearts, and that *Christ* will come to Life again within them, after that *Antichrist* shall have been first, within their Hearts, smitten to the Ground, and slain.

CVI. But if it were to be understood *corporally*, so as if the Ungodly were to be slain in their Sins, in a corporal Manner, and thus be hurled into the Abyss of Hell; few Men would survive this *Catastrophe*, and abide in the World, so as to be saved. For *Antichrist* rules and reigns to this very Day in *almost all* Men; though in one more prevalently than in another; which is very apparent: Yea, they do almost all of them live in a Contrariety to *Christ*, neither are they genuine Followers of *Christ* in Love, in Meekness, and in Humility. Nay, even such, as imagine themselves to be the *very best Christians*, do oftentimes still live in a downright Contrariety to *Christ*, being haughty in their Hearts; living in a *Spiritual* Haughtiness, which neither can nor will brook any Kind or Degree of Contradiction, or Slight. For no sooner are they slighted and despised, but they become wrathful and angry at him who slights and despises them: By which Sort of Disposition and Conduct they betray, that the haughty *Antichrist* has still the Dominion and Sway within their Hearts; but not the humble Spirit of *Christ*, which can easily brook and bear all Kinds of Reproach. Therefore now must every Person enter upon a narrow Scrutiny within himself; examine and prove his ownself, whether *Antichrist* hath still the Sway and Dominion in his Heart, or *Christ*; whether he be governed and actuated by the *evil*, or by the *good* Spirit; whether he lives in Pride and Wrath, or in Humility and Meekness; so that no Man may henceforth impose upon his ownself with a Semblance of, or with mimic Sanctity, and with an *unseasonable* carnal Zeal and Wrath for Righteousness Sake. CVII. For

CVII. For many a Man persuades himself, that he is, with a *godly Zeal*, zealous and angry against Unrighteousness, and that he would fain have every Thing only to go as it ought to do: The Intention of which may indeed be right enough in itself; but a Zeal coupled with *Wrath*, is, even in this Case, naught; neither is this any *divine Zeal* from a Principle of Love, but it is a carnal, bitter Zeal from a Principle of Hatred and Envy, out of Wrath and Enmity against this or the other Person, who is bold and presumptuous enough to thwart and oppose *him*. All which, therefore, originates from Highmindedness and Pride, in that he would fain be the Executer, or Achiever of this or that in the World, in Order to his becoming some *great Person* in the World, (Acts viii. 9, 10.) Upon this Principle, he would fain be doing a great Deal of Good in the World: But if he be thwarted and opposed in this Scheme and Design of his, then does his Zeal begin to burn and enkindle into Wrath and Bitterness against the Person that contradicts him; and it nettles and chagrins him prodigiously, that he cannot proceed in all Things according to his *own Will*. Now, by such a Turn and Conduct as this, he betrays, very evidently, that he has a proud and a haughty Heart yet within him.

CVIII. But thus is no humble Heart disposed; no Heart that has resigned and surrendered itself up to the Will of God, and in which the *Holy Ghost* rules and reigns: Such a one lives continually in Resignation; ever acquiescing in the Will of God, and thinking, “ It is God’s permissive Will, that I should be so contradicted and thwarted in that which is good: And seeing God permits me to be thus thwarted and contradicted, and that Matters should not go according to my Good-Will; I will then acquiesce in it too; I will bear it patiently, nor on that Account put myself into any violent Chase of a wrathful Zeal. If God can suffer it, I will suffer it likewise; nor will I bear a Grudge against any Person on that Account.” These are the Sentiments, and this the Language, of every good and pious Heart. It will patiently suffer all the Contempt and Reviling, which only respect it’s *own Person*: But, with Respect to the *Glory of God*, if *that* be reviled and vilified; and if against

that notorious Lies are forged and propagated, with a Design that the Ungodly may suppress and quash the Work of God;—*this* a good and pious Heart cannot suffer patiently; but it's Zeal and Anger rise on that Account, and it refutes the Evil-Speakers and Liars; yet not out of any Enmity towards the *Persons themselves*, but rather out of *Love* towards them. It doth not hate and enviously malign the Authors on *that* Account, and *merely* because they *are* wicked; so far from it, that it loves their Persons nevertheless; wishing and doing for them all the Good possible for it to wish and do for such wicked People. But an haughty, resentful Heart *wishes* Ill, and *does* the Persons every Ill-Turn in it's Power; to such a Degree, that if a haughty Heart had but the Power, it would not only corporally slay such bad People, but also hurl and send them headlong into the Abyss of Hell, in the Bargain.

CIX. Whoever then harbours and gives Way to such evil Thoughts and Works as these, does by *them* plainly demonstrate in Fact, that he has still a bad, haughty, and malicious Heart, in which the *Devil* yet reigns and rules; let him appear ever so good and pious before Men, and lead as good a Life before Men as ever he will and can: Although he may read a great Deal in the Bible; which, in his Head, he is so well acquainted with and versed in, that he is able, on all Occasions, to quote *Chapter* and *Verse* for every Thing; can introduce the Bible at every Turn; has so laudable a Zeal, that he is all on Fire with it, because Matters are conducted so contrary to all Justice and Equity; he contradicts the Evil, and would be glad to see Matters carried on in a Channel of more Justice and Equity. For, though all such Things as these are, sure enough, in themselves *good*, and it is a *Zeal for God*; yet nevertheless, and at the same Time, hath the *Subject* wherein it resides, a proud, haughty, bitter, and envious Heart; if withal he hateth and envieth wicked People to such a Degree, as that he would corporally slay, kill, and destroy them in the Midst of their Sins, if it was only in his Power to do it: Which is diametrically opposite to the *Doctrine* of CHRIST, and the very Reverse of his *holy Life*: Seeing that CHRIST did not act in this Manner, although

although he was instigated to it by his very Disciples themselves: For, when *James* and *John* said to him, (Luke ix, 54, 55, 56,) “ *Lord, wilt thou that we command Fire to come down from Heaven, and consume them, even as Elias did?*” *Jesus* turned, and rebuked them, and said, *ye know not what Manner of Spirit ye are of. For the Son of Man is not come to destroy Men’s Lives, but to save them.*” Therefore do all those (who would fain be for killing Men, because of their Doctrine and evil Life, when they live counter to the good Doctrine of *Christ*) by such a Way of Procedure, give a glaring Proof that they have still a proud and haughty Heart; wherein, not the *Spirit* of *CHRIST*, but a *wicked Spirit* of the *DEVIL* reigns — Nevertheless, as to the *Higher Powers*, or the *Civil Magistrate’s* being obliged, on Account of Men’s *criminal Lives*, (though not by any Means on Account of their *Doctrine* and *Faith*) to put them to Death; — *this* is a Thing of a quite different Nature, having no Reference at all to the Case of a *private Person*.

CX. Neither do I make *these* Reflections and Remarks without their very good Reasons. That no Christian, for Instance, should suffer himself to be so far influenced and instigated by the *Devil*, as even to *desire* to slay the Wicked corporally; and least of all, that *he* should have any Hand in the *actual* Execution of it: — With such Sentiments and Practices he must have nothing at all to do: But what he is able to do *spiritually*, let him do it; nay, it is his bounden Duty to do it, as far as it is possible and feasible for him: I mean, that it is his bounden Duty to slay and to destroy the wicked Kingdom of the *Devil within Men*; though, at the same Time, he lets the Kingdom of *ANTICHRIST* live corporally, that the Kingdom of *CHRIST* may be re-erected and set up in it’s Place, and the Temple of the *Holy Ghost* may be again built up in them; so as that *Christ* may teach and preach, yea, rule and reign therein.

And let thus much also suffice concerning the *THREE STATES*, and concerning *ANTICHRIST*, who yet ruleth and reigneth in their Hearts; but who will be soon driven out,

out, and *Christ* re-introduced in his Room, if *Antichrist* be but first of all felled in them to the Ground, and slain.

CXI. Now with Respect to my having at this Time written, *that it must be understood spiritually, that the Angel, with the Stick, or Wand, corporally smote one of the Men to the Ground*; instead of what I had said above, (No. LXIV, CIII.) *that such a Blow denoted corporal Punishments*;—neither of these Assertions are really *contrary* one to the other, nor ought any one to take Offence at them as if they were; for it denotes *both*. God may do every Thing that *he* pleases to do, but *Men* must not do every Thing *they* please to do. God can and may kill and make alive again; (1 Sam. ii. 6.) but it doth not follow from hence that *Men* may and can do the same; such an Authority, or Ability being beyond their Sphere: For though they have indeed the Power, by their own human Ability, to *kill*; yet have they no such Power as to be able to *make alive again*. Moreover, as they are not able to give any Man Life, so neither have they any Right or Prerogative to kill, or take it away from any Man: But if they do it nevertheless, God permitting it to take Place; they do then however sin against God. Well then may every one take this into serious Consideration, and above all others the *Ministers, or Preachers*, who by their controversial Doings occasion many hundred thousand to lose their Lives. Therefore must *they*, in *their* Turn, be everlastingly punished and killed; unless they choose to set about a true and genuine *Repentance*, and to desist from their *diabolical* Disputations and Contentions.

CXII. Now the KEY, which the Angel brought me, signifies the *Holy Ghost*, the genuine living “*Key of David*,” (Rev. iii. 7.) This Men ought to take and hold fast in their Hands; that is, they ought to call upon the *Holy Ghost*, and beseech him to be pleased to open their Hearts, that in them they may be able to descry how they teem with Sin and Unrighteousness; being fraught with Falsehood, fraught with Lies, fraught with Pride, fraught with Sin, Shame, and Vice of all Sorts and Kinds: And in Order to their acknowledging and seriously considering this, may he be pleased to vouchsafe them his
Grace!

Grace! It is then their bounden Duty to call upon the *Holy Ghost*, and to beseech him, that they may discern and acknowledge how they have lived hitherto in every Kind of Sin, Shame, and Vice; yea, in Pride, Falshood, Hatred, Envy, Self-Love, Pelf-Love, World's-Love, in Unrighteousness, in gross and grievous IDOLATRY; having not had their Dependence upon God, but upon the Gifts of God, which he hath bestowed upon them. For they have had their Dependence upon their *own* Wisdom, upon their *own* Power and Strength, upon their Money, Possessions, upon Men, and what *Species* so ever else there may be of IDOLATRY.

CXIII. They must thus confess, that they have not reposed their Rest, Joy, Delight, and Pleasure, upon God, upon the *Giver* of all Gifts; but upon the *Gifts* of God. If they can but get *these* according to their own Will, then are they perfectly well satisfied; whereas, if they are not able to get *them* according to their *own* Will, then are they equally dissatisfied; for they are dejected, pusillanimous, and desponding. By which Turn of Mind they betray they do not depend upon the living and true God, who has created all Things, and bestoweth all Things upon us; but that their Dependence is upon his Gifts, making an *Idol* of *them*; and by *their* Means forsaking the right, the true, and the living God. When God bestows his Gifts upon them, then are they well-satisfied; but if he takes them away from them again, then have they no other Alternative but to fall into Despair. And by this Conduct and Turn of Mind they betray irrefragably, that they regard the Gifts of God as their very God himself, and do thus live in the very *Dregs* of IDOLATRY; which is, however, a prodigiously great Sin thus to live in such gross *Idolatry*. Wherefore did God also grievously punish the Children of *Israel*, (see for Instance, *Exod xxxii. 1* to the End.) As he acteth to this very Day with Mankind, whom he doth also, in the same Manner, grievously punish, on Account of this Grossness of their *Idolatry*, in that not choosing to depend upon *him*, they depend upon his *Gifts*; and thus live

counter

counter to the Will of God, and not *in* his Will; against God, and not in God.*

CXIV. But a *genuinely-believing* CHRISTIAN doth not live thus counter to God, and counter to his Will; but rather he lives in God, and in his Will; depending wholly and alone upon God, exclusive of all his Gifts; (Psal. lxxiii. 25, 26.) and making it a Matter of Indifference to himself, whether God giveth, or taketh away any Thing from him; whether he layeth a Cross upon him, or taketh it off again; to *him* it is all one, Poverty or Riches, Much or Little, Nothing or Something, Health or Sicknefs, Sorrow or Joy, Contempt or Honour: In Sum, whoever lives in Resignation, and in sole Dependence upon God, makes

* As a farther Confirmation of the Nature of this universal modern IDOLATRY, and as a small Specimen, or Sample, of HIEL's Writings; the *serious* Reader is here presented with the Extract following, taken out of his, so called, *Foundation-Piece*, or *Ground-Work*; Page 251, 252, of the *German* Edition.

"All the Elementary Creatures shew Obedience towards their Creator: As says the Prophet, (Isai. i. 3. and Jer. viii. 7.) "The Ass knoweth his Master's Crib; and the Stork her appointed Times." Whereas *refractory* Man makes no due Reflection upon his Time. Therefore is he much more blind and befotted, than the very Creaturally Animals themselves.

"For it now appeareth clearly in the Light of CHRIST, that the Man of the Earth has totally lost his *divine Instinct*, his sensible, feeling Knowledge of the Deity, as well as *that* of his own natural Humanity; living solely to the *vain Imaginations* of his own earthly REASON. At which I am partly in Amaze: But above all am I perfectly amazed, that the Man of the Earth has so little Emotion in his Heart, when he reads the Testimonies of God; which do however, within his own Heart, clearly and nakedly point out and discover to him the divine Nature, and his own earthly Essence, Ground, or Principle of Life. Whence I am forced to conclude, that every earthly Man fosters within his ownself, and bears about with him in his own Heart, a gross and obdurate Blindness. Which makes me apprehensive, that but few will choose to come into an intimate Union with the *One Essence*, and Spirit, in the *one-only* and *essential* Light of Life.---May God Almighty be pleased to grant us a Reformation!

"For now, in the present Time, I find that Man is blinded and obdurate to such a Degree, as to be Proof against all Emotion, either from God, or from the Devil.---Yet can, however, Affliction and Distress, when Matters do not go to his own Mind, stir and move him: And in such a Manner too, as frequently to make him behave himself in a Way quite beneath, and out of the Character of a Man: And all this is then, at Bottom, only about his own PROPRIETY, or SELF-HOOD: Or, if any Thing, during the Prosecution of his Lust, happens favourably to him, so that he can repose his *supreme carnal Desire*, or Delight in it; then is he, in like excessive Manner, though

makes every Thing a Matter of Indifference to himself, howsoever it goeth with, or happeneth to him in the World, (Job. i. 20, 21. ii. 9, 10)

CXV. Now then, if People would but bring themselves to an Examination by *this Touch-Stone*, whether they live as I have now described it, *few* Men would be found who have their Dependence upon God; nay, we should find the direct contrary; whereby they evince and betray, that they live in *gross Idolatry*. This ought Men to confess, and to implore the *Holy Ghost* to be pleased to give them to see and to acknowledge in their Hearts, how they have been living hitherto in the *Grossness* of *Idolatry*, in scandalous Sins and Vices. They must pray to God for the Forgiveness of their Sins, must forsake their Sins, take their Refuge to the *Grace* of God, and have a Confidence in God, that, for *Christ's* Sake, he will be pleased to forgive them their Sins. When they beseech him so to do, and when they admit and entertain Sorrow and Remorse on Account of, and do actually forsake their Sins; God will

though in a different Way, very agitable; and by his earthly, *Heathenish* Joy, transportable to such a Degree, as to be unable to keep himself within any moderate Bounds and due Measures.

“By which Behaviour of his, in both Cases, he evinces in Fact, that he lives and dies in the *earthly*, wild, agitable Nature, and Spirit; and *that too quite out of all Connection with, and Dependence on God*. Which is a sad Ground and Object of Lamentation to the Man enlightened, being forced to see, that MAN, who derives his Descent from God, is seeking the Gratification of the *Lust of his Life* under such a Restlessness of his own PROPRIETY, out of all Connection with, and Dependence upon God.

“Alas! this is his gross Blindness, which it is extremely hard to recover him from.”---

Dear Reader, is not this palpable Fact, and an *Idolatry* so gross, that nothing can exceed it? Now, after the two preceding Witnesses, JOHN ENGELBRECHT and HIEL, let Mr. LAW confirm the same sad Truth, and Matter of Fact.

“To those who confine IDOLATRY to the Worship of *such Idols* as the old *Heathens* and *Jews* worshipped, it may seem a Paradox to talk of the IDOLATRY of the *present World*, either among *Deists* or *Christians*. But if we consider Things more than Words, we shall find that *Idolatry* is no-where, but where the Heart has *set up* something in the Place of God; and therefore is every-where, and in every Thing, where the Heart places that *Repose, Trust, and Delight*, which should be placed in God alone. For God is only owned and confessed to be *our God*, by these Acknowledgments and Dispositions of our Hearts towards him.” *Appeal*, 326, 327. See N° CIV. Col.iii. 5. also Rev. xiv. 6, 7.---The Tr.

will then, of his great Love and Mercy, forgive and pardon them all their Sins. (Psal. xxxii. 5. Prov. xxviii. 13. 1 Joh. 1, 9, 10.)

CXVI. Then must they withal call upon and beseech the *Holy Ghost*, as being the right and living *KEX*, to be also pleased to open at the same Time and to unlock the *Paternal* Heart of Love, that with the Eyes of the Spirit they may be able to cast a Look in thither, and in Faith to see the great Love of God; that they may consider, and so ponder deeply, what a great, fiery, fervent Love God the *Father* has towards *all* Mankind in general; of which he has given full Proof, in that he sent his *one-only*, his very dearest and darling Son, from his exalted heavenly Throne, into this World; that he suffered him to become a Man, suffered him to be born into this World in extreme Poverty and Meanness, and made him to be educated and grow up amidst such great Indigence, that he was not possessed of so much Property in the World as to be Master of a Spot of his own whereon to lay his Head; (Luke ix. 58.) and that he let him suffer in the World Contempt, Disgrace, Reproach, and Mockery; and permitted him to be afflicted and tormented, even unto the most ignominious Death. Men ought to ponder and consider *this*, what and how much, for Instance, *Christ* suffered in the Garden of *Gethsemane*, when he sweat a bloody Sweat; how much he suffered, when he was scourged; and what he suffered, when he was nailed by his Hands and Feet to the Cross. *This* ought Men to ponder and consider, what an unspeakably great Anguish, Torture, and Pain, even unto the most ignominious Death, *CHRIST* hath, during that Season, suffered; and *why* he however suffered all this: Certainly it was all for this Reason, that thereby he might redeem all Mankind from Hell, and from eternal Damnation; so that all who believe in *him* might be saved, and live together with him in everlasting Joy and Felicity. *This* should Men lay *deeply* to Heart, what a great and divine Work it is, for *CHRIST*, by his bitter Sufferings and Death, to have redeemed them from everlasting Damnation, and to have introduced them into Life eternal: What an excellent, noble, and divine Work this is; a Work as difficult to reflect duly upon, as to express in Words!

CXVII. And

CXVII. And thus must People also *deeply* consider, what all this proceeds from, or what the Source of it all is. They should weigh and consider, that all this proceeds from, or has it's Source in the great and inexpressible LOVE OF GOD. This great Love of GOD are they then *deeply* to contemplate, and to take it to Heart; *this* are they to weigh well, and to contemplate, and to solace themselves with it: They must also make all their Endeavours tend to the Living *always* in the LOVE OF GOD. They must beg of the Holy Ghost to be pleased to vouchsafe them a *feeling Sense* of the Love of GOD; praying thus,

* To us, O sweetest Love! thy Favour show,
With Love's true Ardour let us burn and glow;
That each other loving,
With Heart's Affection,
Naught may e'er mar our brotherly Connection.—

that we may also *thus* love one another from the Bottom of our Heart; for *this* are they heartily to pray, letting the LOVE OF GOD be a Matter of infinitely greater Importance to them than all Science, and Orthodoxy of Understanding in the Word of GOD: For the "*Knowing*" a great Deal, without the Love of Christ, "*puffeth up*," and maketh us haughty and high-minded; whereas Love maketh us humble, (1 Cor. viii. 1.) Thus is the Loving GOD and our Neighbour preferable to all Knowing, (Eph. iii. 19.)

CXVIII. Forasmuch as Love is also the principal Thing of all; so that after *all* else is passed away and gone, Love will however remain eternally: For "*GOD himself is Love*," (1 Cor. xiii. 8, 9, 10. 1 John iv. 8, 16.) So that "*he who dwelleth in Love, dwelleth in GOD, and GOD in him.*" And where, I pray, would a Man rather choose to be and to dwell than in the omnipotent, most benevolent, most affectionate, most merciful GOD, in whom we are preserved from all Evil? And what, I
VOL. II. I pray,

* A Lutheran Church-Hymn, *Now our Request to the Holy Ghost*, &c. Ver. 3. It may be here observed, by the Tr. that the Paragraphs, from the CXVI.--CXX. do fully justify the Testimony given J. E. by Paul Egard. See Page 115, 116 (7.) (8.) of the 1st Vol.

pray, would a Man choose to have in his Heart dearer to him than the Loving God, and the Tasting and Feeling how gracious he is? Like as *David* says, "*Taste and see, how good the Lord is!*" (Psal. xxxiv. 8.) Now if the *Gifts* of God are so fine and charming, how sweet and fine must, of Course, the *Giver* of all Gifts be; from whom however all Gifts descend, which are able to cheer and solace Mankind? And how much more is God himself able to cheer and solace us, as soon as ever we do but seek him aright, and feel sensibly how sweet the Lord is? Are Sugar and Honey sweet?—How many thousand Times sweeter then must God himself be? Can Bread and Flesh, Beer and Wine, feed, satisfy, and refresh hungry and thirsty Men?—How much more is God able to do this *himself*, who bestows all the rest? Verily, God's Goodness and Love is great: We have full and daily Proof of him in his Gifts. And yet for all *that*, People do little consider the Goodness, Love, and Mercy of God; not turning themselves towards God, from whom all good Things originate and come to us; but they keep cleaving to his *GIFTS only*, and will not come to *HIM himself*.

CXIX. Therefore is God so displeased with Men, because they cling so fast to the small and petty Gifts, to the *earthly* Gifts, and will not come to *HIM*, that *HE* may communicate his great, *heavenly* Gifts unto them; nay, "*make them Partakers of his ownself*," (2 Pet. i. 4.) They will not become rightly acquainted with *HIM*, by Means of his Gifts, wherein, after all, *LIFE EVER-LASTING* consists; (John xvii. 3.) and not in the external, *historical Knowing*, and in the bare *Affenting* and *Consenting*, as I have intimated sufficiently already.

CXX. Let every one then turn to God, and make themselves rightly acquainted with God. This is the Will of God, and is withal very good and profitable for Men. Now if Men still slight the great Goodness of God, and will not come to *him himself*; then will they be so much the more severely punished by God; and if they *will not* come to him, when he gives them a Call so to do, this will of Course aggravate their Damnation so
much

much the more. Whoever then would not wish to be damned, let him come to God, when he gives him a Call; and let him take good Heed to this Call.

CXXI. Now, that God doth actually call Men by *me*, letting them know *how* they are to come to HIM, and which Way they are to set about it, as soon as they have a Mind to come to him; *how* they are to lay Hold of the KEY, the HOLY GHOST; to call upon and to pray to *him*, that he would be pleased to unlock this and that to them; opening unto them every Thing that is needful to have opened unto them, as I have here said above; and what I have further admonished, by the Impulse of the *Holy Ghost*, and by Occasion of the *Key*—this ought every one to reflect seriously upon, and in his Mind to ponder it over and over again, in the Fear of God.

CXXII. *Affuredly* it is by the Leading or Direction of the *Holy Ghost*, that I do at this Time give them a Manuduction, or Lift to this End: Neither is it done thro' my *own* human Guidance and Sagacity: For it is a Thing quite impossible, that *I* thro' my own *human* Wisdom should be able to carry on and to write such a Work as this I have now written: * Neither would all the Men in the World be able by their own human Wisdom and Guidance, or by their own Power and Strength, to mimic, or come up with me in, that, which I have hitherto, within these three Days past, been doing and writing. And by *this* can I easily furnish another Proof of my being led and moved by the *Holy Ghost*, who guides me into all Truth; and of my Call and Commission's not being any *Forgery*, *Fiction*, or *deceitful Contrivance*; but that it is a *real Work of God* with me. The *Holy Ghost* himself is the Worker of every Thing that is good in me, and not *I myself*: For it is an absolute Impossibility for *me*, by Virtue of my own *human* Nature, to work any Thing that is good in my ownself; or to bring forth any Thing that is good out of myself, whether it consist in Words, or Writings. Moreover, it is equally impossible for the *Devil* himself to do it; forasmuch as the *Devil* is *fundamentally* and *radically* wicked; to such a Degree,

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that,

* See Page 13. Vol 1.---The Tr.

that, being *so* wicked, and having nothing in him that is good, it is equally and absolutely impossible, that any Thing *good* could proceed from the *Devil*, through me.

CXXIII. But now, since a great Deal of Good doth actually proceed from me, both in Words and Writings; and moreover “ *every good Gift cometh from God only,*” as *James* testifieth; (Chapt. 1. 17.) therefore it from hence follows quite indisputably, that the *good HOLY GHOST* doth really actuate me; that *God* doth truly and *essentially* dwell in me; that I am a Partaker of the *divine Nature*; and that the fiery, almighty, divine *ESSENCE*, or *BEING* doth shine and burn in me, exactly as I also feel and perceive it to be true: Now as really as I do feel and perceive, when being hungry, I am eating *earthly* Food with my Body; with the very same Reality and infallible Certainty (I aver) that I feel and perceive the *heavenly* Food also within my Heart, that fiery, heavenly, divine *ESSENCE*, or *BEING*, whose *Existence* has been from all Eternity.

CXXIV. *This* dwells as *really* and *essentially* in my Heart, as it really and essentially dwells withoutside of me in the World; and especially in the infinite and eternal Space beyond the Sphere of the World: Neither doth it dwell within *my* Heart only, but also within the Hearts of *all* Believers. For as many hundred thousand Sparks issue out of *one* Fire, scattering themselves far and wide, and are able to enkindle here and there; and then from each of these little Sparks a great Fire may again arise, enkindle, and propagate itself, although, at the same Time, all is but *one* Fire and *one* Essence;—the very same is the Case also with that *DIVINE FIRE* and *ESSENCE*, whose *Existence* has been from all Eternity; who is full of Wisdom, Health, Power, Strength, and Omnipotence; who has created all Things, that are to be met with in Heaven above, and on Earth beneath. *This* is able to divide and distribute itself out into many hundred thousand Sparks, and to extend and propagate itself into many hundred thousand Men’s Hearts. Each little Spark may fly into the Heart of Man, and light upon it; it may therein become a great Fire; whereas,
after

after all, the DIVINE FIRE remains in it's Perfection in the infinite and eternal Space, and also in the World withoutside of Man. For GOD is, in his own divine, spiritual, fiery ESSENCE, omnipresent (Psal. cxxxix. 7--12.) both in the Inside and on the Outside of Men: GOD is far off, and near at Hand: " GOD dwelleth in " the High and Holy Place, with *him* also, that is of an " humble and contrite Spirit;" revealeth himself unto the humble Hearts, making himself known to, also operating, and reigning in them; if with gross Sins, they do not wittingly and willingly resist him, (Isai. lvii. 15. lxvi. 1, 2. 2 Cor. vi. 16. John xiv. 21, 23.)

CXXV. Now that all this is true, and that *I* have also thus within *my* Heart a little Spark of the divine, spiritual, fiery ESSENCE, whose *Existence* has been from all Eternity; I am able, from *Experience*, to aver and to write with Truth. Moreover, this little Spark of the divine, fiery ESSENCE grows and increases in me continually; it continues ever to illuminate my Heart more and more; the more I reflect upon and aspire with all my Affections and Endeavours after it: And the more I pray the *Holy Ghost* in me, that he would be pleased more and more continually to reveal himself to me in my Heart; to enlighten the same, and ever more and more to work within me Faith, Love, Meekness, Humility, and all Christian Virtues; so much the more then doth the *Holy Ghost* work all this in me, so that I have a *feeling Sense* of it.

CXXVI. These *Phrases*, concerning the *fiery, divine* ESSENCE, or BEING, whose *Existence* has been from everlasting; and that *I have also a Spark thereof in my Heart*, and what I have written more concerning the fiery, divine, spiritual ESSENCE, will sure enough seem *strange* and *odd* to many Persons in their own human Reason, who never in all their Lives before have heard such *Phrases* as these. Moreover also, some ungodly Persons will be sure to say, as soon as ever they hear such Language, that they are Blasphemies and Speeches derogatory to the Honour of GOD; in that I describe GOD in his divine, spiritual ESSENCE, as if he thus divides and distributes himself out into an hundred thousand Sparks, and thus

lights upon and enters into the Hearts of Men. Just as they did also tax me with Blasphemy, because I have said,* that in Heaven I saw CHRIST in the FATHER, and the FATHER in CHRIST; that I have seen CHRIST in the FATHER in the Form of a beauteous Youth; who had a glorified, heavenly Body, one so *transparent*, that I was able to see the very Heart within his Body; and whose Countenance shone ten thousand Times brighter than Carbuncles; that I have also seen the HOLY GHOST proceeding forth, both from the FATHER and the SON, under the Resemblance of many Rays, as if many Rays were emitted, or were issuing from the Sun; with what ever else I have said and written, as the HOLY TRINITY, God *Father, Son, and Holy Ghost*, revealed itself unto me.—With Respect to this, some ungodly People declare these Speeches to be blasphemous, whereby I thus express myself concerning the *Holy Trinity*. These will now also be sure to say, that they are blasphemous Speeches, when I thus speak and write concerning the eternal, divine, spiritual, fiery ESSENCE, or BEING, and that I have been made a Partaker of a Portion or a Degree thereof in my Heart. Yet let *them* say this, as long as ever they will; I am not at all stumbled at it. GOD knows what I have seen and heard, and how *he* hath revealed himself to me, wherein no Man is able to controul him. *He* knows it, and my own *Conscience* knows it, that he hath revealed himself to me *exactly*, and no otherwise than, as I say and write; and which it is not in my Power to make a Whit better than it is. GOD is my Witness, and my own Conscience too, that I lie not; and that it is not my own lying Device, or Contrivance, which many wicked Men give it out to be.

CXXVII. But whoever will not believe, that GOD has thus revealed himself to me, as I say and write; he may let it alone: I will have no Contest with any Man on that Account. And thus have all those, who do not choose to believe it, no Business with it: Can't they then let it alone, if they do not choose to believe it? What Concern is it of *theirs*, that I say and write, that GOD hath revealed himself to me in such a Manner? If what I say and

• See Page 142, 143, 156, 157. Vol. 1.

and write is not strictly true in *Fact*, then must *I* answer for it, and not *another*. Consequently no other need concern himself about what I say and write concerning the divine *Revelations* and *Visions*; which (I own) transcend all human Understanding; and which no Man is therefore capable of understanding, comprehending, or perceiving by his own mere human Understanding. Therefore it is lost Labour, that the Learned want in their own Understanding to beat their Brains about them as they do, and would fain be fathoming the Height and Depth of God's Revelations with the scanty Line of their own *human* Understanding. This Remark I have also been obliged to make for good and solid Reasons; and I leave it where it is. And now I will likewise begin to write in the Name of *Jesus* concerning the CHAIN, which I saw, and shew what *that* signifies.

CXXVIII. *This CHAIN signifies God's Word*; for the Word of God connects together in the Manner of a Chain. And, as in a Chain, one Link is fastened and hangs in another, so is God's Word fastened, and hangs one Part of it in and by the other; and has, in the Spirit, no Discordancy, or Contrariety to itself at all. For though, according to the *Letter*, it doth sometimes seem to *Reason* to clash and to be contradictory to itself; yet is it in the Spirit, and in Faith, not contradictory to itself; so far from it, that it hangs together in mutual Dependency, like a Chain.

CXXIX. But that there is so much Controversy amongst the LEARNED about God's *Word*, by Means of which so much Mischief arises in the World; comes from this, that the *Learned* do not *abide by* the CHAIN of God's Word, but that they deviate from it, every one interpreting it according to his own Head, or Fancy. Thus then the Angel told me to inform the *Learned*, whensoever the *Holy Ghost* should move me so to do, that they must *abide by* the CHAIN of the WORD of GOD, and not deviate from it: and that they must confine themselves to it, and proceed no further than to the Extent of the Chain of God's Word; Just as when anybody, being fastened to a Chain, can go no further than his Chain reaches. In the
very

very same Manner are the *Learned* to fasten themselves to the Chain of the Word of GOD, and to lock themselves, as it were, fast to it; so as to be able to go no farther than the Extent of the Chain of God's Word reaches.

CXXX. They must not interpret the Word of God according to their own Heads and Fancies; and especially are they to abide by what *Christ* himself has uttered with his *own* holy divine Mouth, and as he has himself *taught* and *lived*. They are only to bend all their Endeavours continually to be all of them the Followers of *Christ* in his holy Life, and thus to guard against gross, known, and wilful Sins: At the same Time also diligently to call upon and to pray to the *Holy Ghost*, that he would be pleased to enlighten them in their Hearts, and that they might all thus come into that *Spirit*, from whence the Holy Scripture *flowed*. That thus they might read the Scripture in the *Holy Ghost*; and that the *Holy Ghost* would be pleased to open their Understandings, that they might have a *right* Knowledge of it in the *Holy Ghost*. Thus then would it be impossible for them to get into any Controversies about it; they would all unite together in Love; and thus, from a Principle of Love, in the *Holy Ghost*, interpret and expound the Scripture: In this Manner might they *rightly* understand, expound, and interpret the Scripture, each according to his *own* Gift, just as the *Holy Ghost* giveth every one to understand it. Of Course then such *Expositions* at these would not clash one with another; but all the *Difference* would be, that one would ever expound the Scripture in a *more excellent* Manner than the other: And thus have Men their Pleasure and Delight, each in his Neighbour's Gifts: And thus doth one rejoice the other, neither doth one hate or malign the other on Account of his Gifts, as is the Case in modern Times.

CXXXI. Now, if they (I mean the *Learned*) did all of them but give themselves up in this Manner to be governed and led by the *Holy Ghost*, and to live in Love, Meekness, and Humility; then would also the *Polemical* Disputes Pro and Con fall all of them to the Ground of their own Accord. Then would they also be able to teach
and

and instruct their Hearers in the same Strain, and to preach Love into them; so that War would also cease of Course. And then would Peace soon ensue in the World, if the *Learned* did but first of all bend all their Endeavours towards the Promotion of Christian Peace, and would live in it one with another: Then would outward, *temporal* Peace come soon likewise.

CXXXII. This I was enjoined to remind the *Learned* of in a brief Manner, by Occasion of the CHAIN: With which I shall also put a Period to the *Exposition* of this Point. And thus I neither can or will make any farther *Exposition* on this Head, neither make any more occasional Observations or Reflections upon it; because the *Holy Ghost* doth not now move and impel me to write any more about it. I have also, during the *Exposition* of this VISION, penned down so much at present, under the Superintendency and Direction of the *Holy Ghost*, that if the *Learned* were but to come up to it, Things would be then soon better, and there would be Peace in the World. But what is now written, let no Man by any Means reject on my Account; for it is a Work of the *Holy Ghost*, as I have sufficiently asserted. Therefore let every one accept and embrace it as from the *Holy Ghost*, forasmuch as I have evinced sufficiently, that *his* Work it is.

CXXXIII. As to what yet concerns the Angel's having been arrayed in so *beautiful a Garment*; by Occasion thereof I was also to remind every one of that *beautiful Robe of Jesus Christ's Righteousness*, (Isai. lxi. 10.) *with which he invests his Believers*. This must every one have in high Honour, nor must they bedaub and defile it with known Sins; thus then, to all Eternity, will they of Course be magnificently adorned with the heavenly transparent Garment, which will be embroidered with heavenly Gold and Pearls.

CXXXIV. This will be another Sort of Garment, or Robe, than any Garments of this World, with which the Body is here covered: Our Bodies will not there be covered in the same Manner as now they are: We shall be there arrayed with transparent, heavenly Garments, which quite
pervade

pervade our Bodies through and through ; that is, God will then quite fill our Bodies with his own *divine Essence*. When GOD SHALL BE ALL IN ALL, (1 Cor. xv. 28.) then shall we have transparent Bodies, to such a Degree, that one shall be able to see the very Heart in the other's Body. Then shall we be also able to descry with what an admirable Mechanism God has created Man ; and then shall we have such clear and bright Countenances, as to be able to see one Countenance or Face in the other, in a Manner much clearer than in any Mirrour of the most polished Steel. Thus will the Bodies be beautiful Ones beyond all Measure, which God will there give us. Concerning these beautiful, glorified Bodies I have already given a sufficient Description in the *Exposition* of the VISION * concerning the *New Heaven and the New Earth*. And thus then will I also now, in the Name of *Jesus*, conclude this Vision concerning the THREE STATES.

§ V.

The OCCURRENCE posterior to the VISION, AND THE CONCLUSION.

CXXXV. **N**OW the Angel, after having *spiritually* explained and expounded all this to me, and then commended me to the *Holy Ghost*, and his Divine Guidance ; forthwith departed from me. And thus did every Thing also vanish out of my Sight, and the Darknefs returned upon me ; for it was still Night. Moreover, as I was thus lying in my Bed, and ruminating upon what I had *heard* and *seen* ; I (further) heard a Voice, which spake thus to me, "*Hans, (John) get up, and immediately write down what thou hast heard and seen.*"

CXXXVI. But, as I kept lying still, and rather loitering in my Bed, I received a *Blow* upon my Face, as if given me by some clinched Fist, or Hand, so that my

Eye

* See Page 142, 144, 148, of Vol. 1.

Eye struck Fire again in Consequence of it. And I again heard a Voice, which said, "*Why dost thou keep loitering so long in Bed? Thus shall it go with all such as do the Work of GOD NEGLIGENTLY.*" Upon which I got up directly, lit a Candle, and wrote down the *Vision* and the *Exposition* in the House of the *Pastor*, with whom I at that Time resided. Now when the Day came afterwards on, and the *Pastor* saw me; observing my Eye to be black and blue, he asked me which Way it became so? Therefore I told him, that I had received a Blow upon my Eye, and that this was the Effect of it: At which the *Pastor* was greatly surprized.

CXXXVII. Often do I reflect upon the Blow I then received, even to this very Day; making it my Endeavour, to the very utmost of my Power, never to do the Work of God in a *dilatory* Manner; nor sparing any Pains on *my* Part to do as much Good as is within the Compass of my Power to do. And every *other* Person has equally good Reason to reflect seriously upon this Incident too, as well as myself. And thus, for solid Reasons, have I been obliged, under the Influence and Direction of the *Holy Ghost*, briefly to make Mention of this Circumstance; that, by such an Occasion, I might admonish every One to be diligent and faithful in his Calling and Function: For what I write, I do not write *principally* on my own, but mostly on Account of other People.*

CXXXVIII. For,

* In the *General Preliminary View*, Page 7, Line 24, Vol. 1, what I have there rendered, *A SLAP on the Face*, might have been better given a BLOW, &c. as appears from this original Account itself: Yet will the *Thing* be no less offensive to the Delicacy of *Human Reason*. But the *Tr.* would, for all *that*, wish every Reader to be, with the good *Pastor* of WINSEN, rather *surprized* than *offended*, and excited to *Mockery*, at this very *singular* Incident. Certainly it contains, not only the important *Lesson*, here largely inculcated; but further implies a strong *Confirmation* of the *Reality* of the entire Occurrence itself. Unless it could be supposed, that a Man of J. E's. *truly-religious* Character were capable of imposing such a Rank Piece of Fraud upon Mankind: Which no *truly-religious* Reader will, I am sure, ever suspect him of.

But, Reader! "Believest thou the Prophets? I will suppose thou believest." I beg thee then to turn to the following Passages, amongst others; viz. 1 Kings, xx. 35--43. Isai. xx. 2--6. Ezek.

CXXXVIII. For, as to my own Self, I have the right *Preceptor*, the *Holy Ghost*, very evidently in my Heart; who doth daily teach, instruct, and admonish me, what I am to do. From this *Original Source* of Instruction I learn; nor need I *principally* to learn any Thing out of Writings, or Books; they being but the Rivulets and Brooks, which have their Heads, or their Rise from the *Holy Ghost*, the most *Original Source*, from whence all good Writings are derived. I have the very *Original Source* of all Good itself manifest in my Heart, whence all that is Good flows forth: And thus have I no Need to be obliged to learn any Thing, as a Matter of Necessity, out of any good Writings, be they either my own, or those of others. Yet neither do I on this Account, or by such a Procedure, despise the Writings, which *others* pen down under the Guidance of the *Holy Ghost*; as little as I despise *my own* Writings, which I pen down by the Guidance of the *Holy Ghost*.

CXXXIX. I do not act in this Case like the hard refractory Heads and haughty Hearts, who entertain an Abhorrence of other People's Writings; and have no Mind to read them, let them be as good as ever they may. So far from it, that I peruse *them* with very great Pleasure; yea, and with more Pleasure than I do my own Writings, that by *them* I may understand what Good it is that the *Holy Ghost* is working through other People; and which of Course I take my Delight in. I am well apprized of that which the *Holy Ghost* worketh in myself; but I am not equally apprized of what he is working in others, till I read and understand it. Indeed, I have no absolute Necessity to read other Writings, in Order to be thereby led into the Spirit, which teacheth every Thing that

iv. throughout. Chapt. xxiv. 15--18. Hosea i. 2, 3, &c. There is also *some* Resemblance in this to the Case of *Zacharias's* judicial Dumbness, as it is recorded, Luke i. 18--22. From all which it is evident, that God's Thoughts are not as Man's Thoughts; and that it has been often his Good-Pleasure to instruct Mankind, not only by *Words*, but also by *Signs*, or strange and uncouth *Prophetic Actions*, done by and upon the Persons of his EXTRAORDINARY MESSENGERS; such as J. E. also in *his* Time surely was.---May we then all learn from hence, "not to do the Work of the Lord, "either deceitfully," or negligently, or dilatorily. Jer. xlviii. 10. Gen. xxi. 14. Chapt. xxii. 3. Psal. cxix. 60. Gal. i. 16.---The Tr.

that is good. In this I live already, God be praised! in the Spirit, (I say) whence every Thing that is good floweth. But, as to my Reading *other People's Writings*, it is all a Matter of Pleasure and Delight to me; seeing that I have such a great Pleasure and Delight in that which is good, and which cometh from God. And thus must I also own ingenuously, that during my Perusal of other good Writings, the *Holy Ghost* doth also teach and remind me of a great Deal of Good, whereby I am rendered capable of making a still farther Growth and Progress in my Knowledge of divine Things; which I am here in Time happy in already, and in which I shall be consummately happy to all Eternity.

CXL. Thus have I no absolute Necessity to read other People's Writings, in Order *first* to attain by *them* to that genuine divine Knowledge, wherein consist Salvation and Happiness, (See 1 Pet i. 9.) for I live in it already, God be praised! What I read, I read for Pleasure and for Redundance, not for Necessity's Sake. But with Respect to such as are not as yet arrived at this Happiness and Salvation, they must necessarily read and learn something that is good, that by Means thereof *they* likewise may attain to the same. On the other Hand, such as have attained to it already, read this and that good Thing in a Way of Pleasure and Delight; ever more and more by such Means recreating themselves in God, that thereby they may grow up and increase in the Knowledge of God; for in this we cannot grow up too much, or become too strong.

CXLI. And that *I* may also grow up and increase therein more and more continually; and that, in a Way of Redundance, *I* may remind myself so much the better of that which the *Holy Ghost* hath wrought in me;—for this Reason, do I still read at Times in my own Writings, when I am not instigated and moved to write: For otherwise I am obliged to give the Preference to Writing. For, during my Writing, a vast Deal of Good is taught me by the *Holy Ghost*; and not to me only, but also to other People: But with Respect to my own Person, it is not for Necessity, but for the Sake of Redundance.

CXLII. Of Course I have no Occasion, through absolute Necessity, to write down any Thing on my *own* Account; but what I *do* pen down, I must be obliged to do it for the Sake of *other* People, that *they* may have it in their Power to read what I write under the Influence and Guidance of the *Holy Ghost*; and that then the *Holy Ghost* may be able to work again, by Means thereof, a great Deal of Good in *their* Hearts, when they read my Writings with Devotion and in the Fear of God. Nay, should they even read them out of Curiosity, sometimes however some Good may be effected by them: Nay, should they even read them with a wicked Heart, and with Design only of hoping to find something in them, from whence they might take Occasion for carping at, and reprobating my divine Call and Commission; and should thus look for nothing Good in my Writings, but every Thing that is bad; yet at Times may nevertheless some good Effects take Place in them by the Operation of the *Holy Ghost*, productive of other Sentiments, and a Conviction in their Hearts, by Means of the Truth, that my Call and Commission are not of a *bad*, but of a *good* Nature.*

CXLIII. But when they are thus convinced within their Heart, and will not for all that receive and entertain what is good, neither desist from their ungodly Course; then will their Damnation become afterwards so much the more

* During the first blooming State of the Christian Church, it has frequently been the Case, that when some of the *Heathens* have, out of Curiosity, or even to carry on their Drollery with it, wanted to read the *Gospel* concerning CHRIST, they, by Means of this Instrument of so opposite an Operation, according to Man, have been affected and moved in their Minds, to such a Degree, as actually to be converted; and from *Partisans* amongst the Adversaries to become *Patrons* of the *Christian* Truth, even unto Death. Many also among them have actually carried off the Crown of Martyrdom, by having commenced much more zealous *Patrons* of the Truth, after their Conversion, than they had been before *Antagonists* against it. Of which there are remarkable Instances in the *Heathen* Stage Players, *Genesius*, *Gelasius*, *Ardalion*, and *Perphyry*; who made diligent Enquiry after the Mysteries of the Christians, in Order, in their Plays, or Dramatic Performances, to carry on their Drollery with them in Presence of the Emperors *Dioclesian*, and *Julian*: During the Performance of which, they thereupon became true Christians and Martyrs. See a Book entitled, *Acta primorum Martyrum sincera et selecta Theodorici Ruinart, Edit. Amstelæd. 1713*, Pag. 269; and *Martyrol. Rom. 14 Aprilis*, and *15 Septembris*.

more enhanced and aggravated. Moreover, *Christ* will then be found guiltless, seeing that he hath brought them to the Knowledge of that which is good; and yet, after all, they will not receive and embrace it, neither desist from their ungodly Courses. Thus have they then no Excuse to plead, (Rom. i. 20. ii. 1.) as if they had never known that which is good; seeing that they are convicted in their own Heart, that they have really known that which is good, whereof the *Holy Ghost* hath also convicted them in their Heart; and yet for all that, they wittingly and willingly refuse to embrace and receive the Good, amending their Lives according to it; and thus wittingly and willingly contradicting the *Holy Ghost* in their Heart; insomuch, that he is unable, by Means of the Good, to work, and to bring, Faith, Love, Meekness and Humility, together with all other Christian Virtues, to a Consistency, in their Heart.

CXLIV. Thus then must they also of Course die in their Sins and perish everlastingly, if they do not truly *repent* during the Season of Grace: For this is *the Sin against the Holy Ghost*, which hath no Forgiveness, either in this, or the World to come, (Matt. xii. 32.) When, for Instance, a Man perseveres continually in known and wilful Sins; thereby resisting the *Holy Ghost*; so that he dies in such Sins, and in such a Resistance kept up against the *Holy Ghost*. Wo to that Man! Thus is he out of all Capacity of Salvation, and must of Course be damned to Eternity.

CXLV. Let every one seriously consider this, and lay it well to Heart; *repenting him truly of his Sins during the Season of Grace*; guarding against all known and wilful Sins, and desisting from them; that the *Holy Ghost* may be able to work within his Heart that Faith in *Christ*, whereby he can be saved.

CXLVI. But although I say, that Men may be thereby in a Capacity of coming to God, provided they receive the Good, which I write by the *Holy Ghost*; yet let nobody now surmise, as if the Meaning were, that none could be in a Capacity of coming to God, or of receiving

ceiving any Thing Good, without, of Course, first reading my Writings:—This is far from being my Meaning. Every one may come to GOD, sure enough, if only he receives that Good which the BIBLE sets before him, and does not resist the *Holy Ghost* with known and wilful Sins; so that he may be able to work Faith in his Heart. In this Way he may be saved, although he were never to hear or see any Thing at all of *me*, and of *my Writings*: For by ME will nobody be saved, but by CHRIST alone: So that People may be saved very well without *me*.

CXLVII. But since, after all, such hath been the Good-Pleasure of GOD to send *me* from Heaven back again into this World; in Order that, in a very singular and uncommon Way and Manner, I should exhort and call Men unto *Repentance*; therefore, my beloved Friends, let it be *your* Good-Pleasure also; neither do ye act counter to GOD in *this* Respect. And if any one doth act counter to that Good, which I, through the Impulse of the *Holy Ghost*, promote; in such a Case he plainly betrays, that he still retains a godless and a wicked Heart; an Heart that is not *with*, but *against* GOD; because he cherishes a Detestation within himself of this divine Work, in the *Way* wherein the *Holy Ghost* doth work and carry it on in *me*.

CXLVIII. With Respect to such Persons as may easily have it in their Power to peruse my Writings and printed Pieces, if they only chose so to do; and to whom the News is brought concerning *that*, which I, by the Influence and Guidance of the *Holy Ghost*, have written and printed, but are too proud and haughty so much as once to desire to read them; but as soon as ever they hear of my Call and Commission, or get a Sight of any of my printed Tracts, or other Writings, reprobate and reject them without any farther Ceremony; having no Desire to read them, through a Pride of Heart; and yet, for all that, calumniating and vilifying my divine Call and Commission, without so much as rightly knowing *what* they are:—Persons of this Cast and Complexion give flagrant Proofs by their Conduct, that they are possessed of Hearts hard, wicked, and *godless* beyond Measure; Hearts that
are

are devoid of, and detached from God, and in Union with the *Devil*, whom they serve: Therefore are they in Truth and Reality *godless* Men, as being devoid of and detached from God.

CXLIX. Neither do I hereby recriminate and vilify *them* in my Turn, because I call them *godless* Men; like as some suppose me to have calumniated and vilified them with the Word *godless*. Herein I did wrong, say they, *so* ought I not to act. I do not calumniate them hereby, but I speak the Truth; and Truth-Speaking is certainly no Vilifying and Calumniating. Neither do I do it from a bad, or malignant Heart; but it is done out of Love, and from a good Heart, by the Impulse of the *Holy Ghost*; who, through *me*, chastises the *Godless* on Account of their Sins. In this true Point of View, it is no Calumny, that I declare such to be *godless* Men, who speak Evil of my divine Call and Commission, and have yet, at the very same Time, no right Understanding about it; and who, having much less convicted me of any Evil, do nevertheless yet persist in vilifying and calumniating my divine Call and Commission. Such Proceedings are beyond all Doubt from a *godless*, *diabolical*, and *wicked* Spirit in them; which they ought to be brought to the due Knowledge and Confession of, and to withdraw and desist from; for if they do not, God will signally punish them in Body and Soul; if, in such a Way as this, they persist in their Evil-Speaking.

CL. Let every one *truly repent*, cease to do Evil, and learn to do well; proceed in the Way of that which is Good, and be true and faithful in his Calling and Station. Let every one make Truth and Righteousness his Objects, in all he pursues and eschews; yield himself up to the Guidance and Leading of the *Holy Ghost* into all that is good; do the Work of God valiantly and perseveringly; not perfunctorily, neither being slothful in the good, divine Work: Otherwise God will send *him* a Blow, as surely as he sent *me* one by the Angel of the Lord; and that in a Manner so emphatical, that I came off with a black and blue Eye from this Encounter. Moreover, the Voice said expressly, “*Thus shall it go with all such as do the Work*

“*of the Lord negligently.*” Therefore do not do the Work of God perfunctorily, or negligently; but with Diligence, with Perseverance, and with great Zeal, as early, and as vigorously, as you are able to do it.

CLI. But now, if those shall be smitten, who do the Work of God perfunctorily, although they do not resist it, no nor even do the Work of the Devil; how much more then shall such be smitten, who do not so much as do the Work of God perfunctorily, but resist it; are directly up in Arms against it, and on the contrary do the Work of the Devil? Certainly such will be smitten many thousand Times more. Moreover, such as will not only not do the Work of God, but strain every Nerve, and bend all their Endeavours besides, not to let others do it neither; who calumniate and vilify those who do this Work of God, purely because of their having devoted themselves to it; who strain every Nerve, and bend all their Endeavours to cool, quench, and exterminate them; — such shall, without all Doubt, be many thousand Times more smitten, and then cast into the Abyss of Hell, if they do not truly repent of this Conduct of theirs: They being such as, not only not choosing to do Good themselves, do also oppose those who yet do Good by the Impulse and Motion of the *Holy Ghost*; with a View to cause *them* to do as little Good as they do *themselves*. These are certainly dreadful Sins of *Christians* so called: Who pique themselves upon their being Christians, are in Possession of God’s Word, hear the same much and often, nay even teach from it themselves, how we are to do the Word of God; and yet no sooner do *I* act according to the Prescript of their *own* Doctrine, but they immediately traverse me in the *Practice* of that which is good. Certainly these are gross; ay, gross and flagrant Sins with a Witness!

CLII. Never should I have believed, that such wicked People could have been found amongst *Christians*; and especially amongst the TEACHERS, if I had not had the Experience of it myself, (Luke ii. 34, 35.) And if it had been even told me beforehand by anybody else, yet could I never have been capable of believing, that such wicked

wicked Persons as these were to be found amongst *Christians*; and especially amongst those, who imagine themselves to be the *very best*, and to be the *very nearest* to GOD, because of THEIR DOCTRINE.* For it is not the *Hearers* only, but principally the *Teachers* also, who have most of all opposed me in this divine Work. Certainly this is a most consummate Pitch, or State of Ungodliness, that the very People are *themselves* Adversaries to the Word of GOD, who are in every one of their own Hearers Estimation supposed to be the Promoters and Vindicators of the Glory and Work of GOD! And yet *these very People* are in their Hearts most directly *opposite* to the Work of GOD, (See Zeph. iii. 4.) From which Procedure of theirs it is evident, that they “draw nigh unto GOD with the Mouth only,” (Matt. xv. 8.) They are outwardly qualified for preaching very excellent Sermons, and yet is their Heart all the While *far from* GOD, and *against* GOD. How bad they are in their Hearts doth at this Juncture make itself manifest, when now the divine Light re-inkindles and shines again thro’ me unto such a Day, as hath not in the same Manner shone hitherto for a long Season. For so hath it not for many Centuries foregoing occurred, that GOD should preach in such a Way through *simple* and *illiterate* Persons, as at this very Time he doth now preach through *me*.

CLIII. As long as we are in the Dark, we cannot see what this or the other is, nor make any Difference or Discrimination between one Thing and another; but no sooner is a Light brought into a dark Place, in such a Manner as to shine in and upon the Darkness, but we are then able to make a Difference between this and that; because we are able to see and discriminate between one Thing and another, between that which is good and that which is evil: Whereas, on the other Hand, in the Darkness, and at the Dawn of Day, before the clear Day-Light has taken Place, that which is good is often looked upon to be bad, and that which is bad to be good. The same has been the very Case for a long Series of Ages in *Christendom*.

* The *Lutherans* call themselves the *Evangelic*, or *Gospel-Preachers*, in a View to their supposed *supereminent* Purity of Doctrine. O vain Boast without Heart and Life’s Correspondency!--The *Tr.*

Christendom. A thick and gross Darkneſs has overſpread it, amidſt which People have not been able to diſcern aright what this and what the other Thing is, having been out of all Capacity to make any proper Diſcrimination: For Want of which, the Evil has been looked upon as Good, and the Good as Evil; therein the Ungodly have been eſteemed to be Good and Pious, and the Good and Pious to be Ungodly.

CLIV. But whereas the divine Light is now through me ſprung up in the very Miſt of the Darkneſs, it of Courſe manifeſteth itſelf, that many ungodly Perſons, who amidſt the Darkneſs are eſteemed as pious Ones, becauſe they have had the Form, or Semblance of Godlineſs (2 Tim. iii. 5.) before the World, have however been in Heart godleſs: And the Devil hath, in them, transformed himſelf into an Angel of Light, in ſuch a Way that they themſelves have not known and perceived it: Never did it come into their Heads, that they were ſuch godleſs Perſons in God's Sight, having imagined themſelves to be Perſons of genuine Piety in the Sight of God. In which Reſpect they are, however, under a grievous Miſtake, from a Seduction and Deception of the Devil. Such People were the *Phariſees*, who were in Reality godleſs. However, although *they*, before *Chriſt's* coming into the World, were eſteemed to be pious; yet when *Chriſt*, as the divine Light, was come into the World, and ſhone in the Darkneſs; then did it make itſelf manifeſt, that the *Scribes* and *Phariſees* were, with ſome few Exceptions, *godleſs* Perſons. The very ſame is ſtill the Caſe at this Day, when now through *me* the divine Light again ſhineth in the Darkneſs. It is now again manifeſt, that the (modern) *SCRIBES* are ungodly Perſons in their Hearts, ſome few of them excepted. For ſuch as are up in Arms againſt this Work of God in me, and ſet themſelves in Oppoſition to it, neither do chooſe to lend an helping Hand towards the Furtherance of it, to the utmoſt of their Ability;—all theſe I regard as *Godleſs* Perſons; for although in the Sight of the World they may live under ever ſuch a Mimic Semblance of Sanctity; and although they are able to preach ever ſuch fine Sermons out of the Word of God; yet are they after all, in their

own Hearts, truly *Godless* and wicked People in the Sight of God; whose Hearts are fraught with Falsehood, fraught with Hypocrisy, fraught with Pride, Hatred, Envy, Pelf-Self- and World's-Love; which Charge I am sufficiently able to make good against them, if Necessity should require it.

CLV. Now just as the *Learned*, some few of them excepted, are in *general* *Godless* and wicked Men in their Hearts; the very same is the Case with the *Political* and *Oeconomical* State likewise. Few are to be met with amongst *any* of them, who have a Love for *this divine Light* within their Hearts. For they cannot believe it to be a Work of God; otherwise, did they believe, they would surely love it too. And if so be they did live in the Love of *Christ*, they would be also able to believe, that it is a Work of God; because they see nothing that is Evil in me, but rather every Thing that is Good: For which very Reason also they ought to believe that the whole Affair with me is a Work of God: For "*the Love of Christ*" *naturally believes the best*, and is not inclined to doubt "about that which is good:" (1 Cor. xiii. 7.) Moreover, since my Call and Commission directly and altogether tend to the leading Men to God and to *Christ*, a Thing nobody can contradict; therefore am I warranted to take a Proof from thence, that the whole Tenor of my Call and Commission is good, how *odd, strange, and whimsical* so ever it may appear to Reason. And whosoever liveth in the Love of *Christ*, believeth that all the Good I lay Claim to cometh from God, as *James* says, (Chapt. i. 17.) of Consequence he hath no Doubt at all concerning it, who liveth in the Love of *Christ*. Whereas he who yet doubteth of my Call and Commission, whether it be of God or not, gives a Proof in Fact, that he doth not *live* as yet in *that Love of Christ*, which is naturally inclined to believe nothing but the best; and that he is not as yet under the Guidance and Leading of the *Holy Ghost*, from whom I write my Good:—This is an uncontrollable Consequence. (Joh. viii. 42, 43, 47.)

CLVI. Good Reason then has every one to put himself to the Test, in Order to be ascertained *what Spirit* is his Mover

Mover and Ruler ; for Fear he might impose upon his own self with his self-conceited Faith and Opinion ; in that he conceits himself and takes it for granted, that he is an *Orthodox Believer*, and that the *Holy Ghost* is his Guide ; at the very Time when however he is under the Influence and Direction of an evil Spirit. For whoever is in a Passion at that which I write, doth even by this very Conduct betray irrefragably, that an evil Spirit is his Mover and Ruler ; a malignant, envious, haughty Spirit. For "*Love endureth all Things,*" (1 Cor. xiii. 7.) and whoever liveth in the Love of *Christ*, in Meekness and Humility, such a one is able to endure all Things ; whereby he gives Proof that the Spirit of *Christ* is his Mover and Ruler. By this *Touch-Stone* then let every one try himself to the very Bottom, in Order to be ascertained what Spirit it is that moves and bears the Rule within his Heart. To whomsoever this my Way of Writing is disagreeable and odious, and whose so ever's Heart is thereby brought into Apprehension and Alarm ; *him* doth an evil Spirit rule and direct ; although he may not openly contradict what I write, nor suffer it to come forth to *public* Notoriety that he is against me.

CLVII. But to whomsoever the Good I write is agreeable in his Heart, and whose Heart is thereby gladdened ; in such a Person's Heart doth the *Holy Ghost* bear the Rule and Sway : And the little Spark of the Spirit, of the divine, fiery *Essence*, is as it were fanned by my Means as with a Wind from the *Holy Ghost* : Which Wind is a spiritual Wind ; it is a divine, powerful Wind, which abideth eternally, and is not transient, as the Wind in the World is transient. For the *Holy Ghost* is also like unto a Wind ; (John iii. 8.) And as the Wind bloweth where it listeth, and nobody is able to with-hold it ; and as it can blow up a small Fire, into a great one ; in the very same Manner doth the *Holy Ghost* blow also where *he* listeth, neither is any Man able to with-hold, or to controul *him* ; he can raise a little inconsiderable Spark of the *spiritual* Fire to a great Fire, and can blow it up.

CLVIII. Which are sure enough *odd* and *strange* Phrases in the Ear of Reason : But in Case any Man is
not

not able rightly to understand and take *this* in, because it seemeth to him *contrary* to God's Word; let such an one only speak with me about it; for I will then explain it to him in such a Manner, (if he will but hearken to me in Love) that it shall issue in his full Satisfaction; so as to rid him entirely of any such Surmise of it's being *contrary* to the Word of God, or inconsistent with the Nature of his Omnipotence. For God *doth*, and is certainly able *to do*, every Thing he himself pleases; he is able to reveal himself in many thousand different Ways and Manners, and all in Kind and Degree as he pleases, and in what Manner he pleases. But with Respect to those, who neither can or will understand, or take in, these Sayings; and who do not come to talk with, or to enquire of, me on that Head, so as to put it in my Power to apologise for myself towards them, and to explain my own Meaning;—such ought at least however not to inveigh against and speak detractingly of them. Let them leave *me* to answer for all I write, how *odd* and *strange* so ever it may appear to *them*; fixing their Eye wholly and alone upon the *End* the whole Affair of my Call and Commission tends to, viz. to CHRIST, (1 Tim. i. 5.)

CLIX. Let them but only fix their Eye upon HIM; let them but commence *his* Followers in his holy *Doctrine* and *Life*; yea, let them but yield themselves up to be directed and moved by the *Holy Ghost* to all that is good, so as ever to live in the *Spirit*, and not in *human Reason*; and that thus they may become REGENERATED Ones through the *Holy Spirit*, (John iii. 3, 5, 7, 8.) and live therein; that they may become *New Creatures*, (2 Cor. v. 17. Gal. vi. 15.) and *Partakers of the divine Nature*; (2 Pet. i. 4.) which divine Nature is an eternal, fiery, almighty, divine ESSENCE. And when they are become Partakers thereof, and do thus really live in God and God in them; then are they competent for loving all Mankind in the World, Enemies as well as Friends; being qualified to converse with and to treat their Enemies with Love, as well as their very best Friends. This are those Persons qualified to do, who having been made Partakers of the divine Nature, do live in God and God in them. For then they also find within themselves a *divine Power*,

Power, by Means of which they are able to bear all their Cross with Patience; let it be as grievous and unaccountable a one as ever it may; yet for all *that*, they have a Power to bear it all with Patience.

CLX. And now will I herewith also conclude the Occurrence which befel me after the *Vision* was passed and over; and the Reflections I have been obliged to make upon it, tending to inculcate the *Manner* how every Person ought to take especial good Heed to his own Calling, and not to do the Work of God *negligently*; or else he will in like Manner receive a severe Blow from God: Moreover, that such will be smitten more severely still, who do not do God's Work at all, but do the Devil's Work: And with still greater Severity, and in the most violent Manner of all others, will those be smitten, who not only do not do any Thing good themselves, but even, to the very utmost of their Power, hinder their Neighbours, who would fain do Good; so that *they* may also not be able to do any more towards the Promotion of the Work of God than they do *themselves*. Now let every Person consider *this Matter* with all Attention and Seriousness.

CLXI. Moreover, though a Person may do ever so much Good in the Sight of the World; yet, if at the same Time he does not do it from a good, believing, loving, meek, and humble Heart, none of it is, after all, good in the Sight of God; for God looketh at the Heart: And *whatsoever is not of Faith*, (or doth not proceed from Faith as it's Ground and Motive, Rom. xiv. 23.) *is not good in the Sight of God*: For though it may appear ever so good and plausible before the World, yet is it bad and *Sin* in God's Sight: Forasmuch as God is not at all charmed with externally fine Sermons, picked and culled, gathered and patched up, out of the *written Word* of God; if the Heart be not withal good and upright, and if so be the Word of God be not uttered and delivered from the *Holy Spirit*.

CLXII. Whoever *speaks* the Word of God by the *Holy Ghost*, *doeth* likewise in Love, through the *Holy Ghost*,
every

every Thing that is good, as well for Enemies as for Friends; he hateth and despiseth no Man; he teacheth nothing that is wicked; he misinterprets nothing, but puts the very best Construction upon every Thing, that is yet of such an ambiguous Nature, as not yet plainly to appear whether it be Good or Evil; he likes rather to speak well than ill of it. Thus doth the Man act, who lives in the Love of *Christ*, and who is possessed of a good Heart. Now let every one carefully examine his ownself what Sort of a Heart he has, and not place his Dependence upon his own fine Discourses, which he makes upon the Word of God; as if from *thence* he was to take the *Criterion*, or sure Mark of his being a Christian, or not.—No; he must distinguish *this* by the Goodness of his Heart, and by the Love he bears to *Christ*. For this is the only *Criterion* of a genuine Christian, the infallible Mark, whereby we may know the genuine Christians; as *Christ* says, (Joh. xiii. 35.) and not by that Precision, or Nicety of *orthodox* Knowledge in the Head; which possibly they may have of the Word of God, and that they *outwardly* stickle for, and maintain the Word of *Christ*. All this is a mere Cypher in the Sight of God, if the Person doth not, at the same Time, live in the Love of *Christ*. The Ungodly are also as well able *outwardly* to stickle for, and to maintain the Words of *Christ*, as they. Of Course then this never can be the *Criterion*, or infallible Mark of a genuine Christian: But the Ungodly are not able to live in the Love of *Christ*; this Mark have they not; for this is alone the true *Characteristic* of Believers, and of those that are good.

CLXIII. Thus then are the Ungodly and the Pious distinguished one from the other by the *Criterion*, *Characteristic*, or infallible Mark of Love; because this Mark is *peculiar* to the Good or Pious, and to them only. And those, who live in the Love of *Christ*, are the genuine, believing, good Christians, whatever their Denomination may be, and in whatsoever divided Part of the *Christian* Religion they may be found; let them, ignorantly and inadvertently, be as erroneous as ever they may in Notions and Opinions: If nevertheless, they live in that “*Faith*, “*which the Holy Ghost worketh in the Heart, and which* “*worketh by Love,*” (Eph. i. 19. ii. 8. Coloss. ii. 12.

Gal. v. 6.) then are all Errors and Sins in this Faith forgiven them. Whereas, on the other Hand, those are in Reality out of the *Christian Pale*, let them outwardly understand every Thing with ever so *orthodox* a Precision and Nicety, and outwardly hold every Ordinance, which *Christ* hath instituted, with ever such a zealous Punctuality; who do not live in the Faith, which the *Holy Ghost* worketh in the Heart, and who do not live in the Love of *Christ*, in Meekness and Humility: All these are real *Heathens* within the external Christian Pale, and, with all their outward *orthodox* Understanding and Knowledge, will be damned; if, together with all this Furniture, they abide in the *old Birth*, in which they are incapable of becoming saved, or happy. If they would be saved, they must be *regenerated*, as *Christ* saith, (Joh. iii. 3.)

CLXIV. But he that liveth in the *Regeneration* has a good Heart, and dies every Day more and more to all Self-Love, Pelf-Love, World's-Love, and to all Haughtiness and Pride, Hatred, Envy, and to all Evil; wherein he lives no more, as the *Godless* and *Unregenerate* do still live in them. A regenerate Person doth, on the other Hand, live in the Love of *Christ*, in Meekness, and Humility, and in *all* Christian Virtues; all his Endeavours are bent towards the living in them more and more, so that thus he may grow up and increase in them; he is the Follower of *Christ* in the *Regeneration*; he denieth his ownself, taking up his Cross, and bearing it with Patience after *Christ*. These are the *right-orthodox*, or, the genuinely-believing Christians, under whatever divided Part of the Christian Religion they may happen to have been brought up; which is a Matter of no such *capital* Concern as it is given out to be. For such do certainly live in the genuine Religion of *Christ*, in which alone they will be saved; and in no *Man's* Religion, let his *Name* be whatever it may; seeing that the Scripture observes a total Silence concerning such *Men's RELIGIONS*, and concerning so many *Men's NAMES*, and *Men's NOTIONS*: But whosoever maintains God's Word, (Micah vi. 8.) practiseth Love, humbleth himself before God and Man, feareth God and worketh Righteousness, and followeth after *Christ* in his Life;—he is accepted of God, and lives in the genuine
Christian

Christian Religion; whereas he who liveth *counter* to all this, the same doth not live in the *Christian* Religion.

CLXV. Now to such as live in the *Christian* Religion is every Thing also dear and valuable, which I through the *Holy Ghost*, under a divine Call and Commission, present him with: Such take it to Heart, reflect, and ruminate upon it. But at present I find but a *few*, to whom *that* is dear and precious, which through the Impulse of the *Holy Ghost*, is produced and tendered by me. For tho' they may not all just speak Evil of, and vilify it; yet do they set no great Value upon it; letting it go as it comes, and not amending their Lives according to it; instead of which, they remain in the old evil Life of Sin, make no Sort of Examination of themselves, whether they are living in the *New Birth*, or in the *Old Birth*; do not call upon God for his *Holy Spirit*, that thro' *him* they might be born again; thus not praying for him aright, so that they might receive him: Although they have it in their Power to pray on that Behalf too, if they would but do it in such a Manner as actually to receive him; which would be the Case, were they but once to desist from their flagrant, known, and wilful Sins.

CLXVI. For nobody, who yet liveth in known and wilful Sins, is susceptible of the *Holy Ghost*; who is the most noble, the most precious, and the most valuable Gift in the Universe: *Christ* tells us this, (John xiv. 17.) "*The World cannot receive the Holy Ghost*;" that means, the Men of the World, who live in known Sins; who pursue after the sensual Pleasures of the World, and after the becoming rich in the World; have themselves in high Esteem and Admiration; live in Pride and Vanity, in Hatred, Envy, and Unrighteousness; calumniate and vilify their Neighbour; and resist God and his Word, his divine wonderful Works, and his stupendous Dispensations and Government. Such as act in *this* Way, and upon a Plan like this, are Men of the World; who cannot receive the *Holy Ghost*, till they give up and desist from this Plan: And indeed, how should they be able to receive the *Holy Ghost*, when, against their own Consciences, they thus counter-work him? So long are they absolutely

in a State incompatible with the Reception of him ; for although they were with the Mouth to pray on that Behalf ever so much, yet is all their Prayer fruitless : Nay, thus they do not pray as they ought. But then it is that they pray as they ought, when they desist from known Sins, and are upon their Guard against Lies and Injustice, against Calumny and Detraction, and whatever else makes up the black Catalogue of *known* Sins ; which they have it in their Power to guard against by their own human Faculties, if they had but a *Will* to employ them properly, (Luke xii. 57.) Forasmuch as that they are all of them indubitably endowed with the *Grace of God*, and are also thus in a Capacity of pursuing, through God's Grace, after Truth and Righteousness ; if in other Respects their human Understandings are but so disposed as, in a regular State, they may be supposed to be ; and which, where it obtains, must be allowed to be a great Instance of the Grace of God. And if they would only employ *this Talent* well and to Advantage, God would then give them more Grace ; he would, through Grace, bestow the *Holy Ghost* upon them ; who would, in their Hearts, work all Kinds of good Things, by Means whereof they would be sure to be brought unto Salvation and Happiness.

CLXVII. Thus is every Thing a Man has purely a Matter of *Grace*, whether it be in the natural-human, or supernatural-heavenly Life. Wherefore may no Man ascribe any Thing, that is good, to his ownself ; for every good Thing cometh from God, the *natural* Gifts as well as the *supernatural* Ones. And thus is Man bound, in and concerning every Thing he doth that is good, to give God the Glory, both in the *natural* and in the *spiritual* Life. Therefore let no Man on that Account be proud and high-minded, or even gape after Honour or Thanks on that Behalf ; if, by Means of the *Grace of God*, he doeth much Good, even from his *human* Powers and Faculties : Let him not on that Account exalt himself above others, but rather humble himself under all Men ; seeking no Honour at all in the World with all his own Doings. Let him solely seek the Glory of God in every Thing, and the Good of his Neighbour, (Acts xii. 23.)

CLXVIII. To

CLXVIII. To which I would now gladly and finally admonish every Person, by the Impulse of the *Holy Ghost*; viz. that every one may *so* employ and improve his *natural* Talents and Gifts; begging God withal for his *heavenly* Gifts, that God would be also pleased to bestow upon him these heavenly Gifts, and the very best Gift of all, the invaluable *Holy Ghost*: Who may then be able to work within his Heart Faith, and every Kind of good Thing; and that thus he may become righteous and saved, *initially* here in Time, and *consummately* hereafter to all Eternity; and *that* out of *pure Grace and Mercy*, exclusive of all his own Merits and Works. For Man is incapable of meriting any Thing by all his own good Works; (Luke xvii. 10.) because he can neither have, or do any Thing that is good of his ownself without God; seeing that every Thing that is good cometh from God, both the natural Gifts, and the supernatural, spiritual Gifts. The natural (or *good*) Gifts come from God, as well as the supernatural, (or *perfect*) heavenly Gifts. For as to the natural Gifts, they are the *good* Gifts; and as to the supernatural, heavenly Gifts, they are the *perfect* Gifts; and they come *all* of them from God; as *James* speaketh and teacheth, (Chapt. i. 17.) Therefore, of all Necessity, must Men receive every Thing from God, that they have a Desire to have; and must withal reflect seriously on what *Paul* says, (1 Cor. iv. 7.) “*What hast thou, O Man, which thou hast not received? And if thou hast received it, why boastest thou as if thou hadst not received it?*”

CLXIX. Let every one well weigh and consider this Text; and let him, in and with Respect to every Thing, give God the Glory, as to *him* from whom he hath every Thing that is good: And thus will all Self-Honour and Self-Boasting be sure to drop away from him, and he will be perpetually humbling himself, he will live incessantly in Humility: And then, the more the Gifts are which God of his Grace confers upon him, so much the more humble will he become: He will conceive a perfect Abhorrence for Self-Honour; and will never hereafter be able to live in *Ambition*, it being the very Ground and Root of all Evil. For had *Eve* never become ambitious,

and had she chosen to have been *no more than that* which God was pleased to have her be, and *that* which actually she was; she never would have fallen into Sin: Whereas no sooner did she become ambitious and so aspiring, as to want to be *as* God, contrary to the Will of God;—but she fell into Sin. Thus doth all Sin originate from Ambition, and thus it is the very Root and Ground of all Evil: And for this very Reason it is, that every Person ought to be so much upon his Guard against it; learning Humility in his Heart from Christ, (Matt. xi. 29.) and always living in it.

CLXX. To this End may it please God to vouchsafe his Grace and Blessing to every one, who is from his Heart desirous of it! This, out of great Love, and from the very Bottom of my Heart, do I wish to all and each of Mankind. Moreover, unto such as heartily desire it, God will also be glad to bestow his Grace to this End; so that they may be able to live perpetually in Humility:—Of this there can be no Doubt. Herewith now will I commend all good and pious Christians to the Love, Grace, and Mercy of God. May God be pleased to govern and direct us all by his *Holy Spirit*, and to lead and guide us into all Truth! So shall we be happy People, *initially* here in this Time, and *consummately* hereafter to all Eternity. Amen!

Written at EMBEDEN, in the Year 1640,
the 21st of Dec. on St. *Thomas's* Day;
which *Thomas* was unbelieving, tho'
afterwards he became believing. May
God be pleased to turn all Unbelievers
into true Believers!

JOHN ENGELBRECHT,

of *Brunswic*,

A Messenger of the Most High.

26 MY 59

F I N I S.

E R R A T U M.

Page 104, last Line of the Note, Vol. I. instead of "to follow a
"good than a bad Example," read, "a bad than a good"---

I will make no Apology for the *Addition* of the following *Postliminous Note*; as, in a very remarkable Manner, it tends to elucidate and confirm N^o LXXIV--LXXVII, Page 66--68 of this 2d Volume.

DR. JOHN WILLIAM PETERSEN, formerly *Superintendent* of Lunenburg, (whatever might, or might not, have been his *Foible*, in Respect to a commonly-supposed undue and unseasonable Attachment to some favourite *Tenets*) was certainly, upon the Whole of his Character, a very pious, and learned; a zealous, and faithful; a laborious, and useful; and, in Disposition, a most sweet and amiable Man: All which his History, and very numerous *Manuscript*- and printed Works sufficiently indicate and attest.— Yet was he, in 1692, deposed from his Office by the *Consistory*, then assembled at Zell, for that Purpose. It should seem, that his public Avowal of the *Revelations* of *Juliana Countess* of *Assenburg* was the *real* Ground, or the *Pretext* for their having proceeded with him to such an Extremity of Rigour; though he patronized this young Lady merely from a *conscientious* Persuasion of the Rectitude of her Cause. His STATE OF THE CASE was translated and published, in our Tongue, in the Year 1695, under the Title of a *Letter to some Divines, concerning the Question, whether GOD, since Christ's Ascension, doth any more reveal himself to Mankind by Means of divine Apparitions?* [Visions, or Appearances.]

In the MEMOIRS of his Life, written in the Year 1717, by his own-self, and containing 440 *Octavo*-Pages; we meet with the following curious, incidental *Anecdote*.

“ During the Course of my Examination, there was a
 “ Bookseller of *Jena* standing out with his Books in the
 “ House, where the *Consistory* then sat. Now, whilst I was
 “ rummaging amongst, and turning over, one and another
 “ of his Books; it so happened, that I met with JOHN
 “ ENGELBRECHT's Book in *Octavo*; and, by mere Accident opened, and cast my Eye upon the Passage, where
 “ he is relating what occurred to him at Zell, when had up
 “ before a full *Consistory*; and in the very Chamber too,
 “ where I also at this Time, and on a similar Account,
 “ made my Appearance. Having purchased this Book,
 “ I took it into the *Consistory* along with me; and read
 “ them the Passage, or Words I had accidentally opened
 “ upon in that Book: Which Words, by the Way, I had
 “ never read, or so much as heard a Syllable of, from any
 “ Man, before.—

“ Now there, in broad Day-Light, and whilst the Eyes of all
 “ the

“ the ASSESSORS of the CONSISTORY were upon him, he
“ saw a VISION; which represented CHRIST, as the Judge
“ amongst the Judges, appearing to hold the Judgment.—(See
“ this, Page 8, and 91, N^o LXXVII. of Vol. I.)

“ Hereupon they laid their Heads together; being un-
“ willing to believe, that I had but *just then* bought the
“ Book. Therefore they interrogated the Bookseller upon
“ Oath, whether I had bought such a Book of *him*? which
“ he (as with the strictest Truth he very well might) an-
“ swered in the Affirmative: He also superadded, that he
“ had *first* brought the said Book from *Jena* along with
“ him. This puzzled and confounded them, creating
“ withal a good Deal of Surprise.”—Page 201. § 47.

It might have been observed, that, in the Year 1680, the
said Dr. PETERSEN married the then justly celebrated
Maiden-Lady, JOANNA ELEONORA DE MERLAU; a Per-
son no less pious than sensible and accomplished. The
Nuptials were solemnized at *Franckfort-on-the-Mayn*, by
that very worthy Man, and faithful Advocate of vital and
experimental Religion, Dr. PHILIP JACOB SPENER, an
intimate Friend of Dr. PETERSEN.

This Marriage, from a Similarity of Heart's Dispositions
in the Lord, proved an uncommonly happy one. She was
the Authoress of one and another good Piece in the religious
Way; and particularly of a remarkable LETTER, addressed
to her *two Sisters*; which, eight Years ago, was done into
English from an old *German* Manuscript; and is specified in
the List of Publications at the End of this 2d Volume.

In the Year 1718, Mrs. PETERSEN added a *Supplement* to
the above-said MEMOIRS of her *Husband's Life*, containing
78 Pages of *her own*. I cannot help deeming myself, in
this Respect, fortunate, for being in Possession of both
these choice and curious Pieces of Biography, in the *German*
Language. Mine is the *second* Edition, printed in 1719; to
which an *Effigies*, or striking Portrait, of each Author, is
prefixed. I got the Book of a good old Friend of that
Nation, when I was in *Germany*, four Years ago.

N. B. When I wrote the *Preface* to JOANNA ELEONORA
DE MERLAU's LETTER above-said, I really knew no more
of her than is there asserted, Page vii: The rest I learned
afterwards. I believe, that both these worthy Persons did
not long survive the Publication of their History above-
mentioned. For He was then 69 Years of Age, and She
74. It would be a Satisfaction to me to know *when*,
where, and *how* they passed out of Time into Eternity.

THE
Following SPECIFICATION
OF
JOHN ENGELBRECHT's WORKS,
(In the *German* Edition of 1761)

May be of singular Use to *some*; and will, I hope,
prove acceptable to, *all* Readers.

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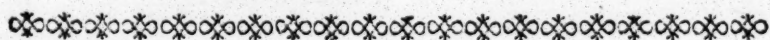
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"iii. 27, 28.

Apology for Madam Bourignon, p. 22. § xix.

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